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SCOTT ELLIOTT

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2012-219-6

May 30, 2012

VIA E-FILING

Jocelyn D. Boyd, Esquire
Chief Clerk and Administrator
South Carolina Public Service Commission
101 Executive Center Drive
Columbia, SC 29210

RE: Application of Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc. for a Certificate of Public

Convenience and Necessity to Provide Local Exchange and Interexchange Telecommunications Services Using Voice over Internet Protocol technology

Dear Ms. Boyd:

Enclosed please find for filing the Application of Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc. for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to Provide Local Exchange and Interexchange Telecommunications Services Using Voice over Internet Protocol Technology. Also enclosed is a Motion for Protective Treatment seeking confidential treatment of the facilities schematic found in Exhibit F filed under seal. Under separate cover via U.S. Mail, a copy of Exhibit F containing the confidential facilities schematic is being filed under seal and served with the Application and Motion for Protective Treatment upon the Office of Regulatory Staff under seal. Also enclosed is a Certificate of Service on the Office of Regulatory Staff.

If you have any questions, or if I may provide you with any additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Ellion & Elhon, P.A

Scott Elliott

SE/mjl Enclosures

cc: C. Dukes Scott, Esquire w/enc. Lance J.M. Steinhart, Esquire

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN RE:	Application of)	
	Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc.)	
_)	
For a Certificate of Public))	DOCKET NO.
Convenie	ence and Necessity to)	
Provide l	Local Exchange and)	
Interexcl	nange Telecommunications Services)	
Using Voice over Internet Protocol Technology)	
)	

APPLICATION OF CREXENDO BUSINESS SOLUTIONS, INC. FOR AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE RESOLD AND FACILITIES-BASED LOCAL EXCHANGE AND INTEREXCHANGE SERVICE

Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc. ("Crexendo," "Applicant," or "the Company"),
pursuant to S.C. Code Ann. § 56-9-280(B)¹ and Section 253 of the Telecommunications Act of
1996,² respectfully submits this Application for Authority to Provide Resold and Facilities-Based
Local Exchange and Interexchange Service using Voice over Internet Protocol ("VoIP")
Technology in the State of South Carolina ("Application"). Applicant requests for its local
exchange service offerings to be regulated in accordance with procedures authorized for
NewSouth Communications by Order No. 98-165 in Docket No. 97-467-C; and for its
interexchange service offerings to be regulated in accordance with procedures established for
alternative regulation by Order Nos. 95-1734 and 96-55 in Docket No. 95-661-C.

Applicant notes that its voice service offerings are provided using Internet protocol ("IP") technology similar to that of Time Warner Cable Information Services (South Carolina), LLC

¹As amended by Act No. 354, signed by the Governor on June 6, 1996.

²Telecommunications Act of 1996, 47 U.S.C. § 253 (1996).

d/b/a Time Warner Cable and should be regulated in accordance with procedures authorized for Time Warner Cable by Order No. 2004-213 in Docket No. 2003-362-C.

Crexendo plans to provide resold and facilities-based telecommunications and voice services to business customers throughout the state. Applicant provides its voice service using IP technology, the Company's privately managed IP network, and the public switched telephone network ("PSTN"). Applicant intends to provide such service to customers located in non-rural local exchange carriers' service areas of South Carolina. Should its Application be granted, Crexendo plans to commence offering service immediately. Applicant will negotiate any necessary interconnection/resale agreements with BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. d/b/a AT&T South Carolina to provide local service in any given rate center where only ILECs such as AT&T of South Carolina offer services. Applicant utilizes Level3 as its underlying inbound carrier and Level3, Veracity, and XO as its underlying outbound carriers.

Approval of this Application will promote the public interest by increasing the level of competition in the South Carolina telecommunications market. Ultimately, competition will compel all telecommunications service providers to operate more efficiently and pass the resulting cost savings on to consumers. In addition, as a result of competition, the overall quality of local exchange and interexchange service will improve.

In support of its Application, Crexendo states as follows:

I. <u>Introduction</u>

1. The name and address of the Applicant are:

Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc. 1615 South 52nd Street Tempe, Arizona 85281 2. All communications regarding this Application should be directed to Crexendo's attorneys of record:

Lance J.M. Steinhart

Lance J.M. Steinhart, PC

1725 Windward Concourse, Ste 150

Alpharetta, Georgia 30005

Telephone: 770/232-9200

Facsimile: 770/232-9208

Isteinhart@telecomcounsel.com

Scott Elliott, Esquire

Elliott & Elliott, P.A.

1508 Lady Street

Columbia, SC 29201

Telephone: 803/771-0555

Facsimile: 803/771-8010

selliott@elliottlaw.us

3. Questions concerning Crexendo's ongoing operations should be directed to:

Jeff Korn, Secretary
Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc.
1615 South 52nd Street
Tempe, Arizona 85281
Telephone: 801/227-0004
<u>ikorn@crexendo.com</u>

4. The name and address of Crexendo's registered agent in South Carolina is:

Incorp Services, Inc.
317 Ruth Vista Road
Lexington, South Carolina 29073

- 5. In support of this Application, the following exhibits are attached hereto:
 - a. Exhibit A Crexendo's Articles of Incorporation filed with the Secretary of State for the State of Arizona;
 - b. Exhibit B Crexendo's Certificate of Authority to Operate in South Carolina as a Foreign Corporation;
 - c. Exhibit C Crexendo's Financial Information;
 - d. Exhibit D Biographies of selected Crexendo management;
 - e. Exhibit E Proposed Tariff; and
 - f. Exhibit F Crexendo's CONFIDENTIAL Network Diagram.

II. <u>Description of the Applicant</u>

1. General Information

Applicant is an Arizona Corporation. The company is headquartered at 1615 South 52nd Street, Tempe, Arizona 85281.

2. Customer Service

Crexendo's customer service representatives are available to assist its customers and will promptly respond to all customer inquiries. Customers may call (866) 621-6111 toll free or a local number provided. The applicable toll free or local numbers will be printed on customers' monthly billing statements. Alternately, customers wishing to communicate with a Crexendo customer service representative in writing may send written or electronic correspondence to Crexendo at:

Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc. ATTN: Customer Service 1615 South 52nd Street Tempe, Arizona 85281 crexendo@myquickresponse.com

Crexendo's customer service representatives are prepared to respond to a broad range of service matters, including inquiries regarding: (1) the types of services and plans offered by Crexendo and the rates associated with such services; (2) monthly billing statements; (3) problems or concerns pertaining to a customer's current service; and (4) general service matters.

III. <u>Crexendo Possesses the Financial, Managerial, and Technical Expertise Necessary</u> to Provide Local Exchange and Interexchange Service

Crexendo possesses the requisite financial, managerial, and technical capabilities to operate as a competitive telecommunications provider. These capabilities are explained below.

1. Financial Qualifications

Crexendo is financially able to provide the services proposed in its tariff as evidenced by the financial information provided in Exhibit C. Crexendo is a wholly owned subsidiary of iMergent, Inc. ("iMergent"), a publicly traded company. See copy of iMergent's SEC Form 10-K for period ending December 31, 2010 is attached as Exhibit C.

2. Managerial Qualifications

Crexendo's senior management team is highly skilled, having acquired considerable experience in the telecommunications industry. Using this extensive expertise, Crexendo's management team has developed innovative marketing strategies. In conjunction with effective financial and operational measures, these marketing strategies will enable the company to offer South Carolina business consumers quality service at competitive rates, overall resulting in a superior telecommunications market in South Carolina.

3. Technical Qualifications

As mentioned above, Applicant's key management personnel have significant business and telecommunications experience. Crexendo is currently authorized to provide traditional local exchange and/or interexchange service as well as local exchange and/or interexchange service through VoIP technology in all states across the United States, Ohio and South Carolina excepted. In addition to key management experience, Applicant will also rely upon the technical expertise and telecommunications experience of its underlying carriers.

As mentioned, Crexendo provides its voice service using IP technology, the Company's privately managed IP network, and the PSTN. These voice services are offered to commercial business customers. These services, which are comprised of non-voice transmission services, provide high-capacity, point-to-point, point-to-multipoint and multipoint-to-multipoint dedicated connections between and among one or more customer locations and/or Crexendo. The services may utilize Ethernet interfaces, optical fiber and/or coaxial cable facilities and are designed and provisioned pursuant to contracts with customers. Services are more completely described in the Proposed Tariff attached as Exhibit E and incorporated by reference.

Crexendo's VoIP Service is a cloud based offering. Crexendo renders its services from a data center that is PCI compliant and offers many layers of redundancy to provide highly available VoIP services to its customers. Crexendo is building another data center in another location; such data center should be operational this year. Crexendo will resell the facilities and services of AT&T of South Carolina if and as necessary to provide local service.

Applicant seeks authority to resell and provide through its own facilities local exchange and interexchange services throughout the State.

Crexendo delivers all of its VoIP services from its facilities, described above, to its devices (phones and adapters) hooked in the customer premise.³ These services are delivered over the Internet using standards based protocols such as SIP, HTTP, RTP, and RTCP. Every Crexendo customer is required to have high-speed internet. Crexendo offers many telephony features including, but not limited to:

- Basic Telephony Services such as Placing and Receiving calls
- Local, Long distance and International calling
- Call Waiting, Caller-ID
- Voicemail
- Music-On-Hold
- IVRs (Interactive Voice Response)
- Hunt Groups (Automatic Call Distribution)

Crexendo leverages its partnerships with carriers and vendors that offer E-911 and Local Number Portability Services.

Crexendo's Service will be available on a full-time basis, twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week, to customers within the geographic boundaries of the State of South Carolina. Customers will be billed by Applicant. Applicant is committed to providing access to a

³ See Exhibit F for the Company's Network Diagram.

local operator, directory assistance, 911 services, and dual relay services. Applicant is also willing to accept its obligations to collect 911 and dual relay service surcharges from its local exchange customers, and to remit those funds to the appropriate authorities.

Crexendo is currently providing resold and facilities-based local exchange and interexchange service via traditional and/or VoIP technology in all states across the United States, except Alaska, Ohio, Oklahoma, and South Carolina.

As the foregoing illustrates, Crexendo possesses considerable telecommunications expertise. Crexendo is technically qualified to provide local exchange and interexchange service in South Carolina.

IV. Approval of Crexendo's Application is in the Public Interest

Granting Crexendo's Application is consistent with S.C. Code Ann. § 58-9-280(B), as amended by 1996 Act No. 354, and, in that regard Applicant makes the following representations to the Commission:

- a. Applicant possesses the financial, managerial, and technical resources sufficient to provide the services requested;
- b. Applicant's services will meet the service standards required by the Commission;
- c. The provision of local and interexchange services by Applicant will not adversely impact the availability of affordable local and interexchange service;
- d. Applicant, to the extent it is required to do so by the Commission, will participate in the support of universally available telephone service at affordable rates; and
- e. The provision of local and interexchange services by Applicant will not adversely impact the public interest.

The demands of a competitive market are a better means to achieve affordability and quality of service than a monopoly environment, which is especially important and relevant to

the VoIP telecommunications industry. As competitors vie for market share, they will compete based upon price, innovation and customer service. Those providers that offer consumers the most cost effective and quality products will gain market share. In contrast, providers whose products do not meet the needs of consumers will lose market share and, ultimately, be eliminated from the industry.

Crexendo's entry into the market will not unreasonably prejudice or disadvantage any telephone service providers. Incumbent LECs presently serve a large majority of the local exchange customers in South Carolina. The major advantages of incumbency (i.e., ownership of the existing local network as well as access to, and long-standing relationships with, every local customer) constitute a substantial obstacle to new entrants. Moreover, competition will stimulate the demand for the services supplied by all local service carriers, including those of the incumbent LECs. Thus, in a competitive market, there will be increased potential for such LECs to generate higher revenues. Additionally, in a competitive market, incumbent providers will have market incentives to improve the efficiency of their operations, thereby reducing their costs and ultimately costs to end users. Finally, it is important to recognize that in a competitive market, incumbent LECs will derive revenues from both resellers of their local exchange and interexchange services as well as facilities-based competitive local exchange providers.

Currently, South Carolina businesses have a limited choice with regards to the provision of voice service over IP technology. Because of bandwidth efficiency and the low costs that VoIP technology can provide, businesses are migrating from traditional copper-wire telephone systems to VoIP systems to reduce costs. A competitive local and interexchange service market comprised of incumbents and competitive providers with IP technology such as Crexendo will

offer a competitive option and, therefore, will better satisfy the needs of various business market segments in South Carolina. In this regard, approval of this Application is clearly in the public interest.

V. <u>Description</u> of Services Offered

For informational purposes, Crexendo has filed with this Application a Proposed Tariff, which contains a description of services to be provided, all rules and regulations applicable to such services, and proposed rates for such services (Exhibit E). Prior to providing service to the public in South Carolina, Crexendo will file a complete Final Tariff with the Commission.

VI. Waivers and Regulatory Compliance

Crexendo requests that the Commission grant it a waiver of those regulatory requirements inapplicable to competitive local service providers such as Crexendo. Such rules are not appropriate or necessary for competitive providers and constitute an economic barrier to entry into the local exchange market.

1. Financial Record-Keeping System

a. USOA Requirements

Crexendo respectfully requests that it be exempt from any record-keeping rules or regulations that might require it to maintain its financial records in conformance with the Uniform System of Accounts ("USOA"). The USOA was developed by the FCC as a means of regulating telecommunications companies subject to rate base regulation.

As a competitive carrier, Crexendo maintains its book of accounts in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"). Neither the FCC, nor the Commission, has required Crexendo to maintain its records under the USOA for purposes of Crexendo's

USOA, nor does it maintain detailed records on a state-specific basis. As a competitive provider, Crexendo's network operations are integrated to achieve maximum efficiency. Having to maintain records pertaining specifically to its South Carolina operations would place an extreme burden on Crexendo.

Moreover, Crexendo asserts that because it utilizes GAAP, the Commission will have a reliable means by which to evaluate Crexendo's operations. Therefore, Crexendo hereby respectfully requests to be exempt from any USOA requirements of the Commission.

b. In-state Records Requirement

In addition, the Company hereby respectfully requests a waiver of 26 S.C. Code & Ann. Regs. 103-610, which requires books and records to be kept in the State of South Carolina. The Company desires to keep its books and records at its principal place of business.

2. Local Exchange Directories

Applicant respectfully requests a waiver of the requirement contained in 26 S.C. Code Ann. Regs. 103-631 to publish and distribute local exchange directories. Crexendo will make arrangements with the incumbent LECs whereby the names of Crexendo's customers will be included in the directories published by the incumbent LECs. LEC directories will also be modified to include Crexendo's customer service number. These directories will be distributed to Crexendo's customers. This approach is entirely reasonable and will have a direct benefit to the customers of both Crexendo and the incumbent LECs since they need only refer to one directory for a universal listing of customer information. It would be an unnecessary burden on Crexendo to require that it publish and distribute its own directory to all customers located

within each exchange area, particularly since nearly all of these customers will be customers of the incumbent LECs. It is more efficient for Crexendo to simply include its limited customer list in the existing directories of the incumbent LECs.

3. Flexible Regulation of Local Services and Alternative Regulation of Interexchange Services

Applicant respectfully requests that its local service offerings be regulated in accordance with procedures authorized for NewSouth Communications in Order No. 98-165 in Docket No. 97-467-C. Additionally, Applicant respectfully requests that its interexchange service offerings be regulated in accordance with procedures established for alternative regulation in Order Nos. 95-1734 and 96-55 in Docket No. 95-661-C.

4. Marketing Practices

Pursuant to Commission's Order No. 95-658, Applicant makes the following affirmation relating to the Applicant's provision of services:

As a telephone utility under the regulation of the Public Service Commission of South Carolina, Applicant does hereby assert and affirm that as a provider of intrastate telecommunications service, Applicant will not indulge or participate in deceptive or misleading telecommunications marketing practices to the detriment of consumers in South Carolina, and will comply with those marketing procedures, if any, set forth by the Commission. Additionally, Applicant will be responsible for the marketing practices of its contracted telemarketers for compliance with this provision. Applicant understands that violation of this provision could result in a rule to show cause as to the withdrawal of its certification to complete intrastate telecommunications traffic within the state of South Carolina.

5. Maps

Applicant's local exchange calling areas will initially mirror the service areas of the incumbent LECs; therefore, Applicant hereby respectfully requests a waiver of the map-filing requirement contained in 26 S.C. Code & Ann. Regs. 103-612.2.3.

VII. Conclusion

This Application demonstrates that Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc. possesses the financial, managerial, and technical resources to provide resold and facilities-based local exchange and interexchange service using VoIP technology in the State of South Carolina. Granting this Application will promote the public interest by increasing the level of competition in the South Carolina telecommunications market. Ultimately, competition will compel all telecommunications service providers to operate more efficiently, passing resultant cost savings on to consumers. In addition, as a result of competition, the overall quality of local exchange and interexchange service will improve. As stated above, Applicant does not intend to provide local service to any customer located in a rural incumbent LEC's service area, until Applicant provides such LECs notice of intent at least thirty (30) days prior to the date of the intended service.

Wherefore, Applicant respectfully requests this Commission for authority to operate as a reseller and facilities-based provider of local exchange and interexchange telecommunications services in the State of South Carolina and for local service offerings to be regulated in accordance with procedures authorized for NewSouth Communications in Order No. 98-165 in Docket No. 97-467-C; and for interexchange service offerings to be regulated in accordance with procedures established for alternative regulation in Order Nos. 95-1734 and 96-55 in Docket No.

95-661-C, in accordance with this Application and for such other relief as it deems necessary and appropriate.

Respectfully submitted,

Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc.

Scott Elliott, Esquire
Elliott & Elliott, P.A.
1508 Lady Street
Columbia, SC 29201
(803) 771-0555 (Telephone)
(803) 771-8010 (Facsimile)
selliott@elliotlaw.us (E-Mail)

and

Lance J.M. Steinhart, Esquire
Lance J.M. Steinhart, P.C.
1725 Windward Concourse, Suite 150
Alpharetta, Georgia 30005
(770) 232-9200 (Telephone)
(770) 232-9208 (Facsimile)
Isteinhart@telecomcounsel.com (E-Mail)

Attorneys for Applicant

Dated: May 30, 2012

VERIFICATION OF Applicant

I, Jeff Korn, Secretary to Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc., an Arizona Corporation, the applicant for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity from the Public Service Commission of the State of South Carolina, verify that based on information and belief, I have knowledge of the statements in the foregoing Application, and I declare that they are true and correct.

Jest Korn, Secretary

grexendo Business Solutions, Inc.

State of Phoenix Utan County of Marieopa Utan

Start Fernal Sollied
Notary Rubbe



BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Application of CREXENDO BUSINESS SOLUTIONS, INC. for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to Provide Local Exchange and Interexchange Telecommunications Services Using Voice over Internet Protocol Technology

MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE TREATMENT AND BASIS FOR FILING Exhibit F AS TRADE SECRET

Introduction

CREXENDO BUSINESS SOLUTIONS, INC. ("Applicant"), by its attorneys and pursuant to S.C. Code Ann. § 39-8-10, et seq., and all other applicable rules, statutes and regulations, hereby files this Motion for Protective Treatment ("Motion") in the above-captioned proceeding. By this Motion, the Applicant seeks protective treatment by the South Carolina Public Service Commission ("Commission"), of certain commercially-sensitive information concerning the Applicant's use of its own facilities as trade secrets. See Exhibit F to the Application of CREXENDO BUSINESS SOLUTIONS, INC for Designation as an Eligible Telecommunications Carrier within the State of South Carolina which is attached hereto and filed under seal. Because this Motion is an inseparable part of the Application, it is being filed concurrently therewith.

In support of this Motion, the Applicant provides the following:

1. The exact legal name, address and telephone number of the Applicant is:

Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc. 1615 South 52nd Street Tempe, AZ 85281

2. Correspondence or communications regarding this Motion should be addressed to:

Scott Elliott, Esquire Elliott & Elliott, P.A. 1508 Lady Street Columbia, SC, 29201 Tel: 803-771-0555 Fax: 803-771-8010

Email: selliott@elliottlaw.us

Lance J.M. Steinhart
Lance J.M. Steinhart, P.C.
1725 Windward Concourse, Suite 150
Alpharetta, Georgia 30005
(770) 232-9200 (Phone)
(770) 232-9208 (Fax)
Isteinhart@telecomcounsel.com (Email)

I. Description of Confidential Information.

3. The Application requires the Applicant to disclose evidence that it will offer all of the services supported by universal service using its own facilities or a combination of its own facilities and the resale of another carrier's services. In conformity with this requirement, the Applicant submits a facilities schematic diagram reflecting its use of its own facilities. These documents contain highly confidential and strictly proprietary information, the public disclosure of which may result in direct, immediate and substantial harm to the competitive position of the Applicant in South Carolina and elsewhere.

II. Grounds for Claim of Confidentiality.

4. The facilities schematic diagram and its contents attached as Exhibit F to the

Application are not readily available to persons external to Applicant.

- 5. Because the facilities schematic diagram and its contents submitted by the Applicant in support of the Application contain confidential and commercially-sensitive information from which its competitors may derive economic value, the Applicant seeks to protect such material from public disclosure. The Applicant derives independent economic value from the fact that significant, detailed and proprietary information regarding its use of its own facilities is unknown to its competitors. As such, the detail and manner of the Company's use of its own facilities is a "trade secret" as that term is used in South Carolina Trade Secrets Act. S.C. Code Section 39-8-20(5). Given this fact, the disclosure of this information could provide existing and potential competitors in South Carolina, as well as in other states in which the Applicant provides or intends to provide telecommunications service, with an unfair and undeserved competitive advantage.
- 6. The Applicant clarifies herein that its request for protection applies only to the document attached as Exhibit F to the Application.

CONCLUSION

7. The information concerning Applicant's use of its own facilities included in support of the Applicant's Application, for which Confidential Treatment is sought, is both proprietary and competitively-sensitive. The substantial and direct harm that could be caused to the Applicant as a result of any disclosure is real and not speculative. For these reasons, the facilities schematic diagram and its contents attached as *Exhibit F* to the Application should be protected from public disclosure by the Commission.

WHEREFORE, the Applicant respectfully requests that the South Carolina Public Service Commission grant this Motion for Protective Treatment with respect to the facilities schematic diagram and its contents attached as *Exhibit F* to the Application of CREXENDO BUSINESS SOLUTIONS, INC for Designation as an Eligible Telecommunications Carrier

within the State of South Carolina is filed under seal as Confidential in this proceeding.

Dated this 30 day of May, 2012.

Respectfully submitted,

Scott Elliott

ELLIOTT & ELLIOTT, P.A.

1508 Lady Street

Columbia, SC 29201

Telephone: (803) 771-0555

selliott@elliottlaw.us

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Isteinhart@telecomcounsel.com (Email)

Attorneys for Applicant

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Application of CREXENDO BUSINESS SOLUTIONS, INC.

For a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to Provide Local Exchange and Interexchange Telecommunications Services Using Voice over Internet Protocol Technology

APPLICATION OF CREXENDO BUSINESS SOLUTIONS, INC.

EXHIBIT F

Network Diagram

CONFIDENTIAL & PROPRIETARY FILED UNDER SEAL

EXHIBIT F NETWORK DIAGRAM

CONFIDENTIAL AND PROPRIETARY

EXHIBIT A ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION



STATE OF ARIZONA



Office of the CORPORATION COMMISSION

I, Ernest G. Johnson, Executive Director of the Arizona Corporation Commission, do hereby certify that the attached copy of the following document:

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION 04/19/2009

consisting of 3 pages, is a true and complete copy of the original of said document on file with this office for:

CREXENDO BUSINESS SOLUTIONS, INC. ACC file number: -1519323-6



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the official seal of the Arizona Corporation Commission on this date: February 4, 2010.

Executive Director

Rebekah F. Hernandez

84/21/2009 66:59 6B25424108

PROFIT CERTIFICATE OF DISCLOSURE Pursuant to A.R.S. \$10-202. (D).

Createndo Businese Solutions, Inc.

EXACT CORPORATE NAME Has any parace serving either by election or appointment as officer, director, trustee, incorporator and persons controlling or halding over 10% of the issued and autistanding common shares or 10% of any other proprietary, beneficiel or membership interest in the corporation: Been convicted of a fatony involving a transaction in accurties, consumer traud or antitruet in any state or federal jurisdiction within the seven-year period immediately preceding the execution of this Certificate?
 Been convicted of a fetony, the execution of which consisted of feaud, misrepresentation, theft by false preceding the execution of trade or monopoly in any state or federal jurisdiction within the cevety-year period immediately preceding the execution of this Cartificate? 3. Seen or two subject to an injunction, judgment, decree or permanent order of any state or federal court entered within the seven-year period immediately preceding the execution of this Certificate whereix such injunction, judgment, decree or permanent order:

(a) involved the violation of fixed or registration provisions of the securities laws of that jurisdiction; or

(b) involved the violation of the consumer fraud (awa of that jurisdiction; or

(c) involved the violation of the antitrust or restment of trade laws of that jurisdiction? Yes _No<u>x</u>_ B. IF YES, the following information MUST be attached: 8. The nature and description of cach conviction or judicial action, data and location, the court and public agency involved and file or 1. Full name, prior name(s) and elisees, if used. 2. Full tirth name. 3. Present home address. cause sumber of case. 4. Prior addresses (for immediate praceding 7-year periodi. 5. Date and location of Nith. C. Has any person serving as an officer, director, invates, incorporator or holder of over trianty per cent of the issued and optionage common shares or heady per cent of any other proprietary, beneficial or membership interest in the corporation served in any such capacity or hold a twenty per cent interest in any other corporation in any jurisdiction on the beningary or receivership of the other corporation? IF YOUR ANSWER TO THE ABOVE QUESTION IS "YES", YOU MUST ATTACH THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION FOR EACH CORPORATION: Name and address of the corporation. Full name (including alleses) and address of each person involved. State(s) in which the corporation: 4. Dates of corporate operation.
5. Date and case number of borduupley or 5. (a) Was incorporated. (b) Has bandschool business. circopyino

Under penalties of law, the undersigned incorporatorie)/officer(s) declare(s) that I(we) have examined this Custificate, including any attentiments, and to the best of my(our) knowledge and belief it is true, correct and complete, and hereby dectare as instanted above.
THE SIGNATURE SYMUST BE DATED WITHIN THIRTY (30) DAYS OF THE DELIVERY DATE.
BY

Steven Minando PRINTAME PRINT NAME Steven Minavio DATE 4/409 TITLE CEO TITLE CEO

DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS: ALL INCORPORATORS MUST SIGN THE INITIAL CERTIFICATE OF DISCLOSURE. If with only days, any person becomes an officer, director, trusted or person controlling or holding over 10% of the issued and dutatement; there are 10% of any other proprietary, beneficial, or membership interest in the corporation and the porson was not included in this disclosure, the comparation must like an AMENDED custificate signed by at legat one day sufferized officer of the corporation.

FOREIGN CORPORATIONS: MUST SE SIGNED BY AT LEAST ONE DULY AUTHORIZED OFFICER OF THE

CORPORTION.

CF:0012 - Business Corporations Rev: 01/2006

:

Cities Coarm Corporations Division 84/21/2889 86:59

6025424180

AZ CORP COMMISSION



02741616

AZ CORPUSATION COMMISSION
FILED

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

APR 1 4 2009

OF

HELD-15193236

Crexendo business solutions, inc.

PURSUANT TO A.R.S. § 10-202

- 1. Name: The Name of the Corporation is Creamndo Business Solutions, Inc.
- 2. Initial Business: The Corporation initially intends to conduct the business of: Providing small businesses with e-Commerce, hosting, telecommunications, and internet solutions. In particular, Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc. provides software, training, and hosted telecommunications to enable its customers to market and sell their products or services over the internet.
- 3. Authorized Capital: The Corporation shall have authority to issue 1,000 shares of Common Stock.
- Known Place of Business: The street address of the known place of business of the Corporation is: 10201 South 51st Street, Phoenix, Arizona 85044.
- Statutory Agent: The name and address of the statutory agent of the Corporation is: Steven G. Mihaylo, 10201 South 51th Street, Phoenix, Arizona 85044.
- 6. Based of Directors: The initial board of directors shall consist of one (1) director. The name and address of the person who shall serve as the director until the first annual meeting of shareholders or until his successor is elected and qualifies is:

٠,٠

Name: Steven G. Mihaylo

Address: 10201 South 51" Street

City, State, Zip: Phoenix. Arizona 85044.

7. Incomparators: The name and address of the incorporator is:

Name: Steven G. Mihaylo

Address: 10201 South 51" Street

City, State, Zip: Physnix, Arizona 55044.

AZ CORPORATION COMMISSION

FILED

APR 2 1 2009

FIEND - 1519 3236

Cremendo Articles of Incorporation

Page I

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- Indemnification of Officers. Directors. Employees and Agents: The Corporation shall indemnify any person who lacurs expenses or liabilities by reason of the fact he or she is or was an officer, director, employee or agent of the Corporation or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another Corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise. This indemnification shall be mandatory in all Circumstances in which indemnification is permitted by law.
- 9. <u>Limitation of Liability</u>: To the fullest extent permitted by the Arizona Revised Statutes, as the same exists or may bereafter be amended, a director of the Corporation shall not be liable to the Corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for any action taken or any failure to take action as a director. No repeal, amendment or modification of this article, whether direct or indirect, shall eliminate or reduce its effect with respect to any act or omission of a director of the Corporation occurring prior to such repeal, amendment or modification.

Executed this 13th Day of April, 2009, by the Incorporator.

Signed:

Steven G. Mihaylo

ACCEPTANCE OF APOINTMENT BY STATUTORY AGENT

The undersigned hereby acknowledges and accepts the appointment

As statutory agent of the above-named corporation effective

This 13th Day of April, 2009.

Signed:

Steven & Milhavio

EXHIBIT B FOREIGN CORPORATION QUALIFICATION

The State of South Carolina

NAME OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR



Office of Secretary of State Mark Hammond

Certificate of Authorization

I, Mark Hammond, Secretary of State of South Carolina Hereby certify that:

CREXENDO BUSINESS SOLUTIONS, INC.,

a corporation duly organized under the laws of the state of ARIZONA and issued a certificate of authority to transact business in South Carolina on July 21st, 2009, has on the date hereof filed all reports due this office, paid all fees, taxes and penalties owed to the Secretary of State, that the Secretary of State has not mailed notice to the Corporation that its authority to transact business in South Carolina is subject to being revoked pursuant to Section 33-15-310 of the 1976 South Carolina Code, and no application for surrender of authority to do business in South Carolina has been filed in this office as of the date hereof.

Given under my Hand and the Great Seal of the State of South Carolina this 21st day of July, 2009.

Mark Hammond, Secretary of State

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned employee of Elliott & Elliott, P.A. does hereby certify that she has served below listed parties with a copy of the pleading(s) indicated below by mailing a copy of same to them in the United States mail, by regular mail, with sufficient postage affixed thereto and return address clearly marked on the date indicated below:

RE: Application of Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc. for a

Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to Provide Local Exchange and Interexchange Telecommunications Services Using Voice over Internet Protocol technology

DOCKET NO.: 2012- -C

PARTIES SERVED: C. Dukes Scott, Esquire

Office of Regulatory Staff 1401 Main Street, Suite 900

Columbia, SC 29201

PLEADING: APPLICATION AND MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE

TREATMENT AND BASIS FOR FILING EXHIBIT F AS

TRADE SECRET

May 30, 2012

Mary Jo Lawracy, Legal Assistant

EXHIBIT C FINANCIAL INFORMATION

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

b ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010:

Or

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934



iMergent, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 001-32277

(State or Other Jurisdiction (Commission (I.R.S. Employer of Incorporation or File Number) Identification No.)

Organization)

1615 South 52nd Street, Tempe, AZ 85281 (Address of Principal Executive Office) (Zip Code)

(623) 242-5959

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class Name of each exchange on which registered

Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share

New York Stock Exchange
AmexSecurities

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

(Title of Class)
None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes "No b

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes." No b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes p No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes "No"

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. ϕ

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company.

Large accelerated o Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting to company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes "No p

The aggregate market value of the common stock held by nonaffiliates of the registrant as of June 30, 2010 (end of the Company's second most recent fiscal quarter) was approximately \$27,728,000.

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding as of February 28, 2011 was 10,645,135.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the Proxy Statement to be used by the registrant in connection with its 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days of the close of the fiscal year are incorporated by reference into Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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PART I

Throughout this Annual Report, we refer to iMergent, Inc., together with its subsidiaries, as "we," "us," "our Company" or "the Company." As used in this Annual Report, "StoresOnline" is a registered trademark of our Company in the United States and other countries. All other product names are or may be trademarks of, and are used to identify the products and services of, their respective owners.

THIS ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K CONTAINS FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. THESE STATEMENTS RELATE TO FUTURE EVENTS OR OUR FUTURE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE. IN SOME CASES, YOU CAN IDENTIFY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS BY TERMINOLOGY SUCH AS "MAY," "WILL," "SHOULD," "EXPECT," "PLAN," "INTEND," "ANTICIPATE," "BELIEVE," "ESTIMATE," "PROJECT," "PREDICT," "POTENTIAL" OR "CONTINUE" (INCLUDING THE NEGATIVE OF SUCH TERMS), OR OTHER SIMILAR TERMINOLOGY. THESE STATEMENTS ARE ONLY ESTIMATIONS, AND ARE BASED UPON VARIOUS ASSUMPTIONS THAT MAY NOT BE REALIZED. ACTUAL EVENTS OR RESULTS MAY DIFFER MATERIALLY. IN EVALUATING THESE STATEMENTS, YOU SHOULD SPECIFICALLY CONSIDER VARIOUS FACTORS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE RISKS OUTLINED BELOW UNDER ITEM 1A. THESE FACTORS MAY CAUSE OUR ACTUAL RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM ANY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENT.

ALTHOUGH WE BELIEVE THAT THE ESTIMATIONS REFLECTED IN THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE REASONABLE, WE CANNOT GUARANTEE FUTURE RESULTS, LEVELS OF ACTIVITY, PERFORMANCE OR ACHIEVEMENTS. MOREOVER, NEITHER WE NOR ANY OTHER PERSON ASSUMES RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS OF THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. WE DO NOT INTEND TO UPDATE ANY OF THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AFTER THE DATE OF THIS ANNUAL REPORT TO CONFORM SUCH STATEMENTS TO ACTUAL RESULTS OR TO CHANGES IN OUR EXPECTATIONS, UNLESS REQUIRED BY LAW.

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

OVERVIEW

We provide a variety of cloud-based infrastructure services to entrepreneurs and small and medium-sized businesses. Our services include high-quality voice and messaging services over broadband networks, Do-It-For-Me and Do-It-Yourself content management and website building tools, online marketing, online lead generation, e-commerce technology, and training solutions that enable entrepreneurs and small and medium-sized businesses to build and maintain an effective online presence. Our services are designed to help increase the predictability of success for online businesses.

Our primary web service offerings are designed to meet the needs of entrepreneurs and small and medium-sized businesses anywhere along their lifecycles. Our Do-It-Yourself package includes our robust content management and website building solution, fully enabled e-commerce package, online marketing tools, and educational training modules. In addition to our primary service offerings for the Do-It-Yourself customer base, we also offer a variety of premium services to the Do-It-Yourself customer such as initial site design and build, logo design, drop-shipper/supplier integration, and a variety of search engine optimization and link building packages.

Our Do-It-For-Me services are comprehensive and flexible, allowing us to meet the needs of a wide variety of customers ranging from those just establishing their online presence to those wanting to enhance their existing online presence. These services include custom website design and development, search engine optimization, link building, conversion rate optimization, paid search management, and social media management. Additionally, as the online space continues to evolve our product and service offerings will continue to evolve, to keep our customers on the cutting edge of the online space.

In addition to web services, we offer a suite of high quality voice and messaging services over broadband networks. Our small and home office services are portable and allow our customers to make and receive phone calls almost anywhere a broadband Internet connection is available. We transmit these calls using Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) technology, which converts voice signals into digital data packets for transmission over the Internet. At a cost effective rate, each of our calling plans provides a number of basic features typically offered by traditional telephone service providers, plus a wide range of enhanced features that we believe offer an attractive value proposition to our customers.

We rely heavily on our network, which is a flexible, scalable Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) based VoIP network that rides on top of the Internet. This platform enables a user via a single "identity" to access and utilize services and features regardless of how they are connected to the Internet. As a result, with one identity, either a number or user name, customers

have access to Crexendo voice, messaging,	features, and personal profile information regardless of location, device	, or how
they access the Internet.		

OUR STRATEGY

We have historically sold our content management and website building tool as a perpetual software license. During the fourth quarter of 2010 we transitioned approximately 80% of our sales from selling a perpetual software license to a Software as a Service (SaaS) model. This transition provides the foundation for our strategy on a go forward basis. Key elements of our strategy include:

Expanding Our Distribution Channels. To sell our web and hosted telecom products and services cost effectively, we must expand our distribution channels. We have historically sold our web services through an educational seminar format, which relies on direct mail marketing campaigns to attract attendees. We plan to expand our distribution channels through affiliate programs, white-label programs, strategic marketing partnerships, direct sales, and online marketing channels. We anticipate these expanded distribution channels will provide multiple revenue streams from customers across a broader spectrum. We expect Do-It-Yourself customers acquired through these new distribution channels to provide significant opportunities for up-selling and cross-selling additional online marketing, lead generation, search engine optimization and hosted telecom products.

Continuing to Target the Entrepreneur and Small and Medium-Sized Business Market Segment. We believe the entrepreneur and small and medium-sized business market segment offers us the best opportunity for future growth. We believe this is a largely underserved market with significant needs for comprehensive, affordable, and scalable solutions for their web and telecom service requirements. Our services are designed to be scalable so as to meet the needs of these businesses that often times do not have the time, resources, or technical skills to fulfill themselves.

Strengthening Customer Retention. We are dedicated to enhancing customer retention and building lasting relationships with our customers. We believe a critical element in strengthening customer retention is continuous improvement to our content management and web-building tools, including improvements to our user interface to create a more intuitive and interactive experience. We believe education is a critical element to customer retention. One of the core features of our product offering is the continuous education we provide our customers on how to identify opportunities in the marketplace, how to effectively design their website for optimal conversion, and how to market their website to increase traffic. We are constantly updating and expanding our education offerings to meet the needs of our customer base in this dynamic marketplace and expect to continue to expand and diversify our educational offerings to provide up-to-date and relevant content.

Developing Complimentary Services and Technologies. We seek to develop complimentary products and services for our customers. Our ultimate goal is to become the leading provider of hosted solutions in the entrepreneur and small and medium-sized business space. We currently provide web services, hosting services, online marketing services and hosted telecom services. We expect to expand our product offerings in the future to include bandwidth services, premium telecom services such as operator services, conferencing services, call center services, and mobile features for both our web platform and telecom service. Additionally, we plan to expand our educational offerings to not only include education on online marketing, but education on entrepreneurship and small business management.

OUR SERVICES AND PRODUCTS

Our goal is to provide a broad range of cloud-based products and services that enable entrepreneurs, and small and mediumsized businesses to more efficiently run their business. By providing a variety of comprehensive and scalable solutions, we are to able sell customers regardless of where they are in the business lifecycle. Our Web and Telecom products and services can be categorized in the following offerings:

Website Design and Development

Using our proprietary software and processes we design and develop websites with "conversion" in mind. The term conversion means different things to different websites. To a lead-generation website, it means getting prospects to submit their contact information so our sales team can contact them. For an e-commerce website, conversion means getting an online customer to complete an order.

Our website design packages range from a semi-custom template based design package to a completely custom design package. We incorporate Google Analytics into every site unless the customer specifies some other system. Proper analytics allow identification of weak spots in the conversion process. Once weak spots are identified, the site can be adjusted to smooth out the process and turn more prospects into customers.

Once the site is complete, we provide tutorials and tools to allow customers to make changes to their sites as often as necessary without having to pay additional programming fees. Alternatively, customers can elect to have us manage the changes to their websites for an additional fee.

Search Engine Optimization

There are two general aspects to Search Engine Optimization ("SEO"). First, the tactical level, which includes conditioning a page to be relevant and search-engine friendly. Second, strategic selection of keywords and keyword phrases. The popularity of a site plays a role in what keyword phrases a customer can compete on versus what keyword phrases might be 'out of their league'. We focus on the strategic selection of keywords and only go after keywords that have healthy search volumes and high 'win' capability. Our experience coupled with our proprietary rSAT software allow us to strategically select the best choices for keyword phrases to target which provide the highest probability of getting high search engine positions and drawing maximum traffic to the website. Our SEO packages include a keyword interview, strategic keyword research, baseline ranking report, search engine optimization plan, and comparison ranking report.

Link Building

Link building is a critical component of off-page SEO. To be effective, a link building campaign must be done manually. Search engines can detect links obtained via automated submission. Also, links need to come from many different types of sites, not just one or two. Link building is closely related to search engine optimization, as such; we carefully synchronize all our link building efforts and anchor text with our search engine optimization efforts.

An effective link building effort is labor intensive, with no real shortcuts. We incorporate the following strategies in our link building efforts; live directory submissions, social bookmarks, blog postings, article submissions, regional portals, and leverage links.

Conversion Rate Optimization

Conversion is the percentage of visitors to a site that turn into action takers. A customer's site might be an e-commerce site, a lead generation site, or it might have a goal of signing up members, newsletter subscribers, webinar registrations, white paper downloads, or accessing a specific page in the site. There are many different types of success events, and not all websites perform equally with respect to getting visitors to take the desired actions. Sites with a high percentage of action takers as compared to all traffic would be considered to have high conversion rates. For example, a lead generation website that generates four leads out of every 100 visitors would have a conversion rate of four percent.

Conversion Rate Optimization (CRO) is the process of making a site better at moving visitors toward conversion. Because the Internet is constantly changing, conversion rate best practices are moving targets. We specialize in staying on top of the latest Internet developments in order to know how best to optimize a given site for conversion.

An important part of CRO is analytics. For most companies we recommend Google® Analytics because it is free and accomplishes everything most companies need. With any analytics solution, the challenge is to configure it properly. Our CRO packages are designed to ensure proper configuration of the customers' analytics solution and ongoing review of the data to help analyze and interpret the data to spot trends and make course corrections.

Paid Search Management

We offer paid search management services, such as management of Google® AdWordsTM and Microsoft Advertising adCenterTM accounts for our customers.

Modern paid search networks are incredibly sophisticated and require a tremendous amount of experience and expertise to avoid the many potential pitfalls of paid search. We assist customers by taking a conservative approach to paid search management. By using a combination of proprietary automation tools, split test dedicated landing pages, as well as the practiced eye of an expert monitoring our customer accounts on a daily basis, we are able to consistently raise conversion rates and lower the cost-per-acquisition.

Do-It-Yourself Websites

We offer a variety of Do-lt-Yourself website building and marketing solutions for entrepreneurs and small businesses that intend to build their own websites or enhance their websites with online marketing. These solutions include hosting services, web building tools with e-commerce capabilities and online marketing training. Our online marketing training courses instruct on the following subjects: affiliate marketing, Amazon® and eBay® training, comparison shopping engines, competitive reconnaissance, conversion rate optimization, keyword research, link building, localization and regionalization, paid search campaigns, permission marketing, search engine optimization, social media marketing, and Google® analytics.

Telecom Plans

We completed development of Phase One of our hosted telecom offering in the fourth quarter of 2010. We currently offer the following plans and equipment:

Small Office, Home Office Plans

Crexendo Adaptor Plan – this plan is a professional business communication service for small office/home office (SOHO), which operates with a user's high speed internet connection. The Adaptor unit supports the connection of up to two analog phone devices including support of fax machines, home phones, or cordless/wireless phones.

The Crexendo Adaptor Plan includes unlimited local and long distance calling in the US/Canada using VoIP technology. Porting of a local number and an audio conferencing bridge account with pin for up to 10-parties are included in the monthly service. The user account includes a web user interface for management of voicemail, email and inbound fax. Features include 3-way calling, find me/follow me, and interactive voice response for customized greetings and routing. Toll-free service and local number services may be added for an additional monthly cost.

Small Business Plans

Crexendo 800 Plan – this plan is an inbound 800 communication service which includes a virtual office web user interface for managing your 800 phone numbers, incoming emails, inbound fax, and voice messages. The plan includes an 800 number and free local fax number.

Crexendo Silver Plan- this plan is a professional business communication service for small offices which operates with a business' pre-wired internet connection or high speed internet. Silver is ideal for small businesses going to a virtual office. The plan includes a business desktop phone, the Crexendo 200 Internet Phone which offers a 2-line display with a menu of features including HD speaker phone, mute, hold, do-not-disturb, and multi-line support.

Silver Plan includes:

- Crexendo 200 Phone business desktop Internet phone;
- Unlimited Calling local and long distance calling in the US/Canada;
- Number Transfer free porting of a local number;
- Web Interface -manage voicemail, email and inbound fax;
- Business Features two-line support, three-way calling on the phone or ten-party through bridge, find me/follow me and
 interactive voice response for business routing, consultative transfers, blind transfer, text-to-speech support for
 personalized greetings, E911 support, basic hunt groups and more; and
- Extras toll-free service and additional local number services may be added for an additional monthly cost.

Crexendo Gold Plan— this plan is an executive business communication service for small offices which operate with a business' pre-wired internet or high speed internet. Gold is designed for businesses going to a virtual office or adding knowledge-based/teleworkers.

Gold Plan includes:

- Crexendo 300 business desktop internet phone;
- Unlimited Calling local and long distance calling in the US/Canada;
- Number Transfer free porting of a local number.
- Web Interface manage voicemail, email and inbound fax;
- Business Features two-line support, three-way calling on the phone or ten-party through bridge, find me/follow me and interactive voice response for business routing, consultative transfers, blind transfer, text-to-speech support for personalized greetings, E911 support, basic hunt groups and more; and
- Extras toll-free service and additional local number services may be added for an additional monthly cost.

Crexendo Adaptor Plan/Business Fax Plan – this plan is a professional business fax communication service for small business which operates with a business' pre-wired internet or high speed internet. The Adaptor unit supports the connection of fax machines for outbound fax, plus up to one additional device which could be another fax machine, a home phone, or cordless/wireless phone.

Crexendo Adaptor Plan includes:

- 1500 Minutes for Fax/Calling limited local and long distance faxing/calling in the US/Canada;
- Number transfer free porting of a local number;
- Conferencing/Audio Bridge Combo audio conferencing bridge account with pin for up to ten-parties;
- Web Interface manage inbound faxes, voicemail, and e-mails from a single web screen assigned to each account;
- Extras toll-free, extra minutes, and local number services may be added for an additional cost.

Crexendo Communication Equipment

Crexendo 200 Internet Phone - this phone is a standard professional two-line business desktop phone for making voice over the internet calls. Buttons include menu, do-not-disturb, hold, three-way conference, directory, message waiting, headset transition, transfer, redial, and volume controls.

Crexendo 300 Internet Phone – this phone is an executive professional six-line business desktop phone for making voice over the internet calls. Buttons includes menu, do-not-disturb, hold, three-way conference, directory, message waiting, headset transition, transfer, redial and volume controls. Add a pc connection to share internet resources, plus, ten speed dial/programmable keys. Menu prompts users for one touch connections, history, directory, do-not-disturb, status, features like call forward, call waiting, dss keys, key as send, hotline, anonymous call, auto redial, intercom, call completion, password set, contacts, blacklist, and corporate contacts.

Crexendo Adaptor – this is an analog telephone adaptor (ATA). The adaptor provides connectivity for fax machines, home phones, and cordless/wireless phones.

Audio Bridge - Crexendo SOHO and small office plans include one audio bridge conference line per phone. This service provides users with a pin and local number for bridging up to ten-parties in a conference call.

Local Number Portability - Crexendo allows users to port their phone number to our telecom service.

Marketing and Sales Channel

We engage in a variety of marketing activities to increase awareness of our products and services, to sell additional products and services to our existing customer base, and to enhance the value we provide to entrepreneurs, small and medium-sized business entities. Our marketing and sales channels are best described by business segment.

StoresOnline

Our StoresOnline business segment serves the SOHO business owner and entrepreneur seeking the tools and training to establish a successful website on the Internet. Specifically, StoresOnline services a market segment looking for a "do-it-yourself" option as an alternative to the high cost of contracting an e-commerce or lead generation web developer and, most importantly, an ad agency for website promotion. Both are difficult barriers to many entrepreneurs looking to establish a presence on the Internet.

We have traditionally sold our StoresOnline products and services through an educational seminar format utilizing direct response marketing campaigns. Our sale typically starts with a complimentary 90-minute informational "Preview Training Session" aimed toward those interested in extending their business to the Internet. These Preview Training Sessions have been proven to increase awareness of and excitement for the opportunities presented by the Internet. At these Preview Training Sessions, our instructors (i) preview the advantages of establishing a website on the Internet, (ii) answer many of the most common questions new or prospective Internet merchants have, (iii) explain, in general terms, how to develop an effective Internet strategy and (iv) explain how to transform an existing "brick and mortar" company into an e-commerce enabled company.

At the Preview Training Session, the attending entrepreneur or small business owner has the opportunity to purchase two months access to our proprietary content management system and web building tools, as well as admittance to a full day Internet Training Workshop.

Approximately two weeks after each Preview Training Session, we conduct an intensive "Internet Training Workshop" which teaches Internet e-commerce and website implementation training to the small business owners and entrepreneurs who purchased at the Preview Training Session. Instructors of the Internet Training Workshop expand upon the principles taught at the Preview Training Session elaborating on the details, requirements, demands, tips, and techniques required to extend their business or product to the Internet. Specifically, this instruction consists of a plain English explanation of e-commerce requirements and tools, specific details and tips on how to promote and drive traffic to a website, and techniques to increase sales from a website.

In addition to the training provided at the workshop, our customers are presented an opportunity to purchase additional products and services including:

- Proprietary research and optimization tools including; keyword analysis tool, keyword cloud tool, keyword distribution tool, reverse search engine, and relevant link search tool
- Integration with multiple merchant accounts
- Integration with multiple drop-shippers
- Online training courses, including; drop-shipping and product sourcing, affiliate marketing, Amazon® and
 eBay®, comparison shopping engines, competitive reconnaissance, conversion rate optimization, keyword
 research, link building, localization and regionalization, paid search campaigns, permission marketing, search
 engine optimization, social media marketing, and Google® Analytics: and
- Website design and development.

Following the initial workshop sale, we seek to provide additional technology and services to our customers. For this purpose we have partnered with third-party companies who offer our customers additional marketing tools, training, and/or tax and legal services for their web-based businesses. We receive a commission from these companies when our customers purchase any of their products or services. For a commission, we allow third parties to market certain products and services which we believe are complementary to our own products and services, available to customers in our Preview Training Sessions, Internet Training Workshops, and through other direct marketing efforts. Furthermore, we continually explore ideas, products and services which offer to enhance ongoing customer training and assistance.

Crexendo Web Services

Crexendo Web Services, Inc. ("Crexendo Web Services") segment is a wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company, previously Crexendo Business Solutions, serves small and medium-sized businesses seeking to enhance their presence on the Internet. Specifically, Crexendo Web Services services a market segment looking for a "Do-It-For-Me" option to increase traffic and conversion on their sites. The primary products and services for Crexendo Web Services include custom website design and development, search engine optimization services, conversion rate optimization services, link building services, and paid search management.

Crexendo Web Services sells its products and services through a direct sales channel, white label relationships, online channels, and through strategic marketing partnerships. The initial step in the sales approach typically starts with an in-depth analysis of the potential customer's website using Crexendo Web Services' proprietary tools and software for analyzing search demand, identification of keywords, keyword density, and effective pay-per-click strategies. Utilizing these tools allows our search engine optimization professionals to efficiently develop a long-term web-marketing strategy focused on generating qualified leads and traffic to our customers' websites.

Crexendo Network Services

Crexendo Network Services is focused on developing, marketing, and selling telecommunication and data services. We are currently developing and deploying broadband digital phone service utilizing standard Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) equipment and services.

Our telecom offering enables our customers to add digital voice services to their high-speed Internet connections. Customers can choose a direct-dial phone number from any of the rate centers offered by the service and use Crexendo supplied IP phones or ATAs to make and receive calls to/from the Public Switched Telephone Network and other Crexendo endpoints.

We are in the process of developing a suite of business services that we anticipate will offer feature-rich communications services to small and medium-sized businesses, eliminating the need for traditional telecommunications services and business phone systems. Our primary focus with our service is to replace private branch exchange, or PBX, telephone systems in the small business marketplace with a hosted, Internet-based business phone service solution. We anticipate when completed, our service will completely replace a company's PBX infrastructure by delivering all telecom services over a managed Internet connection.

We intend to offer these services through both our StoresOnline division using an education seminar format, and through our direct sales and strategic marketing relationships.

Our Crexendo Network Services division is currently in the development phase and as of December 31, 2010, had not generated any revenues. Costs associated with the start-up of the Crexendo Network Services division totaled \$1,429,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010, \$210,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2009, and \$199,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 respectively and are included in our respective consolidated statements of operations. No expenses were recognized prior to January 1, 2009 relating to Crexendo Network Services.

Segment revenue and operating income (loss) was as follows (in thousands):

		ear Ended	Decer	nber 31,		3	1,		Fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
	(1	audited)	(u	naudited)		(audited)	(u	naudited)	(audited)					
	2010			2009		2009		2008		2009	2008			
Revenue:											_			
StoresOnline	\$	64,471	\$	75,880	\$	35,589	\$	54.120	\$	94,411	\$	128,048		
Crexendo Web Services		1,322		127		127			•		•			
Crexendo Network Services		_				_				-				
Consolidated	\$	65,793	\$	76,007	\$	35,716	\$	54,120	\$	94,411	\$	128,048		
Operating Income (Loss)														
StoresOnline	\$	5,509	\$	13,167	\$	5,455	\$	(4,332)	\$	3,682	\$	7,992		
Crexendo Web Services		(1,827)		(1,158)	-	(904)	-		•	(253)	•			
Crexendo Network Services		(1,429)		(409)		(210)		_		(199)				
Unallocated comporate item		(8,827)		(9,813)		(4,864)		(5,857)		(11,109)		(11,245)		
Consolidated	\$	(6,574)	\$	1,787	\$	(523)	<u>\$</u>	(10,189)	<u>s</u>	(7,879)	_	(3,253)		

Seasonality

Our StoresOnline revenues are subject to seasonal fluctuations. Responses to our marketing for Preview Training Sessions and Internet Training Workshops are historically lower during the period from June through Labor Day, and during the holiday season from Thanksgiving Day through the first few weeks of January.

Technology

We believe our developed proprietary technologies represent a key component of our business model. We believe these technologies distinguish our services and products from the services and products offered by our competitors. In particular, our content management and website development software, which includes advanced editing capabilities in terms of content and website creation, dynamic image creation, hosting environment and infrastructure, and total customer relationship management.

Our software platform is continuously being enhanced and is an innovative website-building environment. Features and functions of our software include:

- during website development, our customers can experience the look and feel of their websites as if they were
 their own customers. They can shop, navigate, order products, track orders, and more. If they want to change or
 add more elements, they can edit, rearrange, add, and delete the elements all within a dynamic, point-and-click
 environment:
- designs are customized based on the customers' choices and arrangements. Customers can modify the look and feel of the design to complement their services or products. In addition, design modification and arrangement are executed within a streamlined, point-and-click environment;
- blogs, online journals, message boards, and forums that are easily integrated into the content of the website. As administrators, the customers have full control in terms of filtering content, allowing images, and other blog, message board, and forum permissions;
- customizable forms that address customer-specific needs. By using customized forms, our customers can set up
 secure, encrypted forms with improved ease to collect sensitive information from their customers. This is
 especially useful for service-based businesses, as these forms can be used for job, loan, applications,
 questionnaires, bids, quotes, lead generation, etc.
- Advanced features include: ordering rules setup for shipping, sales tax, and discount codes, UPS integration, inventory control system, gift certificate and gift card purchasing and redemption, integration with Amazon® Checkout and/or Google® Checkout, Google® Base integration, eBay® auctions integration, shopping cart supporting multiple currencies and price sets, automatic sitemap generation used by search engines, and advanced website product search using filters to quickly narrow down the product offering based on product attributes.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

We invested \$3,090,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010, \$1,044,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2009, and \$2,177,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 in the research and development of our technologies. The majority of these expenditures were for our search engine optimization tools, content management and web building tools, as well as our hosted telecom product.

COMPETITION

Our markets are increasingly competitive. Our competitors include companies which sell through workshop formats like ours, as well as portals, application service providers, software vendors, systems integrators and information technology consulting services providers.

Most of these competitors, however, do not yet offer the full range of services we believe our target market requires. These competitors could elect to focus additional resources in our target markets, which could adversely affect our business prospects, financial position and results of operations materially. Many of our current and potential competitors have longer operating histories, larger customer bases and longer relationships with customers as well as significantly greater financial, technical, marketing and public relations resources than we do.

Additionally, should we determine to pursue acquisition opportunities, we may compete with other companies with similar growth strategies. Some of these competitors may be larger and have greater financial and other resources than us. Competition for these acquisition targets could also result in increased prices of acquisition targets and a diminished pool of companies available for acquisition.

There are relatively low barriers to entry into our business. Our proprietary technology does not preclude or inhibit competitors from entering our markets. In particular, we anticipate new entrants will attempt to develop competing products and services or new forums for conducting e-commerce which could be deemed competition. Additionally, if e-commerce or Internet based enterprises with more resources and name recognition were to enter our markets, they may redefine our industry and make it difficult for us to compete.

Expected technology advances associated with the Internet, increasing use of the Internet, and new software products are welcome advancements that we believe will broaden the Internet's viability as a marketplace. We anticipate that we can compete successfully by relying on our infrastructure, marketing strategies and techniques, systems and procedures, and by adding additional products and services in the future. We believe we can continue the operation of our business by periodic review and revision to our product offerings and marketing approach.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Our success depends in part on using and protecting our proprietary technology and other intellectual property. Furthermore, we must conduct our operations without infringing on the proprietary rights of third parties. We also rely upon trade secrets and the know-how and expertise of our key employees and independent contractors. To protect our proprietary technology and other intellectual property, we rely on a combination of the protections provided by applicable copyright, trademark and trade secret laws, as well as confidentiality procedures and licensing arrangements. Although we believe we have taken appropriate steps to protect our intellectual property rights, including requiring employees and third parties who are granted access to our intellectual property to enter into confidentiality agreements, these measures may not be sufficient to protect our rights against third parties. Others may independently develop or otherwise acquire unpatented technologies or products similar or superior to ours.

We license from third parties certain software and Internet tools which we include in our services and products. If any of these licenses were terminated, we could be required to seek licenses for similar software and Internet tools from other third parties or develop these tools internally. We may not be able to obtain such licenses or develop such tools in a timely fashion, on acceptable terms, or at all.

Companies participating in the software and Internet technology industries are frequently involved in disputes relating to intellectual property. We may be required to defend our intellectual property rights against infringement, duplication, discovery and misappropriation by third parties or to defend against third-party claims of infringement. Likewise, disputes may arise in the future with respect to ownership of technology developed by employees who were previously employed by other companies. Any such litigation or disputes could be costly and divert our attention from our business. An adverse determination could subject us to significant liabilities to third parties, require us to seek licenses from, or pay royalties to, third parties, or require us to develop appropriate alternative technology. Some or all of these licenses may not be available to us on acceptable terms, or at all. In addition, we may be unable to develop alternate technology at an acceptable price, or at all. Any of these events could have a material adverse effect on our business prospects, financial position or results of operations.

EMPLOYEES

As of February 28, 2011, we had 395 employees; 297 full time and 98 part time, including six executives, 104 in sales, 17 in marketing, sales administration and event planning, 31 in the development of our e-commerce solutions and IT, 19 in website production, 23 in SEO fulfillment, 90 in event reservations, 56 in customer support, and 49 in finance, legal and general administration.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

iMergent, Inc. was incorporated as a Nevada corporation on April 13, 1995. In November 1999, we were reincorporated under the laws of Delaware. Effective July 3, 2002, we changed our corporate name to "iMergent, Inc." to better reflect the scope and direction of our business activities of assisting and providing web-based technology solutions to entrepreneurs and small businesses who are seeking to establish a viable e-commerce presence on the Internet.

We are headquartered at 1615 South 52nd Street, Tempe, AZ, 85281, and our telephone number is (623) 242-5959. Our website is www.imergentinc.com. Our website and the information contained therein or connected thereto shall not be deemed to be incorporated into this Annual Report.

We make available free of charge on or through our Internet website our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and all amendments to those reports as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with or furnished to the Securities Exchange and Commission (SEC).

You may read and copy this Annual Report at the SEC's public reference room at 450 Fifth Street, NW, Washington D.C. 20549. Information on the operation of the public reference room can be obtained by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding our filings at www.sec.gov.

GOVERNMENTAL REGULATION

We are subject to regulations generally applicable to all businesses. In addition, because of our workshop sales format, we are subject to laws and regulations concerning sales and marketing practices, and particularly those with regard to business opportunities, franchises and selling practices. We assert that we do not offer our customers a "business opportunity" or a "franchise", as those terms are defined in applicable statutes of the states and other jurisdictions in which we operate. In general, with the exception of California, in order to be subject to business opportunity regulations in a state, a company is typically required to provide a representation guaranteeing a return in excess of the purchase price and/or provide a marketing plan. We do neither. Various states and other jurisdictions, however, have contended we sell a business opportunity and we have been involved in multiple regulatory proceedings as a result of those contentions. It is possible that we will be required to register as a seller of a business opportunity in some states or other jurisdictions in which we do business. The requirement to register may have an adverse impact on our business. We believe we operate in compliance with laws concerning sales practices, which laws in some jurisdictions require us to offer the customer a three-day "cooling off" or rescission period in which customers may cancel their workshop purchases. If we are required to register as a seller of business opportunities we may be subject to rescission periods in excess of three days. Although we do not believe we are required to offer rescission rights in most states, we voluntarily provide such rescission rights. These rights could reduce our sales if customers who purchase products and services at our workshops elect to exercise those rights.

We are also subject to an increasing number of laws and regulations directly applicable to Internet access and commerce. The adoption of any such additional laws or regulations may decrease the rate of growth of the Internet, which could in turn decrease the demand for our products and services. Such laws may also increase our costs of doing business or otherwise have an adverse effect on our business prospects, financial position or results of operations. Moreover, the applicability to the Internet of existing laws governing issues such as property ownership, libel, and personal privacy is uncertain. In particular, one channel we use to initially contact our customers is e-mail. The use of e-mail for this purpose has become the subject of a number of recently adopted and proposed laws and regulations. Future federal or state legislation or regulation could have a material adverse effect on our business prospects, financial condition and results of operations.

INTERNATIONAL OPERATIONS

For a discussion of revenues relating to our international activities, see Note 1, entitled BusinessSegment and Related Information, in our consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

In addition to factors discussed elsewhere in this Annual Report, the following are important risks which could adversely affect our future results. If any of the risks we describe below materialize, or if any unforeseen risk develops, our operating results may suffer, our financial condition may deteriorate, the trading price of our common stock may decline and our investors could lose all or part of their investment.

Proposed Federal Trade Commission rules could adversely impact the manner in which we solicit potential customers.

On April 5, 2006, the Federal Trade Commission announced proposed rules affecting sellers of business opportunities. Under current law, we do not believe we sell a business opportunity. The rules, if amended, could require us to provide a disclosure statement to potential customers prior to a sale in excess of a threshold amount. We would then either be required to provide disclosure documents to all potential customers who sign up for a preview or provide the disclosure document to all preview customers who elect to attend the workshop. If those rules were adopted and we were determined to be a seller of business opportunities, such determination could negatively impact the manner in which we solicit potential customers and could lead to a decrease in sales. We believe we currently comply with the business opportunity statute in the State of California, and we provide the disclosure document to all preview customers who elect to attend the workshop.

We have been subject to a number of claims by governmental agencies that we are required to register as a seller of business opportunities, including actions seeking restraining orders or injunctions, and adverse decisions in these matters could adversely affect our business.

We have been subject to a number of claims by governmental agencies which claim that we are required to register as a seller or provider of business opportunities. We have successfully defended such claims, except in the State of California which has a statute with substantially different requirements than other jurisdictions. No assurances can be given that there will not be other jurisdictions which may bring actions on similar grounds, or that such claims may be successfully defended. We assert we do not sell a business opportunity and have not therefore registered as a seller under the various statutes (other than California). Any new actions filed against us could also have a material negative impact on our sales or operations. If it is determined in any other state that we are required to register as a seller of business opportunities in order to engage in business in that state, the requirement to do so could materially impair our business operations and/or force us to change our business model and consequently may adversely affect our revenue, increase our compliance costs, and reduce our profitability.

Changes in international and domestic laws and regulations and the interpretation and enforcement of such laws and regulations could adversely impact our financial results or ability to conduct business.

We are subject to a variety of international, federal and state laws and regulations as well as oversight from a variety of international and domestic governmental agencies. The laws governing our business may change in ways that harm our business. Federal, state or foreign governmental agencies administering and enforcing such laws may also choose to interpret and apply them in ways that harm our business. These interpretations are also subject to change. Regulatory action could materially impair or force us to change our business model and may adversely affect our revenue, increase our compliance costs, and reduce our profitability. In addition, governmental agencies such as the SEC, IRS or state taxing authorities may conclude that we have violated federal laws, state laws or other rules and regulations, and we could be subject to fines, penalties or other actions that could adversely impact our financial results or our ability to conduct business.

From time to time we are and have been the subject of governmental inquiries and investigations into our business practices that could require us to change our sales and marketing practices or pay damages or fines, which could negatively impact our financial results or ability to conduct business.

From time to time, we receive inquiries from federal, national, state, city and local government officials in the various jurisdictions in which we operate. These inquiries and investigations generally concern compliance with various city, county, state and/or federal regulations involving sales, representations made, customer service, refund policies, and marketing practices. We respond to these inquiries and have generally been successful in addressing the concerns of these persons and entities, without a formal complaint or charge being made, although there is often no formal closing of the inquiry or investigation. See Part I, Item 3, Legal Proceedings, for a discussion of some of these pending matters. The ultimate resolution of these or other inquiries or investigations may have a material adverse effect on our business or operations, or a formal complaint could be initiated. During the ordinary course of business we also receive a number of complaints and inquiries from customers, governmental and private entities. In some cases these complaints and inquiries have ended up in civil court. While we attempt to resolve these matters on a mutually satisfactory basis, there can be no assurance that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on our business or results of operations. We are also subject to various claims and legal proceedings covering matters which arise in the ordinary course of business. We believe the resolution of these other cases will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position, or results of operations.

We have been targeted by certain companies that contact our customers and misrepresent an affiliate relationship, or solicit our customers to pay for services in seeking a refund.

Some of our customers have been contacted by unrelated parties that claim to have a relationship with us. Those unrelated parties attempt to sell our customers certain products. They often misrepresent that they have an affiliate relationship with us. In some cases the products sold by these companies are not as advertised and we have received complaints from customers. In certain instances the sale of products from non-affiliated third parties impacts our ability to have affiliated companies market to our customers. In addition we have been targeted by unscrupulous marketing companies that call our customers and solicit business selling "refund kits", we believe these kits and services instruct our customers to lie about their transactions with us, the quality of service, and encourage our customers to contact regulators and misrepresent their transactions with us.

From time to time we are and have been the subject of customer complaints and lawsuits relating to our business practices which could require us to change our sales and marketing practices or pay damages or fines, which could negatively impact our financial results.

In the ordinary course of business, we receive complaints and inquiries from both customers and governmental and non-governmental bodies on behalf of customers and, in some cases, these customer complaints have resulted in litigation. Some of these matters are pending. The ultimate resolution of these matters may have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations.

We may be required to reduce our prices in order to compete which could negatively impact our profitability.

As competition with our StoresOnline software increases and as our Crexendo Web Services and VoIP (voice over internet protocol) services continues to expand, we may be required to respond to additional competition which could require us to lower prices and engage in price competition. If intense price competition occurs, we may be forced to lower prices, which could result in lower revenue and gross margins.

We collect personal and credit card information from our customers and employees which could be subject to misuse.

We maintain credit card and other personal information in our systems. Due to the sensitive nature of retaining such information we have implemented policies and procedures to preserve and protect our data and our customers' data against loss, misuse, corruption, misappropriation caused by systems failures, unauthorized access or misuse. Notwithstanding these policies, we could be subject to liability claims by individuals and customers whose data resides in our databases for the misuse of that information.

We are subject to claims that our software is "defective" and difficult to use and that a substantial number of our customers do not activate their web pages.

We have been subject to claims by purchasers that our software is "defective" and difficult to use. Our software is a SaaS model (software as a service) and is hosted remotely on our servers in Orem, Utah. We utilize "cloud computing," which means that our software is hosted remotely, and as such cannot be selectively defective, but repeated claims of defective software could have a negative effect on our ability to sell our products. We have also been subject to various claims that our software is difficult to use. We contend our software is interactive, and can be used properly by our customers. However, the claims of it being difficult to use are investigated by various regulatory agencies, and the persistence of such claims by regulatory agencies, in the news media, and on the Internet, may have a substantial negative impact on our ability to transact business. The claims that a substantial number of our customers do not activate their websites may impact the manner in which we conduct our seminars and may have a negative impact on our operations.

The telecommunications industry is highly competitive. We face intense competition from traditional telephone companies, wireless companies, cable companies and alternative voice communication providers.

Our VoIP telecommunication product competes with other VoIP providers (such as Vonage). In addition it also competes with traditional telephone service providers (such as AT&T) which provide telephone service based on the public switched telephone network. Some of these traditional service providers also provide internet service to their customers. Our VoIP offering is not fully compatible with such customers. Some of these traditional providers have also added VoIP services. There is also competition for cable providers, which have added VoIP services to their existing cable customers. The telecommunications industry is highly competitive. We face intense competition from traditional telephone companies, wireless companies, cable companies, and alternative voice communication providers.

Most traditional wire line and wireless telephone service providers, cable companies, and some VoIP providers are substantially larger and better capitalized than we are and have the advantage of a large existing customer base. Because most of our target customers are already purchasing communications services from one or more of these providers, our success is dependent upon our ability to attract target customers away from their existing providers. Our competitors' financial resources may allow them to offer services at prices below cost or even for free in order to maintain and gain market share or otherwise improve their competitive positions.

Our ability to provide VoIP is dependent upon third-party facilities and equipment, the failure of which could cause delays or interruptions of our service and impact our revenue and profitability.

Our ability to provide quality and reliable telephony service is in part dependent upon the proper functioning of facilities and equipment owned and operated by third parties and is, therefore, beyond our control. Our VoIP service (and to a lesser extend our e-commerce services) requires our customers to have an operative broadband Internet connection and an electrical power supply, which are provided by the customer's Internet service provider and electric utility company and not by us. The quality of some broadband Internet connections may be too poor for customers to use our services properly. In addition, if there is any interruption to a customer's broadband Internet service or electrical power supply, that customer will be unable to make or receive calls, including emergency calls, using our service. We outsource several of our network functions to third-party providers. If our third-party service providers fail to maintain these facilities properly, or fail to respond quickly to problems, our customers may experience service interruptions. The failure of any of these third party service providers to properly maintain services may be subject to factors including but not limited to the following: (i) cause a loss of customers, (ii) adversely affect our reputation, (iii) cause negative publicity, (iv) negatively impact our ability to acquire customers, (v) negatively impact our revenue and profitability and (vi) potential law suits for loss of business, loss of reputation or failure to be able to access emergency services.

We rely on third parties to provide a portion of our customer service representatives, initiate local number portability for our customers and provide aspects of our E-911 service.

We offer our telephony customers support 24 hours a day, seven days a week. We rely on third parties (sometimes outside of the U.S) to provide some services that respond to customer inquiries. These third-party providers generally represent us without identifying themselves as independent parties. The ability of third-party providers to provide these representatives may be disrupted due to issues outside our control.

We also maintain an agreement with an E-911 provider to assist us in routing emergency calls directly to an emergency service dispatcher at the PSAP in the area of the customer's registered location and terminating E-911 calls. We also contract with a provider for the national call center that operates 24 hours a day, seven days a week to receive certain emergency calls and with several companies that maintain PSAP databases for the purpose of deploying and operating E-911 services. Interruptions in service from these vendors could cause failures in our customers' access to E-911 services and expose us to liability.

We also have agreements with companies that initiate our local number portability, which allow new customers to retain their existing telephone numbers when subscribing to our services. We will need to work with these companies to properly port numbers. The failure to port numbers may subject us to loss of customers or regulatory review.

If any of these third parties do not provide reliable, high-quality service, our reputation and our business will be harmed. In addition, industry consolidation among providers of services to us may impact our ability to obtain these services or increase our expense for these services.

We are subject to the risk of future disruptive technologies. If new technologies develop that are able to deliver competing voice and messaging services at lower prices, better or more conveniently, it could have a material adverse effect on us.

Our VoIP product competes against established alternative voice communication providers, (such as Skype or Magic Jack). While we believe the technology we employ provides substantially better quality, changes in technology could allow these alternative providers to deliver comparable quality at a substantially lower price. In addition as we continue providing VoIP services, we are likely to face competition from emerging competitors focused on newer, less costly technology. In order to compete with such service providers, we may have to reduce our prices, which would impair our profitability, or offer additional features that may cause us to incur additional costs without commensurate price increases.

If we fail to adapt to rapid changes in the market then our products and services could become obsolete.

The market for our products and services is constantly and rapidly evolving. There is substantial competition for our e-commerce services, Crexendo Business Services, and our VoIP telephony product. As competitors introduce new and enhanced products and services, we may not be able to develop or acquire new products and services that compete effectively. New products based on new technologies or new industry standards could render our existing products obsolete and unmarketable. Any technical flaws in products we release could have a negative effect on customer adoption and our reputation.

Fluctuations in our operating results may affect our stock price and ability to raise capital.

Our operating results for any given quarter or fiscal year should not be relied upon as an indication of future performance. Quarter to quarter comparisons of our results of operations may not be meaningful as a result of (i) our limited operating history relating to Crexendo Web Services and Crexendo Network Services and (ii) the emerging nature of the markets in which we compete. Our future results will fluctuate, and those results may fall below the expectations of investors and may cause the trading price of our common stock to fall. This may impair our ability to raise capital, should we seek to do so. Our quarterly results may fluctuate based on, but not limited to, the following factors:

- our ability to attract and retain customers;
- negative publicity about our industry, events, or products;
- one-time events that negatively impact attendance and sales at our Preview Training Sessions and Internet
 Training Workshops;
- seasonal fluctuations in our business;
- fluctuations in collections of our extended payment term agreements;
- number of workshops in a given period;
- intense competition;
- changes in pricing policies;
- regulatory actions and legal proceedings;
- Internet and online services usage levels and the rate of market acceptance of these services for transacting commerce;
- our ability to timely and effectively upgrade and develop our systems and infrastructure;
- changes to our business model resulting from regulatory requirements;
- our ability to control certain costs;
- our ability to attract, train and retain skilled management, as well as strategic, technical and creative professionals;
- technical, legal and regulatory difficulties with respect to our workshop distribution channel and Internet use generally;
- the availability of working capital and the amount and timing of costs relating to our expansion; and
- general economic conditions and economic conditions specific to Internet technology usage and e-commerce.

Errors in our technology or technological issues outside our control could cause delays or interruptions to our customers.

Our services (including e-commerce and VoIP) may be disrupted by problems with our technology and systems such as malfunctions in our software or other facilities and overloading of our network. In addition there may be service interruptions for reasons outside our control. Our customers and potential customers subscribing to our services have experienced interruptions in the past and may experience interruptions in the future as a result of these types of problems. Interruptions could cause us to lose customers and offer customer credits, which could adversely affect our revenue and profitability. Network interruptions may also impair our ability to sign-up new customers. In addition since our systems and our customers' ability to use our services are Internet-dependent, our services may be subject to "hacker attacks" from the Internet, which could have a significant impact on our systems and services. Our customers' ability to use our services is dependent on third-party internet providers which may suffer service disruptions. If service interruptions adversely affect the perceived reliability of our service, we may have difficulty attracting and retaining customers and our growth may suffer.

Adverse publicity could reduce customer interest in our workshops and harm our financial results.

We have received adverse publicity concerning our business, and may, in the future, receive additional adverse publicity concerning our business. Adverse publicity concerning our business, including our Internet Training Workshops, products, services, management or legal proceedings could reduce the response rates to our advertisements, reduce attendance and purchase rates at our workshops and third-party sales to our customers, and thereby adversely affect our revenues. We do not always know when adverse publicity may occur and cannot accurately predict its impact on our business and results of operations.

We may need to monetize a substantial portion of the customer receivables generated by our workshop business. If we are unable to do so we may be required to raise additional working capital.

We offer our customers a choice of payment options at our Internet Training Workshops, including an installment payment plan. These installment contracts are either sold to one of several third-party finance companies, with or without recourse, or are retained by us. Thereafter, we sometimes seek to sell the service contracts to the servicer or other third parties. We have in the past experienced difficulties selling these installment contracts at levels that provide adequate cash flow for our business, and a recurrence of these difficulties would likely require us to raise additional working capital to allow us to service these assets on our own. Since May 2004, we have not sold installment contracts with any recourse provisions.

Our ability to use our net operating loss carryforwards may be reduced in the event of an ownership change, and could adversely affect our financial results.

As of December 31, 2010, we had net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards of approximately \$6,092,000. Section 382 imposes limitations on a corporation's ability to utilize its NOL carryforwards. In general terms, an ownership change results from transactions increasing the ownership of certain stockholders in the stock of a corporation by more than 50% over a three-year period. Since our formation, we have issued a significant number of shares, and purchasers of those shares have sold some of them, resulting in two ownership changes, as defined by Section 382. As a result of the most recent ownership change, utilization of our NOL is subject to an annual limitation determined by multiplying the value of our stock at the time of the ownership change by the applicable federal long-term tax-exempt rate. The annual limitation is approximately \$461,000. Any limited amounts may be carried over into later years, and the amount of the limitation may, under certain circumstances, be increased by the "recognized built-in gains" that occur during the five-year period after the ownership change (the recognition period). Future changes in ownership of more than 50% may also limit the use of these remaining NOL carryforwards. Our earnings, if any, and cash resources would be materially and adversely affected if we cannot receive the full benefit of the remaining NOL carryforwards. An ownership change could occur as a result of circumstances that are not within our control.

We depend on our senior management and other key personnel, and a loss of these individuals could adversely impact our ability to execute our business plan and grow our business.

We depend on the continued services of our key personnel, including but not limited to our Chief Executive Officer, Steven G Mihaylo, Chief Financial Officer, Jonathan Erickson, Chief Technical Officer, David Rosenvall, Chief Administrative Officer, David Krietzberg, Chief Legal Officer, Jeffery Kom, and Chief Operating Officer, Clint Sanderson, as well as certain speakers at our Preview Training Sessions and Internet Training Workshops. Each of these individuals has acquired specialized knowledge and skills with respect to our operations. The loss of one or more of these key personnel could negatively impact our performance. In addition, we expect to hire additional personnel as we continue to execute our strategic plan, particularly if we are successful in expanding our operations. Competition for the limited number of qualified personnel in our industry is intense. At times, we have experienced difficulties in hiring personnel with the necessary training or experience.

We are dependent on credit card issuers who provide us with merchant accounts that are used to receive payments from our customers and if we cannot maintain these merchant accounts our business would be harmed.

Each financial institution that issues merchant accounts establishes limits on the amount of payments which may be received through the account. Our merchant accounts require us to keep reserves on deposit with them to protect the financial institutions against losses they may incur with respect to the accounts. We have, in the past, experienced difficulty in maintaining these merchant accounts in good standing due to changes in the reserve requirements imposed by the issuing banks and the transaction amount permitted and changes in the rate of charge-backs. If we were to experience a significant reduction in or loss of these merchant accounts our business would be severely and negatively impacted.

We might require additional capital to support business growth and fund other needs of the business, and such capital might not be available.

We intend to continue to make investments to support business growth and may require additional funds to respond to business opportunities and challenges, which include the opportunity to increase our revenue by increasing the number of customer installment contracts that we retain rather than sell, the need to develop new products or enhance existing products, the need to enhance our operating infrastructure and the opportunity to acquire complementary businesses and technologies. Accordingly, we may elect or need to engage in equity or debt financing to secure additional funds. However, equity and debt financing might not be available when needed or, if available, might not be available on terms satisfactory to us. If we are unable to obtain financing on terms satisfactory to us, our ability to continue to support our business growth and to respond to business challenges could be significantly limited.

Our operations could be hurt by a natural disaster, network security breach, or other catastrophic event.

Substantially our entire network infrastructure is located in Utah, an area susceptible to earthquakes. We do not have multiple site capacity if any catastrophic event occurs and, although we do have a redundant network system, this system does not guarantee continued reliability if a catastrophic event occurs. Despite implementation of network security measures, our servers may be vulnerable to computer viruses, break-ins and similar disruptions from unauthorized tampering with our computer systems. In addition, if there is a breach or alleged breach of security or privacy involving our services, or if any third party undertakes illegal or harmful actions using our communications or e-commerce services, our business and reputation could suffer substantial adverse publicity and impairment.

Our operations could be hurt by terrorist attacks, fear of disease and other activity and events that make air travel difficult or reduce the willingness of customers to attend our workshops.

We rely on frequent presentations of our Preview Training Sessions and Internet Training Workshops by a limited number of persons in various cities and these persons generally travel by air. In addition, these Preview Training Sessions and Internet Training Workshops involve large groups of persons in upscale and sometimes marquis hotel facilities. Our business would be materially and adversely affected by air travel becoming less available due to significant cutbacks in the frequency of service or significant increases in processing times at airports due to security or other factors or by air travel becoming unavailable due to governmental or other action as was the case during a brief period in September 2001. In addition, our business would be materially and adversely affected if our potential customers were to become fearful of attending large public meetings.

The market for our products and services is evolving and our position in that market is uncertain.

The markets for our products and services are continuing to evolve and are increasingly competitive. Demand and market acceptance for recently introduced and proposed new products and services and sales of such products and services internationally are subject to a high level of uncertainty and risk. Our business may suffer if the market develops in an unexpected manner, develops more slowly than in the past or becomes saturated with competitors, if any new products and services do not sustain market acceptance or if our efforts to expand internationally do not sustain market acceptance.

We may not have the resources to compete with other companies within our industry.

Many of our direct competitors have announced their intention to offer a range of Internet products and services comparable to those offered by us. These competitors at any time could elect to focus additional resources in our target markets, which could materially and adversely affect us. Many of our current and potential competitors have stronger brand recognition, longer operating histories, larger customer bases, longer relationships with customers and significantly greater financial, technical, marketing and public relations resources than we do. We believe our competitors may be able to adapt more quickly to new technologies and customer needs, devote greater resources to the promotion or sale of their products and services, initiate or withstand substantial price competition, take advantage of acquisition or other opportunities more readily or develop and expand their product and service offerings more quickly.

Our expansion into international markets and development of country-specific e-commerce products and services may be difficult or unprofitable.

We have commenced operations in selected international markets. There are difficulties inherent in doing business in international markets such as:

- cultural, language and other differences between markets could result in lower than anticipated attendance at our Preview Training Sessions and Internet Training Workshops and/or lower than anticipated sales;
- banking and payment mechanisms that differ from those in the United States and make it more difficult for us
 to both accept payments by credit card and offer to customers a product that allows customers to accept credit
 card payments on their websites;

- unproven markets for our services and products;
- unexpected changes in regulatory requirements;
- terrorism, war and international conflict;
- potentially adverse tax environment;
- export restrictions and tariffs and other trade barriers;
- burdens of complying with applicable foreign laws and exposures to different legal standards, particularly with respect to sales and marketing practices, intellectual property, privacy and distribution of potentially offensive or unlawful content over the Internet;
- fluctuations in currency exchange rates; and
- restrictions on repatriating cash from foreign markets.

Evolving regulation of the Internet, including the use of e-mail as a marketing tool, may harm our business.

As e-commerce and VOIP continue to evolve they are subject to increasing regulation by federal, state, and foreign agencies. Areas subject to regulation include, but may not be limited to, the use of e-mail, user privacy, pricing, content, quality of products and services, taxation, advertising, intellectual property rights, and information security. In particular, our initial contact with many of our customers is through e-mail. The use of e-mail for this purpose has become the subject of a number of recently adopted and proposed laws and regulations. In addition, laws and regulations applying to the solicitation, collection, or processing of personal or consumer information could negatively affect our activities. The perception of security and privacy concerns, whether or not valid, may inhibit market acceptance of our products. In addition, legislative or regulatory requirements may heighten these concerns if businesses must notify website users that the data captured after visiting websites may be used by marketing entities to unilaterally direct product promotion and advertising to that user. Moreover, the applicability to the Internet of existing laws governing issues such as intellectual property ownership and infringement, copyright, trademark, trade secret, obscenity and libel is uncertain and developing. Furthermore, any regulation imposing fees or assessing taxes for Internet use could result in a decline in the use of the Internet and the viability of ecommerce. Any new legislation or regulation, or the application or interpretation of existing laws or regulations, may decrease the growth in the use of the Internet, may impose additional burdens on e-commerce or may require us to alter how we conduct our business. This could decrease the demand for our products and services, increase our cost of doing business, increase the costs of products sold through the Internet or otherwise have a negative effect on our business, results of operations and financial position.

internet security issues pose risks to the development of e-commerce and our business.

Security and privacy concerns may inhibit the growth of the Internet and other online services generally, especially as a means of conducting commercial transactions.

We could experience security breaches in the transmission and analysis of confidential and proprietary information of the consumer, the merchant, or both, as well as our own confidential and proprietary information.

Anyone able to circumvent security measures could misappropriate proprietary information or cause interruptions in our operations, as well as the operations of the merchant. We may be required to expend significant capital and other resources to protect against security breaches or to minimize problems caused by security breaches. To the extent that we experience breaches in the security of proprietary information which we store and transmit, our reputation could be damaged and we could be exposed to a risk of loss or litigation.

We depend upon our proprietary intellectual property rights, none of which can be completely safeguarded against infringement.

We rely upon copyright law, trade secret protection and confidentiality or license agreements with our employees, customers, business partners and others to protect our proprietary rights, but we cannot guarantee that the steps we have taken to protect our proprietary rights will be adequate. We do not currently have any patents or registered trademarks, and effective trademark, copyright and trade secret protection may not be available in every country in which our products are distributed or made available through the Internet. In addition, there can be no assurance that a patent will issue or a trademark will be referred based on our pending applications.

We may incur substantial expenses in defending against third-party patent and trademark infringement claims regardless of their merit.

From time to time, parties may assert patent infringement claims against us in the form of letters, lawsuits and other forms of communication. Third parties may also assert claims against us alleging infringement of copyrights, trademark rights, trade secret rights or other proprietary rights or alleging unfair competition. If there is a determination that we have infringed third-party proprietary rights, we could incur substantial monetary liability and be prevented from using the rights in the future.

We are aware of lawsuits filed against certain of our competitors regarding the presentment of advertisements in response to search requests on "keywords" that may be trademarks of third parties. It is not clear what, if any, impact an adverse ruling in these recently filed lawsuits would have on us. Many parties are actively developing search, indexing, e-commerce and other web-related technologies. We believe that these parties will continue to take steps to protect these technologies, including seeking patent protection. As a result, we believe that disputes regarding the ownership of these technologies are likely to arise in the future.

There are low barriers to entry into the e-commerce services market and, as a result, we face significant competition in a rapidly evolving industry.

We have no patented technology, and only a limited amount of other proprietary technology, that would preclude or inhibit competitors from entering our business. In addition, the costs to develop and provide e-commerce services are relatively low. Therefore, we expect that we will continually face additional competition from new entrants into the market in the future. There is also the risk that our employees or independent contractors may leave and start competing businesses. The emergence of these enterprises could have a material adverse effect on us. Existing or future competitors may better address new developments or react more favorably to changes within our industry and may develop or offer e-commerce services providing significant technological, creative, performance, price or other advantages over the services that we offer.

Future sales of common stock by our existing stockholders and stock options granted by us could adversely affect our stock price.

The market price of our common stock could decline as a result of sales of a large number of shares of our common stock in the market or the perception that these sales could occur. These sales also might make it more difficult for us to sell equity securities in the future at a time and at a price that we deem appropriate. As of February 28, 2011, we had outstanding 10,645,135 shares of common stock.

Additional dilution will result if outstanding options are exercised. As of February 28, 2011, we had outstanding stock options to purchase 1,279,585 shares of common stock. In addition, in the event future financings should be in the form of, convertible into or exchangeable for our equity securities, investors may experience additional dilution.

Our business could be materially and adversely affected as a result of general economic and market conditions.

We are subject to the effects of general global economic and market conditions. Unfavorable changes in economic conditions, including inflation, recession, or other changes in economic conditions may cause businesses and entrepreneurs to curtail or eliminate spending on e-commerce services or to reduce demand for our products and services. An adverse change in economic conditions may adversely affect our business.

Some provisions of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws may deter takeover attempts that may limit the opportunity of our stockholders to sell their shares at a favorable price.

Some of the provisions of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us, even if doing so might be beneficial to our stockholders by providing them with the opportunity to sell their shares at a premium to the then market price. Our bylaws contain provisions regulating the introduction of business at annual stockholders' meetings by anyone other than the board of directors. These provisions may have the effect of making it more difficult, delaying, discouraging, preventing or rendering more costly an acquisition or a change in control of our Company.

In addition, our corporate charter provides for a staggered board of directors divided into two classes. Provided that we have at least four directors, it will take at least two annual meetings to effectuate a change in control of the board of directors because a majority of the directors cannot be elected at a single meeting. This extends the time required to effect a change in control of the board of directors and may discourage hostile takeover bids. We currently have six directors.

Further, our certificate of incorporation authorizes the board of directors to issue up to 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock, which may be issued in one or more series, the terms of which may be determined at the time of issuance by the board of directors without further action by stockholders. Such terms may include voting rights, including the right to vote as a series on particular matters, preferences as to dividends and liquidation, conversion and redemption rights and sinking fund provisions. No shares of preferred stock are currently outstanding and we have no present plans for the issuance of any preferred stock. However, the issuance of any preferred stock could materially adversely affect the rights of holders of our common stock, and therefore could reduce its value. In addition, specific rights granted to future holders of preferred stock could be used to restrict our ability to merge with, or sell assets to, a third party. The ability of the board of directors to issue preferred stock could make it more difficult, delay, discourage, prevent or make it more costly to effect a change in control, thereby preserving the current stockholders' control.

If we do not successfully expand our sales teams, we may be unable to substantially increase our sales.

We sell our products primarily through our training workshops, and we must expand the number of our workshop sales teams to increase revenue substantially. If we are unable to hire or retain qualified speakers and sales team members or if new speakers and team members fail to develop the necessary skills to be productive, or if they reach productivity more slowly than anticipated, our ability to increase our revenue and grow our business could be compromised. Our speakers and workshop team members may require a long period of time to become productive. The time required achieving efficiency, as well as the challenge of attracting, training, and retaining qualified candidates, may make it difficult to grow revenue. Further, we may not generate sufficient sales to offset the increased expense resulting from growing our workshop sales force, or we may be unable to manage a larger workshop sales force.

Our stock price could decline further because of the activities of short sellers.

Our stock has historically attracted significant interest from short sellers. The activities of short sellers could further reduce the price of our stock or inhibit increases in our stock price.

Our stock price and operations may be affected by potential stock manipulation.

We believe certain parties are acting in a manner to attempt to denigrate our business for personal profit. We believe certain parties may have engaged in actions intended to cause harm to our Company, and certain parties have made efforts to decrease the market price of our common stock. To the extent such parties engage in any such actions or take any other actions to interfere with our existing and/or prospective business relationships with regulators, vendors, media, partners, customers, lenders, or others, our business, prospects, financial condition and results of operations may suffer, and the price of our common stock may trade at prices below those that might prevail in the absence of any such efforts.

Increased competition, including the entry of new competitors, the introduction of new products by new and existing competitors, or price competition, could have a materially adverse effect on operating results and financial condition.

A number of very large, well capitalized, high profile companies serve the e-commerce and technology markets. If any of these companies entered our markets in a focused and concentrated fashion, we could lose customers, particularly more sophisticated and financially stable customers, and our revenue and profitability would suffer. These potential competitors could likely offer a broad array of products and services that would compete favorably with our product offerings. They could also likely offer these products at prices that would be difficult for us to match.

Our ability to continue to pay cash dividends may be affected by our operating results and other conditions.

In December 2008, the Board of Directors decreased the quarterly cash dividend to \$0.02 from \$0.11 per common share. Although we currently expect to continue to pay cash dividends to our stockholders, the ability to do so will depend upon our results of operations, financial condition, cash requirements, as well as other factors. Also, there can be no assurance that we will continue to pay cash dividends even if the necessary financial conditions are met and if sufficient cash is available for distribution.

Our publicly filed SEC reports are reviewed by the SEC from time to time and any significant changes required as a result of any such review may result in material liability to us and have a material adverse impact on the trading price of our common stock.

The reports of publicly-traded companies are subject to review by the SEC from time to time for the purpose of assisting companies in complying with applicable disclosure requirements and to enhance the overall effectiveness of companies' public filings. Comprehensive reviews by the SEC of such reports are now required at least every three years under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. SEC reviews often occur at the time companies file registration statements, but reviews may be initiated at any time by the SEC. While we believe that our previously filed SEC reports comply, and we intend that all future reports will comply in all material respects with the published rules and regulations of the SEC, we could be required to modify or reformulate information contained in prior filings as a result of an SEC review. Any modification or reformulation of information contained in such reports could be significant and result in a material liability to us and have a material adverse impact on the trading price of our common stock.

Our business and results of operations are affected by general economic conditions and are dependent upon the price of postage, air transportation and food service. Continuing high postage, airfare, and food costs or further cost increases could have a material adverse effect on our operating results.

Our operating results are affected by general economic conditions, including inflation, recession and currency volatility. Currency fluctuations may make our software product less attractive to international purchasers which could negatively impact our revenues. The economic environment may cause reduced demand for our software and widespread national and international concern over instability in the economy may result in customers declining to pay for our product in cash and using financing options which could negatively impact our results of operations and financial position.

Our ability to pass along the increased costs of postage, airfare and food service to our customers is limited by the competitive nature of the software and Internet industry. Often we have not been able to increase our fees to fully offset the effect of increased costs in the past and we may not be able to do so in the future. Additional increases in postage, air transportation and food service costs or disruptions in air transportation or food service supplies could have additional negative effects on us.

We are exposed to fluctuations in currency exchange rates.

Because we conduct business outside the United States but report our results in U.S. dollars, we face exposure to adverse movements in currency exchange rates. As of December 31, 2010, we had approximately \$723,000 of net trade receivables denominated in foreign currencies and \$284,000 in cash and cash equivalents denominated in foreign currencies. If the U.S. dollar weakens against foreign currencies, the translation of these foreign currency denominated transactions will result in increased net revenues as cash is collected from net trade receivables and cash sales. Similarly, our net revenues as cash is collected from trade receivables and cash sales will be negatively impacted if the U.S. dollar strengthens against foreign currencies.

Examinations by relevant tax authorities may result in material changes in related tax reserves for tax positions taken in previously filed tax returns or may impact the valuation of certain deferred income tax assets, such as net operating loss carryforwards.

Based on the outcome of examinations by relevant tax authorities, or as a result of the expiration of statutes of limitations for specific jurisdictions, it is reasonably possible that the related tax reserves for tax positions taken regarding previously filed tax returns will materially change from those recorded in our financial statements. In addition, the outcome of examinations may impact the valuation of certain deferred income tax assets (such as net operating loss carryforwards) in future periods. It is not possible to estimate the impact of the amount of such changes, if any, to previously recorded uncertain tax positions.

Our sales strategy for Crexendo products continues to develop. We intend to continue to develop our direct sales force, as well as small fulfillment offices with sales staff located in larger metropolitan areas. We intend to develop Affiliates (companies providing lead generation) to assist in selling our products. If we do not establish, develop and manage these relationships effectively, our ability to generate revenue and control expenses will be adversely affected.

Our success in developing Crexendo Web Services is dependent in part upon our ability to establish a robust sales channel. As Crexendo Web Services has developed, our sales strategy morphed and emerged, our success with value added resellers had been limited and we therefore depend more heavily on our direct sales channel while attempting to establish an affiliate channel. We are attempting to work with affiliates who will provide lead generation to our sales force cost effectively. Our primary focus is in developing our in house sales channel. Accordingly, our ability to sell our products and services and generate significant revenue through third party leads is highly dependent on our ability to establish an affiliate network.

Our ability to increase our revenues in the future will depend in large part on our success in developing and maintaining a direct sales force to (i) sell to existing customers, (ii) sell to prospects developed by and through our affiliates, (iii) make sales to leads generated through other sources and (iv) through cold sales. Any failure to develop or maintain the appropriate sales level could limit our ability to make sales and could disrupt our relationships with affiliates and could harm our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our ability to increase our revenues in the future for Crexendo SEO and other products (such as Pay per Click ("PPC") sales may depend on the strategy to develop a robust direct sales force as well as small fulfillment and sales offices in major metropolitan areas. Our strategy includes the ability to cost effectively hire qualified employees, develop sales offices in a cost effective manner, and to acquire SEO offices on an accretive cost basis paying for such office primarily with an "earn out". The failure to properly develop this strategy could impede the penetration of Crexendo Web Services into its anticipated markets, and could harm our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We may undertake acquisitions to expand our business, which may pose risks to our business and dilute the ownership of our existing stockholders.

As part of a potential growth strategy we may attempt to acquire certain businesses. Whether we realize benefits from any transaction will depend in part upon the integration of the acquired business, the performance of the acquired products, services, capacities of the technologies acquired as well as the personnel hired in connection therewith. Accordingly, our results of operations could be adversely affected from transaction-related charges, amortization of intangible assets and charges for impairment of long-term assets. While we believe that we have established appropriate and adequate procedures and processes to mitigate these risks, there can be no assurance that any potential transaction will be successful.

In addition, the financing of any acquisition may require us to raise additional funds through public or private sources. Additional funds may not be available on terms that are favorable to us and, in the case of equity financings, may result in dilution to our stockholders. Future acquisitions by us could also result in large and immediate write-offs or assumptions of debt and contingent liabilities, any of which may have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, and cash flows.

Our dependence on outside contractors and third-party agents for fulfillment of certain items and critical manufacturing services could result in product or delivery delays and/or damage our customer relations.

We outsource the manufacturing of certain products we sell and products we provide. We submit purchase orders to agents or the companies that manufacture the products. We describe, among other things, the type and quantities of products or components to be supplied or manufactured and the delivery date and other terms applicable to the products or components. Our suppliers or manufacturers potentially may not accept any purchase order that we submit. Our reliance on outside parties involves a number of potential risks, including: (1) the absence of adequate capacity, (2) the unavailability of, or interruptions in access to, production or manufacturing processes, (3) reduced control over delivery schedules, (4) errors in the product, and (5) claims of third party intellectual infringement or defective merchandise. If delays, problems or defects were to occur, it could adversely affect our business, cause claims for damages to be filed against us, and negatively impact our consolidated operations and cash flows.

If the market for our new products does not develop as we anticipate, our revenue may decline or fail to grow, which would adversely affect our operating results.

We have started to market our Crexendo Web Services products and services, as well as develop additional products including, but not limited to, hosted telecom. The market for these products is still evolving, and it is uncertain whether these products and services will achieve and sustain high levels of demand and market acceptance.

If potential customers do not perceive the benefits of our product lines, sales may not develop or may develop more slowly than we expect, either of which would adversely affect our operations. Because the market for new product development is difficult to predict, we may make errors in predicting and reacting to relevant business trends, which may have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, and cash flows.

Our Chief Executive Officer owns a significant amount of our common stock and could exercise substantial corporate control.

Steven G Mihaylo, our Chief Executive Officer (CEO), owns approximately 35% of our outstanding shares of common stock based on the number of shares outstanding as of February 28, 2011. As a result, Mr. Mihaylo may have the ability to determine the outcome of matters submitted to our stockholders for approval, including the election of directors and any merger, amalgamation, consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of our assets. Mr. Mihaylo may have the ability to control the management and affairs of our Company. Mr. Mihaylo also may have interests different than, or adverse to our other stockholders. Accordingly, even though certain transactions may be in the best interests of other stockholders, this concentration of ownership may harm the market price of our common stock by, among other things, delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of our Company, impeding a merger, amalgamation, consolidation, takeover or other business combination involving our Company, or discouraging a potential acquirer from making a tender offer or otherwise attempting to obtain control of our Company.

In addition, sales or other dispositions of our shares by Mr. Mihaylo may depress our stock price. Sales of a significant number of shares of our common stock in the public market could harm the market price of our common stock. As additional shares of our common stock become available for resale in the public market, the supply of our common stock will increase, which could result in a decrease in the market price of our common stock.

We have incurred operating losses.

We sustained operating losses in the current and prior years. Our ability to sustain profitability and positive cash flows from operating activities will depend on many factors including, but not limited to, our ability to (i) reduce costs, (ii) improve sales and marketing efficiencies, (iii) respond to the current economic slowdown, (iv) reach more highly qualified prospects, and (v) achieve operational improvements.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

Our corporate offices consist of approximately 22,000 square feet of office space in Tempe, Arizona and approximately 78,000 square feet of office and training facilities we lease from unaffiliated third parties. Our corporate office and Crexendo Network Services division are located at 1615 South 52nd Street, Tempe, Arizona 85281, our StoresOnline, Inc. and Crexendo Web Services office is located at 1303 North Research Way, Orem, Utah 84097 and we maintain a training facility located in Salt Lake City, Utah. The lease for our StoresOnline, Inc. and Crexendo Web Services office terminates on September 30, 2013 and the lease for our training facility located in Salt Lake City, Utah terminates on July 31, 2013. The annual rent expense for all of our office space and training facilities is estimated to be approximately \$1,625,000 for the year ending December 31, 2011. We maintain tenant fire and casualty insurance on our assets located in these buildings in an amount that we deem adequate. We also rent, on a daily basis, hotel conference rooms and facilities from time to time in various cities throughout the United States, Canada and other countries at which we host our Preview Training Sessions and Internet Training Workshops. We are under no long-term obligations related to the hotel facilities.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time we receive inquiries from federal, state, city and local government officials in the various jurisdictions in which we operate. These inquiries and investigations generally concern compliance with various city, county, state and/or federal regulations involving sales, representations made, customer service, refund policies, and marketing practices. We respond to these inquiries and have generally been successful in addressing the concerns of these persons and entities, without a formal complaint or charge being made, although there is often no formal closing of the inquiry or investigation. There can be no assurance that the ultimate resolution of these or other inquiries and investigations will not have a material adverse effect on our business or operations, or that a formal complaint will not be initiated. We also receive complaints and inquiries in the ordinary course of our business from both customers and governmental and non-governmental bodies on behalf of customers, and in some cases these customer complaints have risen to the level of litigation. There can be no assurance that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse affect on our business or results of operations.

We have recorded a liability of approximately \$50,000 and \$1,079,000 as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, for estimated losses resulting from various legal proceedings against our Company. Attorneys fees associated with the various legal proceedings are expensed as incurred. Other key estimates are discussed elsewhere in the notes to our consolidated financial statements set forth in Item 8 of this Annual Report.

We are also subject to various claims and legal proceedings covering matters that arise in the ordinary course of business. We believe that the resolution of these other cases will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position, or results of operations.

ITEM 4. REMOVED AND RESERVED

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

MARKET INFORMATION

Our common stock began trading on the New York Stock Exchange - Amex Securities on August 16, 2004 under the symbol "IIG." The following table sets forth the range of high and low sales prices as reported on the New York Stock Exchange - Amex Securities for the periods indicated.

	Hi	<u>.h</u>	Low		
Year Ended December 31, 2010	V				
October to December 2010	\$	5.25	\$	4.22	
July to September 2010		5.00		3.16	
April to June 2010		7.00		3.25	
January to March 2010		7.35		5.18	
Six Months Ended December 31, 2009*					
October to December 2009		7.85		5.79	
July to September 2009		8.30		6.10	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009					
April to June 2009		8.50		4.00	
January to March 2009		5.90		3.10	
October to December 2008		11.10		3.46	
July to September 2008		12.15		9.15	

^{*} We changed our fiscal year end to December 31 effective December 31, 2009. Accordingly, our fiscal period ended December 31, 2009 was comprised of only two fiscal quarters.

SECURITY HOLDERS

There were 292 holders of record of our shares of common stock as of February 28, 2011. The number of holders does not include individual participants in security positions listings.

DIVIDENDS

The following table sets forth information regarding cash dividends declared by our Board of Directors for the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009:

Declaration Date	 r Share vidend	Record Date	T	otal Amount	Payment Date		
Year Ended December 31, 2010							
December 20, 2010	\$ 0.02	December 30, 2010	\$	214,000	January 7, 2011		
September 28, 2010	\$ 0.02	October 7, 2010	\$	228,000	October 14, 2010		
June 22, 2010	\$ 0.02	June 29, 2010	\$	229,000	July 7, 2010		
March 29, 2010	\$ 0.02	April 5, 2010	\$	229,000	April 12, 2010		
Six Months Ended December 31, 2009							
December 22, 2009	\$ 0.02	December 29, 2009	\$	229,000	Janaury 5, 2010		
September 14, 2009	\$ 0.02	September 22, 2009	\$	229,000	September 29, 2009		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009							
June 30, 2009	\$ 0.02	July 15, 2009	\$	229,000	July 31, 2009		
March 25, 2009	\$ 0.02	April 6, 2009	\$	228,000	April 20, 2009		
December 19, 2008	\$ 0.02	January 4, 2009	\$	227,000	January 20, 2009		
September 3, 2008	\$ 0.11	September 20, 2008	\$	1,259,000	September 26, 2008		

There are no contractual restrictions on dividends declared for the year ended December 31, 2010, six months ended December 31, 2009, and fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SEQURITIES

We have a share purchase program that authorizes us to purchase outstanding shares of our common stock. The aggregate dollar amount originally authorized in September 2006 for purchase was \$20,000,000 through September 2009. In September 2007, our Board of Directors authorized the purchase of an additional \$50,000,000 of our common stock through September 2012. The following are details of purchases under this program for the quarter ended December 31, 2010:

				Total	Approximate
				Number of	Dollar
				Shares	Value of
				Purchased	Shares that
				As Part of	May Yet Be
				Publicly	Purchased
	Total Number		Average	Announced	Under the
	of Shares		Price Paid	Plans	Plans or
Period	Purchased (a)		Per Share	or Programs	Programs
Ocotober 1, 2010 - October 31, 2010	•		-		\$42,552,000
November 1, 2010 - November 30, 2010	•		•	-	\$42,552,000
December 1, 2010 - December 31, 2010	737,463	\$	4.75	737,463	\$42,490,000
Total	737,463	S	4.75	737.463	\$42,490,000

(a) Our share purchase program was originally announced on September 5, 2006. On September 4, 2007, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of an additional \$50,000,000 of our common stock, bringing the total amount authorized for repurchase to \$70,000,000 through September 2012. During the three months ended December 31, 2010, 13,567 shares were purchased in open-market transactions at an average share price of \$4.57.

On November 3, 2010, we announced the commencement of a modified Dutch auction tender offer to purchase up to \$4,750,000 in value of shares of our common stock at a price not less than \$4.35 per share and not more than \$4.75 per share. The tender offer closed on December 10, 2010, after which we purchased and cancelled 723,896 shares of our common stock at a cost of \$3,438,000.

RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

None

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The consolidated statement of operations data for the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, and the consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2010, and December 31, 2009 are derived from our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report. The consolidated statement of operations data for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 and the consolidated balance sheet data as of June 30, 2009, 2008, 2007, and 2006 are derived from audited consolidated financial statements not included in this Annual Report. In order to provide a meaningful comparison with our current calendar year 2010 results and the six month transition period ended December 31, 2009, the selected financial data below includes the consolidated statement of operations data for the year ended December 31, 2009 and six months ended December 31, 2008, which are derived from our unaudited consolidated financial statements not included in this Annual Report. Historical results are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected in the future.

The following selected financial data should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto, set forth in Item 8 of this Annual Report, as well as the discussion under Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, included in this Annual Report.

	Year Ended December 31,				Six Months Ended December 31,					Fiscal Year Ended J					June 30,			
		2010	_	2009		2009		2008		2009 2008			2007		_	2006		
Consolidated Statement of Operations Data:				_	_	(in thou	san	ds, except	per	share am	share amounts)							
Revenue	\$	65,793	\$	76,007	\$	35,716	\$	54,120	\$	94,411	\$	128,048	\$	151,617	\$	185,089		
Net income (loss)	\$	(2,310)	\$	11,418	\$	1,331	\$	(17,628)	\$	(7,542)	3,142		\$ 24,001		\$110,622			
Net income (loss) per common share:																		
Basic	\$	(0.20)	-	1.00	\$	0.12	\$	(1.55)	\$	(0.66)	-	0.27	\$		\$	9.09		
Diluted	\$	(0.20)	\$	1.00	\$	0.12	\$	(1.55)	\$	(0.66)	\$	0.26	\$	1.87	\$	8.76		
Dividends per common																		
share	\$	80.0	\$	0.08	\$	0.04	\$	0.13	\$	0.17	\$	0.44	\$	0.20	\$	-		
Weighted average common shares outstanding:																		
Basic		11,357		11,381		11,402		11,351		11,371		11,676		12,344		12,164		
Diluted		11,357		11,423		11,485		11,351		11,371		11,858		12,830		12,625		
				Ąı	lo i	December :	31,		As of J					une 30,				
				2010		2009		2008		2009		2008	_	2007		2006		
								(i:	n th	ousands)	_		_					
Consolidated Balance Sl	hee	t Data:																
Cash and cash equivalent	ts		\$	14,207	\$	21,549	\$	18,762	\$	20,474	\$	26,184	\$	36,859	\$	30,023		
Working capital				11,388		17,604		14,140		16,337		20,558		35,755		19,492		
Total assets				51,644		56,442		75,772		67,354		86,614		96,710		66,012		
Deferred revenue				23,280	22,274			40,962		33,863		43,191		42,455	28,757			
Debt and collateralized b		owings		_				148		115		179		_		_		
Capital lease obligations Stockholders' equity				20,120		25,982		13.666	24,400		32,475		44,408		91 29.979			
Stockholders equity				20,120		27,702		12,000		27,700		32,713		77,700		23,313		

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS SAFE HARBOR

In addition to historical information, this Annual Report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors, risks and uncertainties, including the risk factors set forth in Item IA. above and the risk factors set forth in this Annual Report. Generally, the words "anticipate", "expect", "intend", "believe" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements made in this Annual Report are made as of the filing date of this Annual Report with the SEC, and future events or circumstances could cause results that differ significantly from the forward-looking statements included here. Accordingly, we caution readers not to place undue reliance on these statements. We expressly disclaim any obligation to update or alter our forward-looking statements, whether, as a result of new information, future events or otherwise after the date of this document.

OVERVIEW

We are a provider of cloud-based infrastructure services to entrepreneurs and small and medium-sized businesses. Our services include high quality voice and messaging services over broadband networks, Do-It-For-Me and Do-It-Yourself content management and website building tools, online marketing, online lead generation, e-commerce technology, and training solutions that enable entrepreneurs and small and medium-sized businesses to build and maintain an effective online presence. Our services are designed to help increase the predictability of success for online businesses.

Our primary web service offerings are designed to meet the needs of entrepreneurs and small and medium-sized businesses anywhere along its lifecycle. Our Do-It-Yourself package includes our robust content management and website building solution, fully enabled e-commerce package, online marketing tools, and educational training modules. In addition to our primary service offerings for the Do-It-Yourself customer base, we also offer a variety of premium services to the Do-It-Yourself customer such as initial site design and build, logo design, dropshipper/supplier integration, and a variety of search engine optimization and link building packages.

Our Do-It-For-Me services are comprehensive and flexible allowing us to meet the needs of a wide variety of customers ranging from those just establishing their online presence to those wanting to enhance their existing online presence. These services include custom website design and development, search engine optimization, link building, conversion rate optimization, paid search management, and social media management. Additionally, as the online space continues to evolve our product and service offerings will continue to evolve to keep our customers on the cutting edge of the online space.

In addition to web services, we offer a suite of high quality voice and messaging services over broadband networks. Our small and home office services are portable and allow our customers to make and receive phone calls almost anywhere a broadband internet connection is available. We transmit these calls using VoIP technology, which converts voice signals into digital data packets for transmission over the Internet. At a cost effective rate, each of our calling plans provides a number of basic features typically offered by traditional telephone service providers, plus a wide range of enhanced features that we believe offers an attractive value proposition to our customers.

We rely heavily on our network, which is a flexible, scalable Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) based VoIP network that rides on top of the Internet. This platform enables a user via a single "identity" to access and utilize services and features regardless of how they are connected to the Internet. As a result, with one identity, either a number or user name, customers have access to Crexendo voice, messaging, features, and personal profile information regardless of location, device, or how they access the Internet.

SOURCES OF REVENUE

We derive our revenue from sales of a variety of services to entrepreneurs, small and medium-sized businesses, including sale of software licenses, web design, SEO, paid search management, hosting, link building, and commissions from third parties. Leads are generated primarily through direct mail marketing campaigns, online advertising campaigns, and through strategic partnerships.

LICENSE REVENUE

We currently derive a substantial majority of our revenue from cash collected on the sale of our content management and web building software licenses at workshop events held throughout the year, as well as principal collected on the sale of software

licenses sold through extended payment term arrangements (EPTAs). In the fourth quarter of 2010 we transitioned approximately 80% from a software license model to a Software as a Service (SaaS) model. However, as we recognize revenue on our EPTA contracts as eash is collected, we will continue to derive software license revenue for the next two to three years as the original sale that derived the EPTA contract was a software license.

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES REVENUE

We generate professional services revenue primarily from website design and development, search engine optimization services, link building, paid search management services, and conversion rate optimization services. These services are typically billed on a fixed price basis or on a monthly recurring basis with an initial term of six to twelve months.

SUBSCRIPTION AND HOSTING REVENUE

During the fourth quarter of 2010 we transitioned approximately 80% from a software license model to a SaaS model which provides access to our software for a monthly fee. We also derive revenue from monthly web hosting fees from our software license customers who utilize our hosting services. Revenue is recognized ratably on a daily basis over the life of the contract for all subscription and hosting services. The typical contract is a recurring monthly contract, although terms range up to 12 months. As we progress in this transition from a software license model to a SaaS model, key metrics, such as net subscriber additions and monthly chum become increasingly important metrics in measuring fluctuations in revenue.

PRODUCT REVENUE

We generate product revenue from the sale of DVD training courses covering a host of online marketing topics, including affiliate marketing, Amazon® and eBay® training, comparison shopping engines, competitive reconnaissance, conversion rate optimization, keyword research, link building, localization and regionalization, paid search campaigns, permission marketing, search engine optimization, social media marketing, and Google® Analytics. These services are typically billed on a fixed price basis.

COMMISSION REVENUE

We generate commissions from contracted third-party companies who telemarket complementary products and services to our customer base. This commission is typically paid as a percentage of revenue generated by these third-party companies on products and services sold to our customer base.

As we are currently reliant upon sales generated through our workshop channel, for both current revenue in the form of cash collected on the initial sale of the software license, DVD training courses, or professional services sold through our events, as well as future revenue in the form of principal cash collected on EPTA contracts, our revenue will fluctuate based upon the quantity of sales teams we have deployed at any point in time, quantity of events held, average cash percentage of buyers at events, average number of buying units at events, average purchase price, and average sales rate at each event. In addition to the metrics associated with our workshop events, our revenue will fluctuate with the dollar volume of collections on our receivables, as we recognize revenue upon receipt of cash from our customers and not at the time of sale.

We have historically sold our products and services through an educational seminar model which has subjected us to claims by governmental agencies that we are required to register as a seller of business opportunities, as well as raised questions about the manner in which we sell the product. While we have successfully defended the claim of selling a business opportunity, except in the State of California which has a statute with different requirements than other jurisdictions, we have made changes to the manner in which we sell the product at our seminars in an effort to be more transparent. We do not believe our model constitutes a business opportunity, but we have the ability to adjust our model if there are changes in the law relative to selling business opportunities. Our ability to effectively align our business model with the needs of our customers will impact our future growth opportunities.

Economic Factors

The tight credit markets in place over the past two years has adversely affected our business as consumers and businesses continued to be limited in their ability to obtain alternate sources of financing. Since the tightening of the credit markets began, we have seen an increasing percentage of customers elect to utilize our financing option, which have terms of between two and three years. Because we recognize revenue as cash is collected, and not at the time of sale, this increase in the percentage of customers utilizing our financing option has negatively impacted our current revenue, but will result in additional future revenue as customer payments are collected.

Opportunities

Technological and product innovation has been the foundation of our long-term growth, and we intend to maintain our commitment to invest in product development, engineering excellence, and delivering high-quality products and services to customers. Recognizing that one of our primary business objectives is to help entrepreneurs and small and medium businesses increase the effectiveness and visibility of their online presence, we organized Crexendo Web Services. Crexendo Web Services offers a wide range of services, including content management, SaaS, SEO services, search engine management services, website and logo design services and conversion rate optimization services.

We believe our long-term focus on investing in products and developing new and alternative sales channels is enabling us to build a foundation for growth by delivering innovative products, creating opportunities for potential channel partners, and improving customer satisfaction. Our focus continues to be to execute in key areas through ongoing innovation on our integrated content management software solution, responding effectively to customer and partner needs, and focusing internally on product excellence, business efficacy, and accountability across our Company.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with US GAAP and form the basis for the following discussion and analysis on critical accounting policies and estimates. The preparation of these financial statements requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On a regular basis we evaluate our estimates and assumptions. Estimates are based on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. Management has discussed the development, selection and disclosure of these estimates with our Board of Directors and its Audit Committee.

A summary of our significant accounting policies is provided in Note 1 to our consolidated financial statements. We believe the critical accounting policies and estimates described below reflect our more significant estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements. The impact and any associated risks on our business that are related to these policies are also discussed throughout this "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" where such policies affect reported and expected financial results.

Revenue Recognition

In general, we recognize revenue when all of the following conditions are satisfied: (1) there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement; (2) the product or service has been provided to the customer, (3) the amount of fees to be paid by the customer is fixed or determinable; and (4) the collection of our fees is probable. Specifics to revenue category are as follows:

Software License and Product Revenue

Cash sales of software licenses and DVD training courses, are recognized as revenue when the cash is received, net of expected customer refunds, upon expiration of the customers' rescission period, which typically occurs three days after the licenses are delivered or when the Internet training workshop takes place, whichever occurs later.

Software licenses and DVD training courses sold under EPTAs are recognized as revenue upon receipt of cash from customers and not at the time of sale. Although we believe we are able to reasonably estimate the collectability of our receivables based upon our history of offering EPTAs, accounting standards require revenue to be deferred until customer payments are received if collection of the original principal balance is not probable. Additionally, if we subsequently sell the receivables on a non-recourse basis, accounting standards require that the related revenue be deferred until the customer makes cash payments to the third-party purchaser of the receivables. There are no receivable balances outstanding that are subject to recourse by our Company.

We have bundled products in two types of arrangements at our Internet training workshop. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the six month ended December 31, 2009, and the first three quarters of the year ended December 31, 2010, we primarily combined our software license with other complementary products and would assign fair value using the residual method in accordance with accounting guidance for software arrangements. We use the residual method as we have vendor specific objective evidence for all undelivered elements in the software arrangement. During the fourth quarter of 2010, we primarily sold our software under a SaaS model and would combine it with other complementary products and would assign fair value using the residual method in accordance with accounting guidance for multi-element arrangements. We use the residual method as we have vendor specific objective evidence for all undelivered elements in the multi-element arrangement.

Professional Services Revenue

Fees collected for professional services, including website design and development, search engine optimization services, link-building, and paid search management services are recognized as revenue, net of expected customer refunds, over the period during which the services are expected to be performed, based upon the fair value for such services. Fees related to EPTA contracts are deferred and recognized as revenue during the service period or when cash is collected, whichever occurs later.

Subscription and Hosting Revenue

Fees collected for subscription and hosting revenue are recognized ratably as services are provided. Customers are billed for these services on a monthly or annual basis at the customer's option. For all of our customers, regardless of their billing method, subscription revenue is recorded as deferred revenue in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. As services are performed, we recognize subscription revenue ratably over the applicable service period. When we provide a free trial period, we do not begin to recognize subscription revenue until the trial period has ended and the customer has been billed for the services.

Commission Revenue

We have contracts with third-party entities with respect to telemarketing product sales to our customers following the sale of the initial software licenses. These products and services are intended to assist the customers with their Internet businesses. These products are sold and delivered completely by third parties. We receive commissions from these third parties, and recognize the revenue as the commissions are received, net of expected customer refunds.

Change in Avail Contract

In April 2007, we began marketing and selling Avail 24/7, an all-in-one communications service which assists small businesses and entrepreneurs to manage phone menus, voicemail, email, and fax in one online application. Customers purchasing the Avail product are charged a non-refundable activation fee along with a monthly service fee. The non-refundable activation fee is deferred and recognized ratably over the estimated customer life, which is currently estimated to be four and one-half years. The monthly service fee is recognized ratably over the service period.

In January 2010 we changed the contract that is associated with the sale of our Avail 24/7 subscription. Effective March 31, 2010 any customer that has not activated their Avail 24/7 subscription was assessed an activation fee of an additional \$34.95. Prior to this change in contract, this activation fee was included in a bundle of items sold at the workshop and there was no time limit on activation. All existing customers were notified of the change in contract in January and were given 60-days to activate Avail 24/7 without paying the additional activation fee. As a result of this change in contract, we recognized approximately \$1,000,000 in revenue upon expiration of the 60-day notice in March 2010 for the Avail 24/7 activation fees described above as we no longer had an obligation to provide the activation. In addition to the change in the Avail 24/7 contract, this product will not be included in the bundle of items sold at the workshop. Avail 24/7 will continue to be sold as a standalone product.

Fees collected related to sales tax and other government assessed taxes are recognized on a net basis.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Since 1999, we have offered to our customers the option to finance, through EPTAs, purchases made at the Internet training workshops. We record the receivable and deferred revenue, along with an allowance for doubtful accounts, at the time the EPTA contract is perfected. The allowance represents estimated losses resulting from the customers' failure to make required payments. The allowances for doubtful accounts for EPTAs we retain by the Company are netted against the current and long-term trade receivable balances in our consolidated balance sheets. All allowance estimates are based on historical collection experience, specific identification of probable bad debts based on collection efforts, aging of trade receivables, customer payment history, and other known factors, including current economic conditions. If allowances prove inadequate, additional allowances would be required. Because revenue generated from customers financing through EPTAs is deferred and not recognized prior to the collection of cash, adjustments to allowances for doubtful accounts are made through deferred revenue and do not impact operating income or loss. Trade receivables are written-off against the allowance when the related customers are no longer making required payments and the trade receivables are determined to be uncollectible, typically 90 days past their original due date.

Income Taxes

In preparing our consolidated financial statements, we are required to estimate our income taxes in each of the jurisdictions in which we operate. This process involves estimating current income tax liabilities together with assessing temporary differences resulting from differing treatment of items for tax and financial reporting purposes. These temporary differences result in deferred income tax assets and liabilities. Our deferred income tax assets consist primarily of the future benefit of net operating loss carryforwards, certain deferred revenue, accrued expenses and tax credit carryforwards. We may recognize the tax benefits from an uncertain tax position only if it is more-likely-than-not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Results of Consolidated Operations

The following discussion of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto and other financial information included elsewhere in this Annual Report. On November 2009, our board of directors approved a change of our Company's fiscal year end from June 30 to December 31 effective December 31, 2009. The resulting six-month period ended December 31, 2009 may be referred to herein as the "Transition Period". The six-month period ended December 31, 2008 is unaudited. We refer to the period beginning July 1, 2008 and ending June 30, 2009 as "fiscal 2009", and the period beginning July 1, 2007 and ending June 30, 2008 as "fiscal 2008".

In order to provide a meaningful comparison with our current calendar year 2010 results, the tables and discussion that follow compare the results for the year ended December 31, 2010 with the unaudited results of the year ended December 31, 2009, as well as the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 (unaudited) and the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

	 rear Ended I	Decen	nber 31,			s Ended er 31,					
	2010		2009		2009		2008		2009		2008
Consolidated Operations			(in th	ousa	nds, except	per	share amou	ınts)			
Revenue	\$ 65,793	\$	76,007	\$	35,716	\$	54,120	\$	94,411	\$	128,048
Income (loss) before income taxes	(1,618)		7,405		1,968		(7,298)		(1,861)		6,181
Income tax benefit (provision)	(692)		4,013		(637)		(10,330)		(5,681)		(3,039)
Net income (loss)	(2,310)		11,418		1,331		(17,628)		(7,542)		3,142
Diluted net income (loss) per share	\$ (0.20)	\$	1.00	\$	0.12	\$	(1.55)	\$	(0.66)	\$	0.26

Year Ended December 31, 2010 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2009

Revenue

Total net revenue decreased 13% in the year ended December 31, 2010 compared with the same period of 2009, primarily due to a 28% decrease in principal collected on our accounts receivable balance, a 16% decrease in commissions payable to us by third parties as a result of fewer leads generated from our StoresOnline division, and a 15% decrease in the number of workshops held. Crexendo Web Services generated revenue of \$1,322,000 during the year ended December 31, 2010 compared with \$127,000 in the corresponding period in 2009.

Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes

Income (loss) before income tax decreased \$9.0 million, or 122%, in the year ended December 31, 2010 compared with the corresponding period of 2009. Revenue for the year ended December 31, 2010 decreased \$10.2 million, or 13% as compared to same period of 2009. Total operating expenses decreased 2% to \$72,367,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to \$74,220,000 in the corresponding period of 2009. The increase in operating expenses as a percentage of revenue, from 98% in the year ended December 31, 2009 to 110% in the year ended December 31, 2010, was primarily attributable to increases in costs in our Crexendo Web Services and our Crexendo Network Services division as we continue to develop new products and services and invest in additional sales and marketing channels to diversify our customer base.

Income Tax Provision

During the year ended December 31, 2010, we recorded an income tax provision of \$692,000. This compares to income tax benefit of \$4,013,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009. Income taxes are based on the estimated effective federal, state and foreign income tax rates. Although we had a pre-tax loss for the year ended December 31, 2010 of \$1,618,000 we had provision for income taxes primarily as a result of an uncertain tax liability due to the use of foreign tax credits on returns amended during the year ended December 31, 2010 and an additional valuation allowance placed on our remaining foreign tax credits. Our tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2009 was favorable as a result of the reversal of an uncertain tax liability due to a favorable conclusion of an audit in the United States.

Six Months Ended December 31, 2009 Compared to Six Months Ended December 31, 2008

Revenue

Total net revenue decreased 34% in the six months ended December 31, 2009 compared with the same period of 2008, primarily due to a 33% decrease in principal collected on our accounts receivable balance, a 33% decrease in commissions payable to us by third parties as a result of fewer leads generated from our StoresOnline division, and a 24% decrease in the number of workshops held. Crexendo Web Services generated revenue of \$127,000 during the six months ended December 31, 2009 compared with zero in the corresponding period in 2008.

Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes

Income (loss) before income tax increased \$9.3 million, or 127%, in the six months ended December 31, 2009 compared with the corresponding period of 2008. Revenue for the six months ended December 31, 2009 decreased \$18.4 million, or 34% as compared to same period of 2008. Operating expenses decreased as a percentage of revenue, from 119% in the six months ended December 31, 2009 to 101% in the six months ended December 31, 2008. The decrease is primarily due to the implementation of sales and marketing cost savings programs which lowered our cost per mail piece in our StoresOnline division as described below in the segment operating results.

Income Tax Provision

During the six months ended December 31, 2009, we recorded an income tax provision of \$637,000. This compares to an income tax provision of \$10,330,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2008. The income tax provision recorded for the six months ended December 31, 2008 is higher than federal, state, and foreign statutory rates as a result of our settlement with the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") and the creation of a valuation allowance on certain deferred income tax assets, as discussed below.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Compared to Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Revenue

Total net revenue decreased 26% in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 compared with the same period of 2008, primarily due to an 11% decrease in principal collected on our accounts receivable balance, a 17% decrease in commissions payable to us by third parties as a result of fewer leads generated from our StoresOnline division, and a 24% decrease in the number of workshops held.

Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes

Income (loss) before income tax increased \$8.0 million, or 130%, in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 compared with the corresponding period of 2008. Revenue for fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 decreased \$33.6 million, or 26% as compared to same period of 2008. Total operating expenses decreased 22% to \$102,290,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to \$131,301,000 in the corresponding period of 2009. Operating expenses increased as a percentage of revenue, from 103% in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 to 108% in fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Trends in operating expenses will not always be consistent with the trends in revenues due to the fact that cost of revenues and selling and marketing expenses are typically recognized when incurred, at the time of sale, and no later than the expiration of the customer's three-day cancellation period, but the related revenues are often deferred in accordance with accounting guidance.

Income Tax Provision

During fiscal 2009, we recorded an income tax provision of \$5,681,000. This compares to an income tax provision of \$3,039,000 during fiscal 2008. The income tax provision recorded in fiscal 2009 is higher than federal, state, and foreign statutory rates as a result of our settlement with the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") and the creation of a valuation allowance on certain deferred tax assets.

In August 2009, we reached a settlement with the IRS resulting from its audit of our income tax returns for fiscal years 2007, 2006, and 2005. The settlement with the IRS related to the following items:

the deductibility, under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 274 ("Section 274"), of 50% of the cost of meals provided to attendees at our preview and workshop training sessions. The settlement reached with the IRS appeals office allows us to deduct 100% of all meals provided to attendees at both the preview and workshop training sessions. Therefore, no liabilities are recognized in the consolidated financial statements related to this issue.

- limitations imposed by Internal Revenue Code Section 382 ("Section 382"). Section 382 imposes limitations on a corporation's ability to utilize its NOLs if it experiences an "ownership change." In general terms, an ownership change results from transactions increasing the ownership of certain stockholders in the stock of a corporation by more than 50 percentage points over a three-year period. From the time of our formation through fiscal 2002, we issued a significant number of shares, resulting in two changes of control, as defined by Section 382. As a result of the most recent ownership change, utilization of our pre-ownership change NOL carryovers are subject to an annual limitation under Section 382. The annual limitation is determined by multiplying the value of our stock at the time of the ownership change by the applicable federal long-term tax-exempt rate. Any unused annual limitation may be carried over to later years (until those NOLs expire), and the amount of the limitation may, under certain circumstances, be increased by the "recognized built-in gains" that occur during the five-year period after the ownership change (the "recognition period"). We had previously determined we had sufficient built-in gains to offset future income without limitation. As a result of the settlement reached with the IRS, we conceded that the fiscal 2002 ownership change resulted in a Section 382 limitation of \$461,000 per year and that there were not sufficient built-in gains to offset future income. Based on this settlement, we have determined that it is more likely than not that approximately \$14,641,000 of our federal NOL carry forwards will expire unutilized. We do not account for the forgone NOL carryovers in our deferred tax assets and only account for the NOL carryforwards that will not expire unutilized as a result of the restrictions of IRC section 382.
- the IRS argued to re-open our income tax returns for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, both of which are closed from examination. The IRS argued that under Section 481(a) there was a change in "method of accounting" with respect to our recognized built-in-gains described above. As part of the settlement, the IRS appeals office found no merit to the assertion that Section 481(a) can be applied to the fiscal 2004 and 2003 tax returns. Therefore, no liabilities are recognized in the consolidated financial statements related to this issue.

Segment Operating Results

The information below is organized in accordance with our three reportable segments. Segment operating income (loss) is equal to segment net revenue less segment cost of revenue, sales and marketing, and general and administrative expenses. Segment expenses do not include certain costs, such as corporate general and administrative expenses and share-based compensation expenses, which are not allocated to specific segments.

Operating Results of our StoresOnline Division (in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31,					Six Mont Decem		Fiscal Year Ended June 30,				
		2010		2009		2009		2008		2009		2008
StoresOnline				· · · · · ·							_	
Revenue	\$	64,471	\$	75,880	\$	35.589	\$	54.120	\$	94,411	\$	128.048
Operating expenses:				•			•	· .,	•	2 .,	•	120,010
Cost of revenue		20,876		22,384		11.186		17,746		28,945		41,011
Selling and marketing		31,433		33,499		15,911		34,565		52.154		69,556
General and administrative		6,653		6,830		3,037		6,141		9,630		9,488
Operating income (loss)	\$	5,509	\$	13,167	\$	5,455	\$	(4,332)	\$		\$	7,993
Other income		4,956		5,619		2,491		2,891		6,018		9,434
Income (loss) before taxes	\$	10,465	\$	18,786	\$	7,946	<u>\$</u>	(1,441)	<u>\$</u>	9,700	\$	17,427

Year Ended December 31, 2010 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2009

Revenue

Revenue for the year ended December 31, 2010 decreased 15% to \$64,471,000 from \$75,880,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Revenue from our StoresOnline division is generated primarily through cash collected on the sale of StoresOnline software licenses at workshop events held throughout the year, as well as principal amounts collected on the sale of StoresOnline software licenses sold through EPTAs. Fees for our StoresOnline Software (SOS) licenses sold under EPTAs are recognized as revenue as cash payments are received from the customer and not at the time of sale. Revenue related to cash collected under EPTA agreements decreased to \$18,028,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to \$24,966,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009. The decrease in cash collected under EPTA agreements was primarily due to a decrease in our accounts receivable balance, which for StoresOnline, generates revenue as cash is collected in future periods. Our typical EPTA contract is for a period of two to three years. As such, increases in sales at our workshop events made through EPTA's are initially recognized in our balance sheet, net of bad debt, through our deferred revenue balance, rather than through the income statement. As we have decreased the number of sales teams over the past two years from nine teams, to six teams, and finally to four teams, our principal collection of receivables has steadily declined. As we currently finance a substantial percentage of our customers through EPTA agreements, one of the key indicators in our sales growth is increases in our deferred revenue balance, as it represents future revenue upon collection of receivables. The following table summarizes the activity within deferred revenue for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 (in thousands):

\$ 40,962	
(24,966)
 6,249	
22,245	
(18,028)
 19,012	
\$ 23,229	
	(24,966 6,249 22,245 (18,028 19,012

Cash sales of SOS licenses and other products at our events as well as hosting revenue decreased to \$35,794,000 in the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to \$38,171,000 in the year ended December 31, 2009. The decrease was primarily attributable to:

- (1) The number of Internet Training Workshops we conducted during the year ended December 31, 2010 decreased 15% to 571 (including 28 that were held outside the United States) compared to 673 (21 were held outside the United States) during the year ended December 31, 2009.
- (2) As a result of the decrease in number of events in the year ended December 31, 2010, we had approximately 7,755 fewer buying units in attendance at our previews in the year ended December 31, 2010 compared to the year ended December 31, 2009. As a result of the decrease in number of events, we had approximately 1,897 fewer workshop buyers in the year ended December 31, 2010 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2009. The decrease in the number of workshop buyers reduced revenue for the year ended December 31, 2010 by approximately \$3,638,000, compared to the corresponding period of 2009.
- (3) Cash purchases as a percentage of total workshop purchases decreased to 37% for the year ended December 31, 2010 from 41% for the year ended December 30, 2009. The lower percentage of cash at the workshop further decreased revenue for the year ended December 31, 2010 by approximately \$2,621,000, compared to the corresponding period of 2009.
- (4) Offsetting the decrease in workshop buying units and the lower cash percentage was the fact that approximately 28% of buying units made a purchase at the workshops during the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to 25% for the year ended December 31, 2009, which resulted in 1,465 additional workshop buyers and \$2,957,000 in additional workshop revenue.
- (5) Further offsetting the decrease in workshop buying units and the lower cash percentage was a \$228,000 increase in hosting revenue for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to the corresponding period of 2009.
- (6) Revenue from preview and follow-up events decreased by \$1,729,000 during the year ended December 31, 2010 compared to the year ended December 31, 2009.

- (7) Partially offsetting the overall decrease in revenue was a decrease to deferred revenue of \$769,000 in the year ended December 31, 2010 compared to a decrease of \$151,000 in the same period of 2009. The majority of the decrease in 2010 was due to the change in the Avail 24/7 contract (See Note 1 to the financial statements). The difference in the change in deferred revenue in both periods resulted in a \$618,000 increase to revenue in the year ended December 31, 2010 compared to the same period in 2009.
- (8) Partially offsetting the overall decrease in revenue was a decrease in refunds when compared to the prior period. As a result of giving fewer refunds in the current period, revenue increased \$2,081,000 in the year ended December 31, 2010 compared to the year ended December 31, 2009.

Commissions from third parties decreased 16% to \$10,649,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010, from \$12,743,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue consists primarily of the cost to conduct Internet Training Workshops, credit card fees, and the cost of products sold. Cost of revenue for the year ended December 31, 2010 decreased 7% to \$20,876,000, from \$22,384,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009. Cost of revenue as a percentage of revenue increased to 32% in the current year compared to 29% in prior year. The increase in cost of revenue as a percentage of revenue was primarily due to the implementation of certain promotions beginning in September 2010 designed to increase the attendance at our workshops. The impact of these promotions was an increase of 3% to cost of revenue as a percentage of revenue.

Selling and Marketing

Selling and marketing expenses consist of payroll and related expenses for sales and marketing activities, advertising, and promotional and public relations expenses. Selling and marketing expenses for the year ended December 31, 2010 decreased 6% to \$31,433,000, from \$33,499,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009. Selling and marketing expense as a percentage of revenue increased to 49% in the current year from 44% in prior year, primarily due to a decrease in the response to our direct mail advertising. This decrease in response rate resulted in fewer attendees at our preview events compared to the prior year quarter. As a result of the decrease in response rate despite the same level of expense on our direct mail advertising, our revenue per advertising dollar decreased, which significantly impacted our selling and marketing expense as a percentage of revenue. The overall decrease in selling and marketing expense is due primarily to a 19% decrease in number of preview events to 3,404 in the current year compared to 4,191 in the prior year, which decreased preview related event costs by approximately \$525,000. Trends in selling and marketing expenses will not always be consistent with the trends in revenue due to the fact that selling and marketing expenses are typically recognized when incurred, at the time of sale, and no later than the expiration of the customer's three-day cancellation period, but the related revenue is often deferred in accordance with the application of generally accepted accounting principles.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses consist of payroll and related expenses for executive, accounting and administrative personnel, legal, accounting and other professionals, finance company service fees, and other general corporate expenses. General and administrative expenses for the year ended December 31, 2010 had a small decrease to \$6,653,000 from \$6,830,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Other Income

Other income primarily relates to EPTA contracts, which generally carry an 18% simple interest rate. For the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, other income was \$4,956,000 and \$5,619,000, respectively. The decrease was primarily attributable to the collection of interest income from EPTA contracts decreasing 17% to \$4,653,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010 compared to \$5,619,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009. This decrease was partially offset by a one-time sale of receivables that had previously been written off the books for \$303,000 in the current year.

Six Months Ended December 31, 2009 Compared to Six Months Ended December 31, 2008

Revenues

Revenues for the six months ended December 31, 2009 decreased 34% to \$35,589,000 from \$54,120,000 for the six months ended December 2008.

Fees for SOS licenses sold under EPTAs are recognized as revenue as cash payments are received from the customer and not at the time of sale. Revenues related to cash collected under EPTA agreements decreased to \$10,654,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2009 compared to \$15,819,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2008. The decrease in cash collected under EPTA agreements is primarily due to an increase in uncollectable accounts which we believe was a result of worsening economic conditions, as well as decrease in sales made under EPTA agreements as a result of the reduction in number of workshop events. During the six months ended December 31, 2009 we increased our reserve on uncollectable accounts by an additional \$8,738,000 as a result of increasing deterioration in our accounts receivable collections. The following table summarizes the activity within deferred revenue for the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 (in thousands):

StoresOnline deferred revenue as of July		
1,2008	\$ 43,191	
Cash collected on Principal of EPTA		
Contracts	(15,819)
Deferred revenue added during period (net		
of writeoffs)	 13,590	
StoresOnline deferred revenue as of		
December 31, 2008	\$ 40,962	
StoresOnline deferred revenue as of July		
1,2009	\$ 33,863	
Cash collected on Principal of EPTA		
Contracts	(10,654)
Deferred revenue subtracted during period		
(net of writeoffs)	 (935)
StoresOnline deferred revenue as of		
December 31, 2009	\$ 22,274	

The remaining decrease in revenues for the six months ended December 31, 2009 compared to the six months ended December 31, 2008 is primarily related to a decrease in cash sales of SOS licenses at workshop and preview events which decreased to \$15,161,000 in the six months ended December 2009 compared to \$21,717,000 in the six months ended December 31, 2008. The decrease is attributable to:

- (1) The number of Internet Training Workshops conducted during the six months ended December 31, 2009 decreased 24% to 342 (including 21 that were held outside the United States) compared to 452 (including 81 that were held outside the United States) during the six months ended December 31, 2008.
- (2) The average number of buying units in attendance at our workshops during the six months ended December 31, 2009 decreased to 76 from 87 during the six months ended December 31, 2008. Persons who pay an enrollment fee to attend our workshops are allowed to bring a guest at no additional charge, and that individual and his/her guest constitute one buying unit. If the person attends alone, that single person also counts as one buying unit.
- (3) Approximately 23% of the buying units made a purchase at the workshops during the six months ended December 31, 2009, compared to 29% for the six months ended December 31, 2008. As a result of the decrease in number of events, number of buying units per event, and percent purchased per event, we had approximately 4,300 fewer workshop buyers in the six months ended December 31, 2009 as compared to the six months ended December 31, 2008. The result of the decrease in the number of workshop buyers reduced revenue by approximately \$9,332,000.
- (4) Cash purchases as a percentage of total workshop purchases increased to 43% for the six months ended December 31, 2009 compared to 41% for the six months ended December 31, 2008. The increase in cash percentage of total workshop purchases increased revenue by approximately \$474,000.

Revenues were reduced by \$207,000 during the six months ended December 31, 2009 and \$1,280,000 during the six months ended December 31 2008, as a result of various legal matters discussed elsewhere within this document in which agreements were reached, or expected to be reached, allowing for customer refunds.

Third party commission and other revenues decreased 33% to \$9,830,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2009 compared to \$14,639,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2008. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in commissions from third parties as a result of fewer leads sent to third parties due to a decrease in our sales.

Cost of Revenues

Cost of revenue consists primarily of the cost to conduct Internet Training Workshops, credit card fees and the cost of products sold. Cost of product and other revenues for the six months ended December 31, 2009 decreased 37% to \$11,186,000 from \$17,746,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2008. The decrease in cost of product and other revenues is primarily attributable to the decrease in workshop revenue along with the implementation of cost saving measures designed to reduce travel and event costs. Trends in cost of revenue will not always be consistent with the trends in revenue due to the fact that cost of revenue is typically recognized at the time of sale and no later than the expiration of the customer's three-day cancellation period, but the related revenue is often deferred in accordance with accounting standards.

Selling and Marketing

Selling and marketing expenses consist of payroll and related expenses for sales and marketing activities, advertising, and promotional and public relations expenses. Selling and marketing expenses for the six months ended December 31, 2009 decreased 54% to \$15,911,000 from \$34,565,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2008. The decrease in selling and marketing expenses is primarily due to the implementation of cost savings programs which lowered our cost per mail piece, which resulted in a 28% decrease in selling and marketing expenses as a percentage of revenue to 45% for the six months ended December 31, 2009 compared to 64% for the six months ended December 31, 2008. The remaining decrease in selling and marketing expenses is primarily attributable to a 24% decrease in the number of Internet Training Workshops conducted during the six months ended December 31, 2009 compared to six months ended December 31, 2008. Trends in selling and marketing expenses will not always be consistent with the trends in revenues due to the fact that selling and marketing expenses are typically recognized when incurred, at the time of sale, and no later than the expiration of the customer's three-day cancellation period, but the related revenues are often deferred in accordance with accounting guidance.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses consist of payroll and related expenses for executive, accounting and administrative personnel, legal, accounting and other professional fees, finance company service fees, and other general corporate expenses. General and administrative expenses for the six months ended December 31, 2009 decreased 51% to \$3,037,000 from \$6,141,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2008. The decrease is primarily due to a decrease in legal expenses of \$1,380,000, as a result of several legal settlements in the prior year, and a decrease in finance servicing company payments of \$842,000 as a result of a reduction in principal collected on our receivables portfolio. The remaining decrease is due to several cost savings initiatives in the current year which reduced our telephone, office supply, shareholder and investor relations as well as other general and administrative expenses.

Other Income

Other income is primarily derived from the EPTA contracts, which generally carry an 18% simple interest rate. Other income for the six months ended December 31, 2009 decreased 14% to \$2,491,000 compared to \$2,891,000 for six months ended December 31, 2008. The decrease is attributable to the decrease in the collection of trade receivables.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Compared to Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Revenues

Revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 ("fiscal 2009") decreased 26% to \$94,411,000 from \$128,048,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 ("fiscal 2008").

Fees for SOS licenses sold under EPTAs are recognized as revenue as cash payments are received from the customer and not at the time of sale. Revenues related to cash collected under EPTA agreements decreased to \$30,131,000 for fiscal 2009 compared to \$33,970,000 for fiscal 2008. The decrease in cash collected under EPTA agreements is primarily due to a reduction in EPTA sales during the period as a result of a reduction in number of sales teams and events. The following table summarizes the activity within deferred revenue for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2009 (in thousands):

StoresOnline deferred revenue as of July 1, 2007	\$ 42,455
Cash collected on Principal of EPTA Contracts	(33,969)
Deferred revenue added during period (net of writeoffs)	34,705
StoresOnline deferred revenue as of June 30, 2008	43,191
Cash collected on Principal of EPTA Contracts	(30,131)
Deferred revenue added during period (net of writeoffs)	20,803
StoresOnline deferred revenue as of June 30, 2009	\$ 33,863

The remaining decrease in revenue from fiscal 2009 compared to fiscal 2008 is primarily related to a decrease in cash sales of SOS licenses at workshop and preview events which decreased to \$37,395,000 in fiscal 2009 compared to \$61,487,000 in fiscal 2008. The decrease is attributable to:

- (1) The number of Internet Training Workshops conducted during fiscal 2009 decreased 24% to 783 (including 81 that were held outside the United States) compared to 1,028 (including 184 that were held outside the United States) during fiscal 2008.
- (2) The average number of buying units in attendance at our workshops during fiscal 2009 was relatively constant at 85 compared to 84 during fiscal 2008,
- (3) Approximately 28% of the buying units made a purchase at the workshops during fiscal 2009, which is comparable to fiscal 2008, and
- (4) Cash purchases as a percentage of total workshop purchases decreased to 41% in fiscal 2009 compared to 52% in fiscal 2008.

Revenues were reduced by \$1,840,000 during fiscal 2009 and \$998,000 during fiscal 2008 as a result of various legal matters discussed elsewhere within this document in which agreements were reached, or expected to be reached, allowing for customer refunds.

Commission and other revenue decreased 17% to \$25,747,000 in fiscal 2009 compared to \$30,907,000 in fiscal 2008. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in commission from third parties as a result of fewer leads sent to third parties due to a decrease in our sales.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue consists primarily of the cost to conduct Internet Training Workshops, credit card fees and the cost of products sold. Cost of revenue for fiscal 2009 decreased 29% to \$28,945,000 from \$41,011,000 for fiscal 2008. The decrease in cost of revenue is primarily attributable to the decrease in number of workshops held along with the implementation of cost saving measures designed to reduce travel and event costs. Trends in cost of product and other revenues will not always be consistent with the trends in revenue due to the fact that cost of product and other revenues is typically recognized at the time of sale and no later than the expiration of the customer's three-day cancellation period, but the related revenue is often deferred in accordance with accounting guidance.

Selling and Marketing

Selling and marketing expenses consist of payroll and related expenses for sales and marketing activities, advertising, and promotional and public relations expenses. Selling and marketing expenses for fiscal 2009 decreased 25% to \$52,154,000 from \$69,556,000 for fiscal 2008. The decrease in selling and marketing expenses is primarily attributable to a 24% decrease in the number of Internet Training Workshops conducted during fiscal 2009 compared to fiscal 2008. The increase in selling and marketing expense as a percentage of workshop revenue to 76% in fiscal 2009 from 72% in fiscal 2008, is primarily related to a lower response to our marketing efforts at the preview training sessions due to several factors including the unfavorable global economic environment which resulted in a cutback in consumer and business spending. Trends in selling and marketing expenses will not always be consistent with the trends in revenues due to the fact that selling and marketing expenses are typically recognized when incurred, at the time of sale, and no later than the expiration of the customer's three-day cancellation period, but the related revenues are often deferred in accordance with accounting guidance.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses consist of payroll and related expenses for executive, accounting and administrative personnel, legal, accounting and other professional fees, finance company service fees, and other general corporate expenses. General and administrative expenses in fiscal 2009 increased 2% to \$9,630,000 from \$9,488,000 in fiscal 2008. The small increase in general and administrative expenses is primarily due to an increase in professional fees.

Other Income

Other income is primarily derived from the EPTA contracts, which generally carry an 18% simple interest rate. Other income for fiscal 2009 decreased 36% to \$6,018,000 compared to \$9,434,000 for fiscal 2008. The decrease is attributable to the decrease in the collection of trade receivables.

Operating Results of Crexendo Web Services (in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31.				Six Months Ended December 31,					Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			
	_	2010		2009		2009	_	2008	_	2009		2008	
Crexendo Web Services					_								
Revenue	\$	1,322	\$	127	\$	127	\$	•	\$	•	\$	•	
Operating Expenses:													
Cost of revenue		729		401		331		•		70		-	
Selling and marketing		1,389		566		432		•		134		-	
General and administrative		1,031		318		268	_			49	_		
Loss from operations	\$	(1,827)	<u> </u>	(1,158)	<u>\$</u>	(904)	\$		\$	(253)	<u>\$</u>		

Year Ended December 31, 2010 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2009

Revenue

Revenue for the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$1,322,000, compared to \$127,000 in the year ended December 31, 2009. Revenue from Crexendo Web Services is generated primarily through on page and off page search engine optimization services, search engine management services, conversion rate optimization services, and website design and development services. A substantial portion of Crexendo Web Services' revenue is generated through six to twelve month service contracts, as such; growth in Crexendo Web Services will initially be seen through increases in our backlog.

Below is a table which displays the Crexendo Web Services revenue backlog as of December 31, 2009 and 2010, which is expected to be recognized as revenue within the next twelve months (in thousands):

Crexendo Web Services backlog as of December 31, 2009	\$ 42
Crexendo Web Services backlog as of December 31, 2010	\$ 964

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue consists primarily of salaries related to fulfillment of our web services. Cost of revenue for the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$729,000 compared to \$401,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009. The increase in salaries for the current period is related to an increase in headcount as we continue to increase our fulfillment capacity.

Selling and Marketing

Selling and marketing expenses consist primarily of salaries and benefits, as well as advertising expenses. Selling and marketing expense was \$1,389,000 and \$566,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The large increase was primarily attributable to an increase in salespeople and other sales activity. Since December 31, 2009 we have hired six additional direct sales reps in major US cities, with the majority of those coming in September and October. In total, we now have 11 direct sales reps in major US cities.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses consist of payroll and related expenses for account managers and administrative personnel. General and administrative expenses were \$1,031,000 and \$318,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The large increase reflected the growth of our business between the two periods as we add personnel to support our increase in revenue.

Six Months Ended December 31, 2009 Compared to Six Months Ended December 31, 2008

Revenue

Revenue for the six months ended December 31, 2009 was \$127,000. We began selling Crexendo Web Services in the six months ended December 31, 2009.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue consists primarily of salaries related to fulfillment of our web services. Cost of revenue for the six months ended December 31, 2009 was \$331,000. The cost of revenue parallels our revenue which began during this period.

Selling and Marketing

Selling and marketing expenses consist primarily of salaries and benefits, as well as advertising expenses. Selling and marketing expense was \$432,000 for the six months ended December 31,2009 as a result of beginning this business.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses consist of payroll and related expenses for account managers and administrative personnel. General and administrative expenses were \$268,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2009.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Compared to Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

As of June 30, 2009, Crexendo Web Services was a development stage segment, and had only incurred \$253,000 in expenses since inception and had not generated any revenue.

Operating Results of our Crexendo Network Services Division (in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31,			Six Months Ended December 31,					Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			
		2010		2009		2009	2008			2009	_	2008
Crexendo Network Services							-					
Operating expenses:												
General and												
administrative	\$	462	\$	71	\$	41		-	\$	30	\$	-
Research and development		967	_	338		169				169		<u> </u>
Loss from operations	\$	(1,429)	\$	(409)	\$	(210)	\$	-	\$	(199)	\$	-

Year Ended December 31, 2010 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2009

As of December 31, 2010, our Crexendo Network Services division was a development stage segment and had incurred \$1,838,000 in expenses since inception and had not generated any revenue.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses consist of payroll and related expenses for rent, professional fees, and administrative personnel. General and administrative expenses were \$462,000 and \$71,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The large increase, which mostly included legal and consulting fees, was primarily attributable to preparation of our hosted telecom Phase One product launch.

Research and Development

Research and development expenses primarily consist of payroll and related expenses, related to the development of new telecom products. Research and development expenses were \$967,000 and \$338,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The large increase was primarily attributable to preparation of our hosted telecom Phase One product launch which began with sales at select StoresOnline events in February 2011

Six Months Ended December 31, 2009 Compared to Six Months Ended December 31, 2008

As of December 31, 2009, our Crexendo Network Services division was a development stage segment and had incurred \$409,000 in expenses since inception and had not generated any revenue.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Compared to Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

As of June 30, 2009, our Crexendo Network Services division was a development stage segment and had incurred \$199,000 in expenses since inception and had not generated any revenue.

Results of our Corporate and Other Unallocated Operations (in thousands)

	<u>Y</u>	ear Ended l	Dece	mber 31,	Six Months Ended December 31,					Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			
		2010		2009		2009		2008		2009		2008	
Unallocated corporate items													
Cost of revenues	\$	169	\$	158	\$	91	\$	58	\$	123	\$	180	
Selling and marketing		84		114		48		81		146		231	
General and administrative		6,451		7,739		3,850		4,638		8,832		8,722	
Research and development		2,123	_	1,803		875		1,080		2,008		2,113	
Total unallocated corporate													
items	\$	(8,827)	\$	(9,814)	\$	(4,864)	\$	(5,857)	\$	(11,109)	\$	(11,246)	

Year Ended December 31, 2010 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2009

Unallocated corporate expenses, which are not allocated to specific segments, totaled \$8,827,000 and \$9,814,000 for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Unallocated costs decreased for the year ended December 31, 2010 due, in part, to a decrease in salaries and share-based compensation expense from the prior year

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue consists of share based compensation which was \$169,000 and \$158,000 for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009.

Selling and Marketing

Selling and marketing expenses consist of share-based compensation which was \$84,000 and \$114,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

General and Administrative

Corporate general and administrative expenses consist of payroll, share-based compensation, rent, professional fees, and administrative personnel which are not allocated to specific segments. Corporate general and administrative expenses were \$6,451,000 and \$7,739,000 for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The large decrease for the year ended December 31, 2010 was due, in part, to a decrease in salaries and share-based compensation expense from the prior year.

Research and Development

Research and development expenses primarily consist of payroll and share-based compensation expenses, related to our engineering team whose cost cannot be specifically allocated to any particular segment. Unallocated research and development expenses were \$2,123,000 and \$1,803,000 for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Six Months Ended December 31, 2009 Compared to Six Months Ended December 31, 2008

Total corporate general and administrative expenses and share-based compensation expenses, which are not allocated to specific segments, totaled \$4,864,000 and \$5,857,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Unallocated costs decreased in the six months ended December 31, 2010 due, in part, to a decrease in salaries and share-based compensation expense from the comparable period of the prior year.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue consists of share-based compensation which was \$91,000 and \$58,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Selling and Marketing

Selling and marketing expenses consist of share based compensation which was \$48,000 and \$81,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008.

General and Administrative

Corporate general and administrative expenses consist of payroll, share-based compensation, and related expenses for rent, professional fees, and administrative personnel which are not allocated to specific segments. Corporate general and administrative expenses were \$3,850,000 and \$4,638,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The large decrease for the year ended December 31, 2010 was due, in part, to a decrease in salaries and share-based compensation expense from the prior year.

Research and Development

Research and development expenses primarily consist of payroll and share-based compensation expenses, related to our engineering team whose cost cannot be specifically allocated to any particular segment. Unallocated research and development expenses were \$875,000 and \$1,080,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 Compared to Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Total corporate general and administrative expenses and share-based compensation expenses, which are not allocated to specific segments, totaled \$11,109,000 and \$11,246,000 for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue consists of share-based compensation which was \$123,000 and \$180,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Selling and Marketing

Selling and marketing expenses consist of share-based compensation which was \$146,000 and \$231,000 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

General and Administrative

Corporate general and administrative expenses consist of payroll, share-based compensation, rent, professional fees, and administrative personnel which are not allocated to specific segments. Corporate general and administrative expenses were \$8,832,000 and \$8,722,000 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Research and Development

Research and development expenses primarily consist of payroll and share-based compensation expenses, related to our engineering team whose cost cannot be specifically allocated to any particular segment. Unallocated research and development expenses were \$2,008,000 and \$2,113,000 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We had working capital of \$11,388,000 and \$17,064,000 as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. We had working capital, excluding deferred revenue, of \$25,145,000 and \$33,431,000 as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Deferred revenue balances represent historical sales for which we cannot immediately recognize revenue. The costs and expenses we incur as these deferred revenue amounts are recognized as product and other revenues are expected to be insignificant. Consequently, we do not consider deferred revenue to be a factor that impacts our liquidity or future cash requirements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

We had cash and cash equivalents of \$14,207,000 and \$21,549,000, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2010, we generated positive cash flows from operating activities of \$39,000 compared to a use of cash for operating activities of \$1,676,000 (unaudited) for the year ended December 31, 2009. For the six months ended December 31, 2009 we generated positive cash flows from operating activities of \$2,578,000 compared to a use of cash for operating activities of \$6,083,000 (unaudited) for the six months ended December 31, 2008. During the year ended June 30, 2009 we used \$6,985,000 of cash for operating activities.

Trade Receivables

Trade receivables and long-term trade receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, totaled \$21,564,000 and \$20,426,000 as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Long-term trade receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, were \$9,442,000 and \$6,264,000 as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. We offer our customers an installment contract with payment terms between 24 and 36 months, as one of several payment options. The payments that become due more than 12 months after the end of the fiscal period are classified as long-term trade receivables.

We have sold some of our domestic trade receivables in the past. In the future, we may evaluate agreements with thirdparty financing companies for the sale of our international and domestic trade receivables.

Accounts Payable

Accounts payable totaled \$3,328,000 and \$3,154,000 as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The aging of accounts payable as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 was generally within our vendors' terms of payment.

Capital Requirements - Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our significant contractual obligations as of December 31, 2010:

Payments due by Period (1)	_
Less than 1 to 3	•
Total 1 year years	
(in thousands)	
\$ 4,693 \$ 1,625 \$ 3,046	í

- (1) Payments are included in the period in which they are contractually required to be made. Actual payments may be made prior to the contractually required date.
- (2) Represents our commitments associated with operating leases and includes contracts that expire in various years through 2013. Payments due reflect cash to be paid for rent.

We have approximately \$1,317,000 of unrecognized tax positions that have been recognized as liabilities that have not been included in the contractual obligations table due to uncertainty as to when such amounts may be settled.

Capital

As of December 31, 2010, total stockholders' equity was \$20,120,000, down 23% from \$25,982,000 as of December 31, 2009. The decrease for the year ended December 31, 2010 in total stockholders' equity was attributable to net loss of \$2,310,000, the purchase and retirement of \$3,823,000 of our common stock, and for the declaration of \$900,000 in dividends to common stockholders. The decrease in total stockholders' equity was partially offset by the stock option compensation expense of \$1,041,000.

In December 2008, our Board of Directors decreased the quarterly cash dividend to \$0.02 from \$0.11 per common share. The dividend payout ratio is not meaningful because we had a net loss for the period.

Common Stock Repurchase Program

On September 5, 2006, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$20,000,000 of our common stock. In September 2007, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of an additional \$50,000,000 of our common stock. During the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009 and the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, we repurchased \$3,823,000, \$734,000 (unaudited), \$734,000, and \$12,580,000 of our common stock, respectively. We intend to repurchase shares of our common stock from time to time over the next two years but may suspend or discontinue purchasing the common stock at any time. The repurchased common stock was retired.

On November 3, 2010, we announced the commencement of a modified Dutch auction tender offer to purchase up to \$4,750,000 in value of shares of our common stock at a price not less than \$4.35 per share and not more than \$4.75 per share. The tender offer closed on December 10, 2010, after which we purchased and cancelled 723,896 shares of our common stock at a cost of \$3,438,000.

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements other than operating leases. We do not believe that these operating leases are material to our current or future financial position, results of operations, revenues or expenses, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Recently Adopted Accounting Guidance - On January 1, 2010, we adopted new accounting guidance on Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. This authoritative guidance requires us to disclose the amount of significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and the reasons for these transfers, as well as the reasons for any transfers in or out of Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. In addition, the guidance clarifies certain existing disclosure requirements. This new guidance did not have a material impact on our disclosures in our consolidated financial statements at December 31, 2010.

On January 1, 2010, we adopted new accounting guidance on the consolidation of variable interest entities. This guidance requires revised evaluations of whether entities represent variable interest entities, ongoing assessments of control over such entities, and additional disclosures for variable interests. This new authoritative guidance had no impact on our financial condition and results of operations at December 31, 2010.

In July 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("the FASB") released accounting guidance which provides greater transparency and addresses disclosures about the credit quality of financing receivables and the allowance for credit losses. In addition, the guidance assists in the assessment of credit risk exposures and evaluation of the adequacy of allowances for credit losses. Additional disclosures must be provided on a disaggregated basis. The update defines two levels of disaggregation – portfolio segment and class of financing receivable. Additionally, the update requires disclosure of credit quality indicators, past due information and modifications of financing receivables. The update is not applicable to mortgage banking activities (loans originated or purchased for resale to investors); derivative instruments such as repurchase agreements; debt securities; a transferor's interest in securitization transactions; and purchased beneficial interests in securitized financial assets. This update is effective for the Company for interim or annual periods ending on or after December 15, 2010. This update has no material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

Recent Accounting Guidance Not Yet Adopted - In October 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued authoritative guidance on revenue recognition that will become effective for us beginning January 1, 2011, with earlier adoption permitted. Under the new guidance, arrangements that include tangible products that have software components that are essential to the functionality of the tangible product will no longer be within the scope of the software revenue recognition guidance, and such software-enabled products will now be subject to other relevant revenue recognition guidance. Additionally, the FASB issued authoritative guidance on revenue arrangements with multiple deliverables that are outside the scope of the software revenue recognition guidance. Under the new guidance, when vendor specific objective evidence or third party evidence for deliverables in an arrangement cannot be determined, a best estimate of the selling price is required to separate deliverables and allocate arrangement consideration using the relative selling price method. The new guidance includes new disclosure requirements on how the application of the relative selling price method affects the timing and amount of revenue recognition. This guidance could have a material effect on our financial statements as a result of using the relative selling price method for our SaaS arrangements.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE RESULTS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

With the exception of historical facts, the statements contained in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, which reflect our current expectations and beliefs regarding our future results of operations, performance and achievements. The section entitled "Business" above in Part I, Item 1 of this Annual Report also includes forward-looking statements. These statements are subject to risks and uncertainties and are based upon assumptions and beliefs that may or may not materialize. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements concerning:

- our belief that our target market will increasingly look to Internet solutions providers who leverage industry and
 customer practices, increase predictability of success of their Internet initiatives and decrease implementation
 risks by providing low-cost, scalable solutions with minimal lead time;
- our belief that we can compete successfully by relying on our infrastructure, marketing strategies as well as techniques, systems and procedures, and by adding additional products and services in the future;
- our belief that we can continue our success by periodic review and revision of our methods of doing business and by continuing our expansion into domestic and international markets;
- our belief that a key component of our success comes from a number of new, recently developed proprietary technologies and that these technologies and advances distinguish our services and products from our competitors and further help to substantially reduce our operating costs and expenses;
- our contention that we do not offer our customers a "business opportunity" or a "franchise" as those terms are
 defined in applicable statutes of the states in which we operate;
- our belief that we operate in compliance with laws concerning sales practices and more particularly that we are not obligated to offer more than a three-day right of rescission;
- our belief there is a large, fragmented and under-served population of small businesses and entrepreneurs searching for professional services firms that offer business-to-consumer e-commerce solutions coupled with support and continuing education;
- our belief that continuously testing and implementing changes to our business model may further reduce the level of investment necessary to get customers to attend our events and to increase our value proposition to these
- our expectation that our offering of products and services will evolve as some products are replaced by new and enhanced products intended to help our customers achieve success with their Internet-related businesses; and
- our expectation that the costs and expenses we incur will be insignificant as deferred revenue amounts are recognized as product and other revenues when cash is collected.

We caution readers that our operating results are subject to various risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results and outcomes to differ materially from those discussed or anticipated, including changes in economic conditions and intermet technologies, fluctuations in weather patterns, interest rate fluctuations, and the factors set forth in the section entitled, "Risk Factors," under Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report. We also advise readers not to place any undue reliance on the forward-looking statements contained in this report, which reflect our beliefs and expectations only as of the date of this report. We assume no obligation to update or revise these forward-looking statements to reflect new events or circumstances or any changes in our beliefs or expectations, other than as required by law.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISKS

Not required

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial Statements

iMergent, Inc. and Subsidiaries

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Financial Statement Schedule	
iMergent, Inc. and Subsidiaries	

The following consolidated financial statement schedule of iMergent, Inc. and subsidiaries is filed as part of this Form 10-K. All other schedules have been omitted because they are not applicable, not required, or the information is included in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.

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Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts	83

Exhibits. The exhibits listed in the accompanying index to exhibits immediately following the financial statements are filed as part of, or hereby incorporated by reference into, this Form 10-K.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of iMergent, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of iMergent, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2010 and for the six months ended December 31, 2009. Our audits also included the financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15. These financial statements and the financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and the financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of iMergent, Inc. and subsidiaries at December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2010 and for the six months ended December 31, 2009, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also, in our opinion, such financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Salt Lake City, Utah March 2, 2011

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders iMergent, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year ended June 30, 2009. Our audit also included the financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15(2) with respect to the year ended June 30, 2009. These financial statements and the financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and the financial statement schedule based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the results of operations and cash flows of iMergent, Inc. and subsidiaries for the year ended June 30, 2009 in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule for the year ended June 30, 2009, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

Is/ Tanner LLC

Salt Lake City, Utah September 1, 2009

IMERGENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands, except par value and share data)

		December 31, 2010		December 31, 2009	
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,207	\$	21,549	
Restricted cash		1,088		1,088	
Trade receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$10,464					
as of December 31, 2010 and \$11,827 as of December 31, 2009		12,122		14,162	
Inventories		1,067		243	
Income tax receivable		1,239		387	
Deferred income tax assets, net		949		1,009	
Prepaid expenses and other		1,376	_	2,988	
Total current assets		32,048		41,426	
Certificate of deposit		500		500	
Long-term trade receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$7,957 as of December					
31,2010		9,442		6,264	
and \$5,882 as of December 31, 2009 Property and equipment, net		3,139		1,446	
Deferred income tax assets, net		5,024		5,298	
Intangible assets		987		1,206	
Goodwill		265		• •	
Other long-term assets		239		302	
Total Assets	\$	51,644	\$	56,442	
Total Assets	<u> </u>	31,011	Ě	30,112	
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	3,328	\$	3,154	
Accrued expenses and other		3,361		4,588	
Dividend payable		214		229	
Income taxes payable				24	
Deferred revenue, current portion		13,757	_	15,827	
Total current liabilities		20,660		23,822	
Deferred revenue, net of current portion		9,523		6,447	
Other long-term liabilities		1,341	_	191	
Total liabilities		31,524	_	30,460	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)					
Stockholders' equity:					
Preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share - authorized 5,000,000 shares; none issued				_	
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share - authorized 100,000,000 shares; 10,664,878					
shares outstanding as of December 31, 2010 and 11,446,320 shares outstanding					
as of December 31, 2009		11		11	
Additional paid-in capital		49,481		53,033	
Accumulated deficit		(29,372)	–	(27,062)	
Total stockholders' equity	_	20,120	_	25,982	
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	<u>\$</u>	51,644	<u>\$</u>	56,442	

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IMERGENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Operations

(In thousands, except per share and share data)

	Year Ended December 31, 2010		cember 31, December 31		Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009	
Revenue	\$	65,793	\$	35,716	\$	94,411
Operating expenses:						
Cost of revenue		21,774		11,608		29,138
Selling and marketing		32,906		16,391		52,434
General and administrative		14,597		7,196		18,541
Research and development		3,090		1,044		2,177
Total operating expenses		72,367	_	36,239	_	102,290
Loss from operations		(6,574)		(523)	_	(7,879)
Other income (expense):						
Interest income		4,746		2,596		6,799
Interest expense		(4)		(7)		(13)
Other income (expense), net		214		(98)		(768)
Total other income, net	_	4,956	=	2,491	_	6,018
Income (loss) before income tax provision		(1,618)		1,968		(1,861)
Income tax provision		(692)		<u>(637</u>)	_	(5,681)
Net income (loss)	\$	(2,310)	<u>\$</u>	1,331	<u>\$</u>	(7,542)
Net income (loss) per common share:						
Basic	\$	(0.20)	\$	0.12	S	(0.66)
Diluted	\$	(0.20)	\$	0.12	\$	(0.66)
Dividends per common share	\$	80.0	\$	0.04	\$	0.17
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:						
Basic	11	,357,434	11,402,442		11,371,303	
Diluted	11	,357,434	11	,484,684	1	1,371,303

IMERGENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity

Year Ended December 31, 2010, Six Months Ended December 31, 2009, and Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

(In thousands, except share data)

	Сотто	n Stock	Additional Paid-in	Paid-in Accumulated	
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Deficit	Equity
Balance, July 1, 2008	11 , 304,41 0	\$ 11	\$ 53,315	\$ (20,851)	\$ 32,475
Expense for stock options granted to					
employees			1,544		1,544
Stock issued under stock award plans (net of					
forfeitures) and					
related income tax benefit of \$1	155,109		600		600
Issuance of restricted stock (net of forfeitures)	74,901				-
Repurchase of common stock	(109,100)		(734	•	(734)
Dividends declared			(1,943	-	(1,943)
Net loss				(7,542)	(7,542)
Balance, June 30, 2009	11,425,320	11	52,782	(28,393)	24,400
Expense for stock options granted to					
employees			709		709
Dividends declared			(458)	(458)
Issuance of restricted stock	21,000				
Net income				1,331	1,331
Balance, December 31, 2009	11,446,320	11	53,033	(27,062)	25,982
Expense for stock options granted to		· —	_	-	
employees			1,041		1,041
Stock issued under stock award plans (net of					
forfeitures) and					
related income tax benefit of \$3	827		13		13
Restricted stock issued for acquisition	20,000		117		117
Dividends declared			(900	•	(900)
Repurchase of common stock	(78,373)		(385	•	(385)
Common stock acquired through tender offer	(723,896)		(3,438	•	(3,438)
Net loss				(2,310)	(2,310)
Balance, December 31, 2010	10,664,878	\$ 11	\$ 49,481	\$ (29,372)	\$ 20,120

iMERGENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(In thousands)

	Year Ended December 31, 2010		r 31, December 31,		Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			_			
Net income (loss)	\$	(2,310)	2	1,331	\$	(7,542)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net						
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		1,379		704		1,468
Depreciation and amortization Expense for stock options issued to employees		1,041		704		1,408
Impairment of property held-for-sale		1,041		90		1,344
Tax benefit upon issuance of common stock		(3)		90		•
Defenred income tax provision		334		839		1,130
Changes in assets and liabilities:		234		637		1,150
Restricted cash				714		(1,802)
Trade receivables		(1,138)		10,330		7,812
Inventories		(824)		13		371
Income tax receivable		(852)		1,439		(1,033)
Prepaid expenses and other		1,402		(1,258)		2,325
Other long-term assets		63		46		166
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other		(1,180)		(780)		(1,926)
Income taxes payable		(21)		(17)		(171)
Deferred revenue		1,006		(11,589)		(9,328)
Other long-term liabilities		1,142		7		1
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		39		2,578	_	(6,985)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition of property and equipment		(2,534)		(634)		(613)
Acquisition of company (Note 3)		(250)		•		-
Acquisition of property held-for-sale		-		(296)		•
Proceeds from sale of property held for sale (Note 15)		210		•		•
Proceeds from sale of available-for-sale securities					_	3,800
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		(2,574)		(930)	_	3,187
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Repurchase of common stock		(385)		-		(734)
Common stock acquired through tender offer		(3,438)		•		•
Proceeds from exercise of options and related income tax benefit		13				600
Principal payments on note payable		•		(115)		(64)
Payments made on contingent consideration		(82)		-		
Dividend payments		<u>(915</u>)		<u>(458</u>)	_	(1,714)
Net cash used for financing activities		(4,807)		(573)	_	(1,912)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(7,342)		1,075		(5,710)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD		21,549		20,474		26,184
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	<u>\$</u>	14,207	<u>\$</u>	21,549	<u>\$</u>	20,474

iMERGENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (CONTINUED)

(In thousands)

	Year Ended December 31, 2010		Six Months Ended December 31, 2009		Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:						
Cash paid (received) during the year for:						
Interest	\$	4	\$	7	\$	7
Income taxes		70		(1,624)		5,790
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing						
information:						
Dividends declared and not paid	\$	214	\$	229	\$	229
Purchase of property and equipment included in accounts payable		101	•	-		-
Acquisition of company with stock		117		•		-
Contingent consideration related to acquisition		46		-		-

In February 2010, iMergent, Inc. entered into an asset purchase agreement with CastleWave, LLC ("CastleWave") to purchase their assets for total consideration of \$495,000 (Note 3). The total consideration included a contingent consideration of approximately \$128,000 based upon estimated future revenue generated through CastleWave's sales channels, restricted stock of \$117,000, and cash of \$250,000. The purchase price was allocated to a non-compete agreement for \$60,000, technical know-how for \$60,000, customer list for \$98,000, other assets for \$12,000 and goodwill for \$265,000. See summary below (in thousands):

Fair value of assets aquired (including goodwill of \$265,000)	\$ 495	
Cash paid	(250)
Stock issued	(117)
Estimated value of contingent consideration	 (128)
Liabilities assumed	 None	

iMERGENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Business - iMergent, Inc. is incorporated in the state of Delaware. As used hereafter in the notes to consolidated financial statements, we refer to iMergent, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries, as "we," "us," or "our Company". We are an eServices company that provides e-commerce technology, training and a variety of web-based technologies and resources to entrepreneurs and small, medium, and large enterprises. Our services are designed to help decrease the risks associated with e-commerce implementation by providing low-cost, scalable solutions and providing support and information regarding industry developments.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("US GAAP") and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). These consolidated financial statements reflect the results of operations, financial position, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows of our Company.

Change in Fiscal Year – In November 2009, the Board of Directors approved a change of our fiscal year from a June 30 fiscal year end to a December 31 fiscal year end. This Form 10-K is an annual report, and includes information for the year ended December 31, 2010, the six month transitional period ended December 31, 2009 and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

Principles of Consolidation - The consolidated financial statements include the accounts and operations of iMergent, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries, which include Avail 24/7 Inc., Crexendo Web Services, Inc., Galaxy Mall, Inc., StoresOnline Inc., StoresOnline International Canada ULC, StoresOnline International, Inc., StoresOnline International Ltd., and Internet Training Group, Inc. All intercompany account balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - We consider all highly liquid, short-term investments with maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents. As of December 31, 2010, we had cash and cash equivalents in financial institutions in excess of federally insured limits in the amount of \$1,397,000.

Restricted Cash – We classified \$1,088,000 as restricted cash as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, to reflect the compensating balance requirement of its merchant accounts and purchasing card agreements.

Trade Receivables - We offer to our customers the option to finance, typically through 24 and 36-month extended payment term arrangements ("EPTAs"), purchases made at its Internet Training Workshops. EPTAs are reflected as short-term and long-term trade receivables, as applicable, as we have the intent and ability to hold the receivables for the foreseeable future, until maturity or payoff. EPTAs are recorded on a nonaccrual status beginning on the contract date.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - We record an allowance for doubtful accounts at the time the EPTA contract is perfected. The allowance represents estimated losses resulting from customers' failure to make required payments. The allowance for doubtful accounts for EPTAs is netted against the current and long-term trade receivables balances. The allowance estimate is based on historical collection experience, specific identification of probable bad debts based on collection efforts, aging of trade receivables, customer payment history, and other known factors, including current economic conditions. We believe that the allowance for doubtful accounts is adequate based on our assessment to date, however, actual collection results may differ materially from our expectations. Because revenue generated from customers financing through EPTAs is deferred and not recognized prior to the collection of cash, adjustments to the allowance for doubtful accounts increase or decrease deferred revenue. Trade receivables are written off against the allowance when the related customers are no longer making required payments and the trade receivables are determined to be uncollectible, typically 90 days past their original due date.

Interest Income - Interest income is primarily earned from EPTA contracts. EPTA contract terms generally contain an 18% simple interest rate. Interest income is recognized on these accounts only to the extent cash is received as the receivables are generally 24 and 36-months in length and collection of the full amount of the receivable is not probable. We recognized \$4,746,000, \$2,596,000, and \$6,799,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, respectively.

Inventories - Inventories consist of products provided in conjunction with the Internet Training Workshops and the

costs of telecom equipment and are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

Certificate of Deposit - We hold a \$500,000 certificate of deposit as collateral for merchant accounts, which automatically renews every 16 months. The certificate of deposit is classified as long-term in the consolidated balance sheets.

Property and Equipment - Depreciation and amortization expense is computed using the straight-line method in amounts sufficient to allocate the cost of depreciable assets, including assets held under capital leases, over their estimated useful lives ranging from two to five years. The cost of leasehold improvements is amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset or the term of the related lease. Depreciation and amortization expense is included in general and administrative expenses and totaled \$942,000, \$510,000, and \$1,037,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, respectively. Depreciable lives by asset group are as follows:

Computer and office equipment2 to 5 yearsComputer software3 yearsFurniture and fixtures4 yearsLeasehold improvements2 to 5 years

Maintenance and repairs are charged to costs and expenses as incurred. The cost and accumulated depreciation of property and equipment sold or otherwise retired are removed from the accounts and any related gain or loss on disposition is reflected in net income or loss for the year.

Goodwill - Goodwill is tested for impairment using a fair-value-based approach on an annual basis (December 1 for us) and between annual tests if indicators of potential impairment exist.

Intangible Assets- Our intangible assets consist primarily of purchased advertising lists and intangible assets acquired in the acquisition of Castlewave, which include a customer list, technical know-how, and a non-compete agreement (Note 3). The fair value of identifiable intangible assets is based upon the lower of discounted future cash flow projections or the amount paid in an arm's length transaction. The advertising lists are amortized over six years on an accelerated basis. Amortization expense from the name lists is included in sales and marketing expense and totaled \$371,000, \$194,000, and \$432,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, respectively. The average remaining useful life of the name list intangible assets were 36 months as of December 31, 2010. The remaining intangible assets, which were acquired in February 2010, are amortized over three years on a straight-line basis. Amortization expense from these acquired assets is included in general and administrative expense and totaled \$66,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010. The remaining useful lives of these assets are 25 months as of December 31, 2010.

We periodically review the estimated useful lives of our intangible assets and review these assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the assets may not be recoverable. The determination of impairment is based on estimates of future undiscounted cash flows. If an intangible asset is considered to be impaired, the amount of the impairment will be equal to the excess of the carrying value over the fair value of the asset.

Use of Estimates - In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management makes assumptions, estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of net sales and expenses during the reported periods. Specific estimates and judgments include inventory, intangible assets, allowances for doubtful accounts, sales returns and allowances, uncertainties related to certain income tax benefits, valuation of deferred income tax assets, valuation of share-based payments and recoverability of long-lived assets. Management's estimates are based on historical experience and on our expectations that are believed to be reasonable. The combination of these factors forms the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from our current estimates and those differences may be material.

Revenue Recognition

In general, we recognize revenue when all of the following conditions are satisfied: (1) there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement; (2) the product or service has been provided to the customer, (3) the amount of fees to be paid by the customer is fixed or determinable; and (4) the collection of our fees is probable. Specifics to revenue category are as follows:

Software License and Product Revenue

Cash sales of software licenses and DVD training courses, are recognized as revenue when the cash is received, net of expected customer refunds, upon expiration of the customers' rescission period, which typically occurs three days after the licenses are delivered or when the Internet training workshop takes place, whichever occurs later.

Software licenses and DVD training courses sold under EPTAs are recognized as revenue upon receipt of cash from customers and not at the time of sale. Although we are able to reasonably estimate the collectability of our receivables based

upon our long history of offering EPTAs, accounting standards require revenue to be deferred until customer payments are received if collection of the original principal balance is not probable. Additionally, if we subsequently sale the receivables on a non-recourse basis, accounting standards require that the related revenue be deferred until the customer makes cash payments to the third-party purchaser of the receivables. There are no receivable balances outstanding that are subject to recourse.

We have bundled products in two types of arrangements at our Internet training workshop. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the first three quarters of the year ended December 31, 2010, we primarily combined our software license with other complementary products and would assign fair value using the residual method in accordance with accounting guidance for software arrangements. We use the residual method as we have vendor specific objective evidence for all undelivered elements in the software arrangement. During the fourth quarter of 2010, we primarily sold our software under a software as a service ("SaaS") model, and would combine it with other complementary products and would assign fair value using the residual method in accordance with accounting guidance for multi-element arrangements. We use the residual method as we have vendor specific objective evidence for all undelivered elements in the multi-element arrangement.

Professional Services Revenue

Fees collected for professional services, including website design and development, search engine optimization services, link-building, and paid search management services are recognized as revenue, net of expected customer refunds, over the period during which the services are expected to be performed, based upon the fair value for such services. Fees related to EPTA contracts are deferred and recognized as revenue during the service period or when cash is collected, whichever occurs later.

Subscription and Hosting Revenue

Fees collected for subscription and hosting revenue are recognized ratably as services are provided. Customers are billed for these services on a monthly or annual basis at the customer's option. For all of our customers, regardless of their billing method, subscription revenue is recorded as deferred revenue in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. As services are performed, we recognize subscription revenue ratably over the applicable service period. When a free trial period is provided, subscription revenue commences when the trial period has ended and the customer has been billed for the services.

Commission Revenue

We have contracts with third-party entities with respect to telemarketing product sales to our customers following the sale of the initial software licenses. These products and services are intended to assist the customers with their Internet businesses. These products are sold and delivered completely by third parties. We receive commissions from these third parties, and recognize the revenue as the commissions are received, net of expected customer refunds.

Change in Avail Contract

In April 2007, we began marketing and selling Avail 24/7, an all-in-one communications service which assists small businesses and entrepreneurs to manage phone menus, voicemail, email, and fax in one online application. Customers purchasing the Avail product are charged a non-refundable activation fee along with a monthly service fee. The non-refundable activation fee is deferred and recognized ratably over the estimated customer life, which is currently estimated to be four and one half years. The monthly service fee is recognized ratably over the service period.

In January 2010 we changed the contract that is associated with the sale of our Avail 24/7 subscription. Effective March 31, 2010 any customer that has not activated their Avail 24/7 subscription was assessed an activation fee of an additional \$34.95. Prior to this change in contract, this activation fee was included in a bundle of items sold at the workshop and there was no time limit on activation. All existing customers were notified of the change in contract in January and were given 60-days to activate Avail 24/7 without paying the additional activation fee. As a result of this change in contract, we recognized approximately \$1,000,000 in revenue upon expiration of the 60 day notice in March 2010 for the Avail 24/7 activation fees described above as we no longer had an obligation to provide the activation. In addition to the change in the Avail 24/7 contract, this product will not be included in the bundle of items sold at the workshop. Avail 24/7 will continue to be sold as a standalone product.

Fees collected related to sales tax and other government assessed taxes are recognized on a net basis.

Cost of Revenue - Cost of revenue consists primarily of the cost to conduct Internet Training Workshops, credit card fees, salaries for professional services, and the cost of products sold.

Advertising Costs - We expense costs of advertising and promotions as incurred, with the exception of direct-response advertising costs. Direct-response advertising costs that meet specified criteria are deferred and amortized over the estimated benefit period. Because we have evidence that customers have responded specifically to the advertising, and that

the advertising results in probable future benefits, such amounts are deferred and amortized. We are able to document the responses of each customer to the advertising that elicited the response. Advertising expenses included in selling and marketing expenses were approximately \$14,749,000, \$7,284,000, and \$22,808,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, respectively. As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, we recorded approximately \$609,000 and \$1,267,000 respectively, of direct-response advertising related to future workshops as prepaid expenses. Amounts recorded as prepaid advertising expenses are amortized over the estimated benefit period, typically three months.

Research and Development - Research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Costs related to internally developed software are expensed as research and development expense until technological feasibility has been achieved, after which the costs are capitalized.

Fair Value Measurements - The fair value of our financial assets and liabilities was determined based on three levels of inputs, of which the first two are considered observable and the last unobservable, that may be used to measure fair value which are the following:

Level 1 — Unadjusted quoted prices that are available in active markets for the identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

Level 2 — Other observable inputs available at the measurement date, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, either directly or indirectly, including:

- · Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- · Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in non-active markets:
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by other observable market data.

Level 3 — Unobservable inputs that cannot be comborated by observable market data and reflect the use of significant management judgment. These values are generally determined using pricing models for which the assumptions utilize management's estimates of market participant assumptions.

Financial Instruments - The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, certificates of deposit, and merchant account deposits approximate their fair values due to either the short maturity of the instruments or the recent date of the initial transaction.

Foreign Currency Translation - We consider the United States dollar as the functional currency for our foreign operations. Assets, liabilities, and all statements of income amounts are translated daily into our functional currency using daily rates. All transaction adjustments are recorded in accounts receivable and deferred revenue until cash is received and then the gain (loss) is recorded in the consolidated statements of operations.

Income Taxes - We recognize a liability or asset for the deferred tax consequences of all temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the consolidated financial statements that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in future years when the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled. Accruals for uncertain tax positions are provided for in accordance with accounting guidance. Accordingly, we may recognize the tax benefits from an uncertain tax position only if it is more-likely-than-not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position should be measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. Accounting guidance is also provided on derecognition of income tax assets and liabilities, classification of current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, accounting for interest and penalties associated with tax positions, and income tax disclosures. Judgment is required in assessing the future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in the financial statements or tax returns. Variations in the actual outcome of these future tax consequences could materially impact our financial position, results of operations, and cash flows.

Interest and penalties associated with income taxes are classified as income tax expense in the consolidated statements of operations.

We do not intend to permanently reinvest the undistributed earnings of its United Kingdom subsidiary in those businesses outside of the United States and, therefore, has provided for U.S. deferred income taxes on such undistributed foreign earnings.

Stock-Based Compensation - For equity-classified awards, compensation expense is recognized over the requisite service period based on the computed fair value on the grant date of the award. Equity classified awards include the issuance of stock options and restricted stock. The restricted stock includes all dividend rights and is a participating security; however, the restricted stock does not change earnings per share under the two-class method.

Comprehensive Income (loss) – There were no other components of comprehensive income (loss) other than net income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

Business Segments and Related Information - Accounting guidance establishes standards for the way public business enterprises are to report information about operating segments in annual financial statements and requires enterprises to report selected information about operating segments in interim financial reports issued to stockholders. Accounting guidance also establishes standards for related disclosure about products and services, geographic areas and major customers. We generate over 90% of our total revenue from StoresOnline customers within North America (United States and Canada) and less than 10% of our total revenues from customers in other parts of the world.

Recently Adopted Accounting Guidance - On January 1, 2010, we adopted new accounting guidance on Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. This authoritative guidance requires us to disclose the amount of significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and the reasons for these transfers, as well as the reasons for any transfers in or out of Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. In addition, the guidance clarifies certain existing disclosure requirements. This new guidance did not have a material impact on our disclosures in our consolidated financial statements at December 31, 2010.

On January 1, 2010, we adopted new accounting guidance on the consolidation of variable interest entities. This guidance requires revised evaluations of whether entities represent variable interest entities, ongoing assessments of control over such entities, and additional disclosures for variable interests. This new authoritative guidance had no impact on our financial condition and results of operations at December 31, 2010.

In July 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("the FASB") released accounting guidance which provides greater transparency and addresses disclosures about the credit quality of financing receivables and the allowance for credit losses. In addition, the guidance assists in the assessment of credit risk exposures and evaluation of the adequacy of allowances for credit losses. Additional disclosures must be provided on a disaggregated basis. The update defines two levels of disaggregation – portfolio segment and class of financing receivable. Additionally, the update requires disclosure of credit quality indicators, past due information and modifications of financing receivables. The update is not applicable to mortgage banking activities (loans originated or purchased for resale to investors); derivative instruments such as repurchase agreements; debt securities; a transferor's interest in securitization transactions; and purchased beneficial interests in securitized financial assets. This update is effective for us for interim or annual periods ending on or after December 15, 2010. This update resulted in additional footnote disclosures (Note 4).

Recent Accounting Guldance Not Yet Adopted - In October 2009, the FASB issued authoritative guidance on revenue recognition that will become effective for us beginning January 1, 2011, with earlier adoption permitted. Under the new guidance, arrangements that include tangible products that have software components that are essential to the functionality of the tangible product will no longer be within the scope of the software revenue recognition guidance, and such software-enabled products will now be subject to other relevant revenue recognition guidance. Additionally, the FASB issued authoritative guidance on revenue arrangements with multiple deliverables that are outside the scope of the software revenue recognition guidance. Under the new guidance, when vendor specific objective evidence or third party evidence for deliverables in an arrangement cannot be determined, a best estimate of the selling price is required to separate deliverables and allocate arrangement consideration using the relative selling price method. The new guidance includes new disclosure requirements on how the application of the relative selling price method affects the timing and amount of revenue recognition. This guidance could have a material effect on our financial statements as a result of using the relative selling price method for our SaaS arrangements.

2. Net Income (Loss) Per Common Share

Basic net income (loss) per common share is computed by dividing the net income (loss) for the period by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income (loss) per common share is computed giving effect to all dilutive common stock equivalents, consisting of common stock options. Diluted net loss per common share for the year ended December 31, 2010 and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 is the same as basic net loss per common share because the common share equivalents were anti-dilutive. The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per common share:

	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Six Months Ended December 31, 2009		Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009
Net income (loss) (in thousands)	\$	(2,310)	\$ 1,33	1	\$ (7,542)
Weighted-average share reconciliation:					
Weighted-average shares outstanding		11,380,816	11,442,76	i 3	11,371,303
Weighted-average restricted shares held in escrow		(23,382)	(40,32	<u>(1)</u>	
Weighted-average basic shares outsanding		11,357,434	11,402,44	12	11,371,303
Dilutive employee stock options		N/A	71,89	6	N/A
Dilutive restricted shares held in escrow		N/A	10,34	16	N/A
Diluted shares outstanding		11,357,434	11,484,68	<u>34</u>	11,371,303
Net income (loss) per common share:					
Basic	\$	(0.20)	\$ 0.1	2	\$ (0.66)
Diluted	\$	(0.20)	\$ 0.1	2	\$ (0.66)

Weighted average anti-dilutive common share equivalents not included in the calculation of diluted net income (loss) per common share totaled 811,414,568,604, and 675,336 for the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

3. Acquisition

On February 9, 2010 we acquired all of the assets of CastleWave for total consideration of \$495,000. For the quarter ended March 31, 2010, we disclosed the provisional total consideration was \$846,000. Subsequent to the acquisition, new information was obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that resulted in us retrospectively adjusting the provisional contingent consideration from \$479,000 to \$128,000 based upon estimated future revenue to be generated through CastleWave sales channels. This retrospective decrease in contingent consideration resulted in a \$351,000 decrease in goodwill. The total consideration included a contingent consideration based upon future revenue generated from CastleWave sales channels of approximately \$128,000, restricted stock of \$117,000, and cash of \$250,000. The contingent consideration is computed and paid out quarterly based upon a percentage of sales from CastleWave's sales channels for three years after the acquisition date. The provisional contingent consideration is valued on a recurring basis and any future change that are not measurement period adjustments will be recorded through the income statement. CastleWave is a provider of online marketing services with offices in both New York, New York and Provo, Utah. We acquired CastleWave in an effort to expand our online marketing services capabilities and to add a sales office in the New York metropolitan area.

Under the acquisition method of accounting we allocated the fair value of the total consideration transferred to the tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired from CastleWave based on their estimated fair values on the date of acquisition. The fair values assigned to identifiable intangible assets acquired were based on estimates and assumptions determined by management. We recorded the excess of purchase price over the aggregate fair values as goodwill. We allocated approximately \$12,000 of the purchase price to tangible assets and approximately \$218,000 of the purchase price to identified intangible assets. We recorded the excess purchase price of approximately \$265,000 as goodwill, all of which is deductible for income tax purposes. The identified intangible assets are being amortized over a weighted average life of three years.

We have included CastleWave's results of operations in our Crexendo Web Services segment and our consolidated results of operations from the date of acquisition. Pro forma disclosures of CastleWave's results of operations for periods prior to the date of acquisition are not presented herein as they were not material when compared with our consolidated results of operations.

4. Trade Receivables

Currently we operate with one class of financing receivable. Below is an analysis of the age of our trade receivables (in thousands):

	Dece	<u>mber</u>	31,
	2010		2009
Current	\$ 30,02	5 5	28,327
1 - 30 days	3,410	5	3,461
31 - 60 days	2,29		2,284
61 - 90 days	1,53		1,298
91 days and over	2,710	5	2,765
Gross trade receivables	39,98		38,135
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(18,42)	i)	(17,709)
Trade receivables, net	\$ 21,564	<u> </u>	20,426

5. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following (in thousands):

		<u>. </u>		
		2010		2009
Software	\$	3,480	<u>s</u>	3,066
Computers and office equipment	•	3,287	•	2,741
Land		877		
Building		765		_
Leasehold improvements		101		101
Furniture and fixtures		169		162
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(5,540)		(4,624)
	\$	3,139	S	1,446

December 11

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, we had \$366,000 and \$252,000, respectively, of internally developed software included in software above.

On June 3, 2010, we acquired a 22,000 square foot building in Tempe, Arizona for our corporate offices and Crexendo Network Services division for total consideration of \$1,525,000. The fair value allocated to the land and building was \$877,000 and \$648,000, respectively. The building will be depreciated over its estimated remaining life of 20 years.

6. Fair Value Measurements

Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below as of December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

	As of	Fair value measurement at reporting date using				
	December 31,	_				
Description	2010	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Contingent consideration	\$ (46)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (46)		
Total	\$ (46)	<u>s</u> -	<u>s</u> -	\$ (46)		

The following table provides a reconciliation between the beginning and ending balances of items measured at fair value on a recurring basis that used significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) (in thousands):

	Acquisition Contingent Consideration
Balances as of January 1, 2010	\$ -
Purchases, sales and settlements, net	128
Transfers out of Level 3	(82)
Balances as of December 31, 2010	\$ 46

The fair values of the trade receivables, and certificate of deposit were computed using a discounted cash flow model using estimated market rates as of December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 (in thousands):

	Decemi	December 31, 2010			December	r 31,	31, 2009	
	Carrying Value	• •		Carrying Value		Estimated Fair Value		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,20	7 \$	14,207	\$	21,549	\$	21,549	
Restricted cash	1,08	3	1,088		1,088		1,088	
Trade receivables	21,56	1	21,120		20,426		20,071	
Certificate of deposit	500)	500		500		500	

Our disclosure of the estimated fair value of our financial instruments is made in accordance with accounting guidance. The estimated fair value amounts have been determined by using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, considerable judgment is required to interpret market data in order to develop the estimates of fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts we could realize in a current market exchange. The use of different market assumptions and estimation methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts. The fair value estimates presented herein are based on pertinent information available to management as of December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009.

7. Stock-Based Compensation

We have various incentive stock-based compensation plans that provide for the grant of up to 2,000,000 shares to eligible employees, consultants and directors of stock options, restricted stock, and other share-based awards. As of December 31, 2010, we had 354,817 shares remaining in the plans for grant.

The following table summarizes the statement of operations effect of stock-based compensation for the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 (in thousands):

Stock option compensation expense recognized:	Decer	Ended nber 31,	Six Months Ended December 31, 2009	E: Ju	al Year nded ne 30, 009
Cost of revenue Research and development	\$	169 176	\$ 91 113	\$	124 279
Selling and marketing General and administrative		84 612	47 458		146 995
Total stock option compensation expense recognized Related deferred income tax benefit		1,041 (354)	709 (228)		1,544 (767)
Decrease in net income or increase in net loss	<u>\$</u>	687	<u>\$ 481</u>	<u>\$</u>	777

Stock Options

The weighted-average fair value of stock options on the date of grant and the assumptions used to estimate the fair value of stock options granted during the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model were as follows:

	Decer	r Ended nber 31,	Dece	Months Inded Inber 31, 2009	E	al Year Inded 30, 2009
Weighted-average fair value of options granted Expected volatility Expected life (in years) Risk-free interest rate Expected dividend yield	\$	1.53 66% 4.00 1.73% 2.35%	,	3.51 70% 3.37 2.02% 1.06%	,	2.70 71% 3.61 1.92% 1.63%

The expected volatility of the option is determined using historical volatilities based on historical stock prices. The expected life of the options granted is based on our historical share option exercise experience. The risk-free interest rate is determined using the yield available for zero-coupon U.S. government issues with a remaining term equal to the expected life of the option. Expected dividend yield is based on our announced dividends each period during the term of the option.

The following table summarizes the stock option activity for all plans for the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009:

	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average <u>Exercise Price</u>	Weighted- Average Remaining Contract Life	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Outstanding at July 1, 2008	804,417	\$ 14.68	3.4 years	\$ 1,947
Granted	368,000	5.56		
Exercised	(154,651)	3.86		
Cancelled/forfeited	(342,430)	15.06		
Outstanding at June 30, 2009	675,336	11.99	6.8 years	690
Granted	175,000	7.52		
Exercised	•	•		
Cancelled/forfeited	(102,295)	20.82		
Outstanding at December 31, 2009	748,041	9.75	7.9 years	481
Granted	585,000	3.45		
Exercised	(2,499)	3.49		
Cancelled/forfeited	(42,531)	13.95		
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	1,288,011	6.76	8.2 years	832
Ending vested and expected to vest	1,180,473	6.76	8.2 years	710
Exercisable as of December 31, 2010	552,957	9.46	7.0 years	245
Exercisable as of December 31, 2009	322,890	12.45	6.3 years	176

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2010 and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 was \$9,000 and \$279,000, respectively.

The following table summarizes non-vested stock activity for all stock option plans during the year ended December 31, 2010:

	Year Ended I	December 31, 10_
	Shares	Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Nonvested balance, beginning of period Granted Vested Forseited	425,151 585,000 (255,511) (19,586)	\$ 3.83 1.53 3.31 2.13
Nonvested balance, end of period	735,054	\$ 2.25

As of December 31, 2010, the total future compensation expense related to nonvested options not yet recognized in the consolidated statements of operations was approximately \$1,630,000 and the weighted-average period over which these awards are expected to be recognized is approximately 18 months.

Restricted Stock

During the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, we granted 20,000, 21,000 and 108,000 shares of restricted stock to our employees and directors under the 2003 Equity Incentive Plan, respectively. The restricted stock has one, two, or three-year vesting periods during which the recipient must remain employed with us or our subsidiaries. The weighted average fair value of the restricted stock on the dates of grant made during the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 was \$5.85, \$6.89, and \$12.15 per share, respectively. The following table summarizes the restricted stock activity for the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009:

	Number of	Weighted- Average Grant-Date
Restricted stock outstanding as of July 1, 2008	Shares	Fair Value
	_	_
Granted	108,000	\$ 12.15
Vested	(49,849)	12.15
Forfeited	(33,099)	12.15
Restricted stock outstanding as of June 30, 2009	25,052	12.15
Granted	21,000	6.89
Vested	(16,749)	12.15
Forfeited	(10), 10)	
Restricted stock outstanding as of December 31, 2009	29,303	9.15
Granted	20,000	5.85
Vested	(33,631)	8.13
Forfeited	• • •	
Restricted stock outstanding as of December 31, 2010	(1,672)	12.15
Acad Acad Stock Oddstanding as of December 31, 2010	14,000	6.89

8. Income Taxes

The provision (benefit) for income taxes consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31, 2010		Six Months Ended December 31, 2009	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009
Current income tax provision (benefit): Federal State and local Foreign	\$	540 8 (190)	\$ (123) 96 (175)	\$ 4,451 100
Current income tax provision (benefit)		358	(202)	4,551
Deferred income tax provision (benefit): Federal State and local Foreign		(19) 118 235	1,015 59 (235)	992 138 ———
Deferred income tax provision		334	839	1,130
Total income tax provision	<u>\$</u>	692	\$ 637	\$ 5,681

The income tax provision (benefit) attributable to income (loss) before income tax provision for the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 differed from the amounts computed by applying the U.S. federal statutory tax rate of 34% for the year ended December 31, 2010 and 35% for the six months ended December 31, 2009 and fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 as a result of the following (in thousands):

	Dece	r Ended mber 31,	Six Months Ended December 31, 2009	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009
Computed "expected" income tax provision (benefit)	\$	(550)	\$ 688	\$ (651)
Increase (decrease) in income tax provision (benefit) resulting from:				
State and local income tax provision (benefit), net of federal effect		(43)	103	154
Change in tax rate		123	_	_
Change in the valuation allowance for deferred income tax assets		685	81	5,124
Settlements		(96)	(235)	795
Uncertain tax positions		365	15	_
Other, net		208	(15)	259
Income tax provision	\$	692	\$ 637	\$ 5,681

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, significant components of net defenred income tax assets and liabilities were as follows (in thousands):

	As of December 31, 2010			As of December 31, 2009				
	Current Non-current		Current		No	n-current		
Deferred income tax assets;								
Accrued expenses	\$	532	\$	_	\$	808	`\$	
Deferred revenue		1,048				1,412		_
Net operating loss carryforwards		_		2,506		· —		3,073
Foreign tax credits				1,341		_		1,064
Stock-based compensation				1,957		_		1,744
Other				<u> 364</u>				212
Subtotal		1,580		6,168		2,220		6,093
Valuation allowance				(837)				(546)
Total deferred income tax assets		1,580		5,331		2,220	===	5,547
Deferred income tax liabilities:								
Property and equipment		_		(198)		_		(121)
Prepaid expenses and other		(631)		(109)		(1,211)		(128)
Total deferred income tax liabilities		(631)		(307)		(1,211)		(249)
Net deferred income tax assets	\$	949	\$	5,024	\$	1,009	<u>s</u>	5,298

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, we experienced a change in ownership, as defined by the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") under Section 382. A change of ownership occurs when ownership of a company increases by more than 50 percentage points over a three-year testing period of certain stockholders. As a result of this ownership change we determined that our annual limitation on the utilization of our federal net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards is approximately \$461,000 per year. We will only be able to utilize \$5,761,000 of our NOL carryforwards and will forgo utilizing \$14,871,000 of our NOL carryforwards as a result of this ownership change. We do not account for forgone NOL carryovers in our deferred tax assets and only account for the NOL carryforwards that will not expire unutilized as a result of the restrictions of IRC section 382.

As of December 31, 2010, we had NOL, research and development, and foreign tax credit carryforwards for U.S. federal income tax reporting purposes of approximately \$6,092,000, \$129,000, and \$1,341,000, respectively. The NOLs will begin to expire in 2020 through 2029, the research and development credits will begin to expire in 2029 through 2030, and the foreign tax credits will begin to expire in 2017 through 2019, if not utilized.

We also have state NOL and research and development credit carryforwards of approximately \$2,627,000 and \$48,000, which expire on specified dates as set forth in the rules of the various states to which the carryforwards relate.

We also have foreign NOL carryforwards of approximately \$710,000, which expire on specified dates as set forth in the rules of the various countries in which the carryforwards relates.

Accounting guidance requires that a valuation allowance be established when it is more likely than not that all or a portion of net deferred income tax assets will not be realized. A valuation allowance has been recorded on certain of our foreign tax credits that we believe we will not be able to utilize before the carryforwards expire. A valuation allowance has also been recorded on certain of our state NOL carryovers that we believe we will not be able to utilize before the carryforwards expire. A valuation allowance has also been recorded on all of our foreign NOL carryovers as we do not believe we will be able to utilize these carryforwards.

The net change in our valuation allowance was an increase of \$291,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010 and a decrease of \$5,124,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2009.

Accounting guidance clarifies the accounting for uncertain tax positions and requires companies to recognize the impact of a tax position in their financial statements, if that position is more likely than not of being sustained on audit, based on the technical merits of the position.

Although we believe our estimates are reasonable, there can be no assurance that the final tax outcome of these matters will not be different from that which we have reflected in our historical income tax provisions and accruals. Such difference could have a material impact on our income tax provision and operating results in the period in which it makes such determination.

The aggregate changes in the balance of unrecognized tax benefits during the year ended December 31, 2010 and the six months ended December 31, 2009 were as follows (in thousands):

Balance as of July 1, 2008	\$	129
Increases for tax positions related to the current period		11
Increases for tax positions related to the prior years		_
Decreases for tax positions related to prior years		
Settlements		_
Reductions due to lapsed statute of limitations		
Balance as of December 31, 2009	\$	140
Increases for tax positions related to the current period		1.273
Increases for tax positions related to the prior years		_
Decreases for tax positions related to prior years		_
Settlements		(96)
Reductions due to lapsed statute of limitations		` _
Balance as of December 31, 2010	\$	1,317

During the year ended December 31, 2010, we reached a favorable settlement with New Zealand Inland Revenue Service. Prior to the settlement, we had reserved \$96,000 as an uncertain tax liability. Upon conclusion of the settlement, this amount was reduced from the uncertain tax liability and provided an income tax benefit for the year ended December 31, 2010.

During the year ended December 31, 2010 we filed amended returns for the following tax periods ending June 30, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009 and the six months ended December 31, 2009. The returns were amended to reflect an extraterritorial income redetermination (ETI). As a result of the redetermination of ETI we reassessed our foreign source income which resulted in the utilization of additional foreign tax credits. As a result of the amended returns we have recorded a liability for uncertain tax positions of \$1,273,000.

As of December 31, 2010, we had unrecognized tax benefits of \$1,317,000 principally related to foreign tax credits, which if recognized, would reduce our effective tax rate.

Estimated interest and penalties related to the underpayment or late payment of income taxes are classified as a component of income tax provision (benefit) in the consolidated statements of operations. Accrued interest and penalties were approximately \$6,000 and \$28,000 as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Our U.S. federal income tax returns for fiscal 2007 through 2010 are open tax years. The IRS recently completed an audit of fiscal years 2005 through 2007. We also file in various state and foreign jurisdictions. With few exceptions, we are no longer subject to state and non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for years prior to fiscal 2007.

9. Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses consisted of the following (in thousands):

	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Customer service returns allowance	\$ 652	\$ 1,387
Accrued wages and benefits	1,291	1,188
Other	1,418	2,013
Total	\$ 3,361	\$ 4,588

10. Intangible Assets .

On June 29, 2007, we purchased certain advertising lists for \$1,276,000. On June 30, 2008, we purchased an additional \$833,000 in advertising lists. We have historically rented these lists for use in our direct advertising campaigns. We have the right to lease these lists to other third parties. We amortize the advertising lists over six years on an accelerated basis.

In February 2010, we entered into an asset purchase agreement with Castlewave LLC in which several intangible assets were acquired which were customer relationships, technical know-how, and non-compete agreements (Note 3). The net carrying amount of intangible assets and future estimated amortization expense is as follows (in thousands):

	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009		
Advertising name lists	\$ 2,109	\$ 2,109		
Customer relationships	98	0		
Technical know-how	60	0		
Non-compete	60	0		
Less accumulated amortization				
Advertising name lists	(1,274)	(903)		
Customer relationships	(30)	Ò		
Technical know-how	(18)	0		
Non-compete	(18)	0		
*	\$ 987	\$ 1,206		

The following table outlines the estimated future amortization expense related to intangible assets held at December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

Years ending December 31,

2011	\$ 401
2012	353
2013	183
2014	48
Total	\$987

Amortization expense for the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 was approximately \$437,000, \$194,000, and \$431,000, respectively.

11. Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases

We lease certain of its equipment and corporate offices under noncancelable operating lease agreements expiring at various dates through 2015. The operating leases for our corporate offices and training center facility contain customary escalation clauses. Future aggregate minimum lease obligations under operating leases as of December 31, 2010, exclusive of taxes and insurance, are as follows (in thousands):

Years ending December 31,	
2011	\$ 1,625
2012	1,675
2013	1,350
2014	21
2015	 22
Total	\$ 4,693

Rental expense for the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the year ended June 30, 2009 was approximately \$2,052,000, \$667,000, and \$1,881,000, respectively.

Legal Proceedings

From time to time we receive inquiries from federal, state, city and local government officials in the various jurisdictions in which we operate. These inquiries and investigations generally concern compliance with various city, county, state and/or federal regulations involving sales, representations made, customer service, refund policies, and marketing practices. We respond to these inquiries and have generally been successful in addressing the concerns of these persons and entities, without a formal complaint or charge being made, although there is often no formal closing of the inquiry or investigation. There can be no assurance that the ultimate resolution of these or other inquiries and investigations will not have a material adverse effect on our business or operations, or that a formal complaint will not be initiated. We also receive complaints and inquiries in the ordinary course of business from both customers and governmental and non-governmental bodies on behalf of customers, and in some cases these customer complaints have risen to the level of litigation. There can be no assurance that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse affect on our business or results of operations.

We have recorded liabilities of approximately \$50,000 and \$1,079,000 as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, for estimated losses resulting from various legal proceedings in which we are engaged. Attorneys fees associated with the various legal proceedings are expensed as incurred. We are also subject to various claims and legal proceedings covering matters that arise in the ordinary course of business. We believe that the resolution of these other cases will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position, or results of operations.

12. Stockholders' Equity

On September 4, 2007, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to an additional \$50,000,000 of our common stock, bringing the total amount authorized for repurchase to \$70,000,000 through September 2012. Our share purchase program was originally announced on September 5, 2006. We expect to repurchase the common stock over 5 years but may suspend or discontinue repurchasing the common stock at any time. During the year ended December 31, 2010 and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, we repurchased 78,373 and 109,100 shares of common stock for \$385,000 and \$734,000, respectively. As of December 31, 2010, \$42,490,000 remained of the \$70,000,000 approved repurchase amount.

On November 3, 2010, we announced the commencement of a modified Dutch auction tender offer to purchase up to \$4,750,000 in value of shares of our common stock at a price not less than \$4.35 per share and not more than \$4.75 per share. The tender offer closed on December 10, 2010, after which we purchased and cancelled 723,896 shares of our common stock at a cost of \$3,438,000.

Employee Benefit Plan

We have established a retirement savings plan for eligible employees. The plan allows employees to contribute a portion of their pre-tax compensation in accordance with specified guidelines. We may make discretionary profit-sharing contributions. We have begun making contributions to the plan in July 2006. For the year ended December 31, 2010, the six months ended December 31, 2009, and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, we contributed approximately \$407,000, \$155,000, and \$339,000 to the retirement savings plan, respectively.

14. Segments

Management has chosen to organize the Company around differences in products and services. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, we introduced two new segments into the market named Crexendo Web Services and Crexendo Network Services. Crexendo Web Services generates revenue from managing e-commerce or lead generation offerings, web sites, search engine optimization/management and online promotional needs for small, medium, and large businesses. Crexendo Network Services is currently in the development stage and will market to the data and telecommunications industry. StoresOnline will continue to generate revenue by offering businesses a continuum of services and technology providing tools and training to establish a successful website on the Internet for entrepreneurs and small office/home office (SOHO) customers.

Segment revenue and operating income (loss) was as follows (in thousands):

Revenue:	Year Ended December 31, 2010		Six Months Ended December 31, 2009		Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009	
StoresOnline Crexendo Web Services Crexendo Network Services	\$	64,471 1,322	\$	35,589 127	\$	94,411
Consolidated revenue	\$	65,793	\$	35,716	\$	94,411
Operating Income(Loss): StoresOnline Crexendo Web Services Crexendo Network Services Unallocated corporate items Total operating loss Other Income, net:	\$	5,509 (1,827) (1,429) (8,827) (6,574)	\$	5,455 (904) (210) (4,864) (523)	_	3,682 (253) (199) (11,109) (7,879)
StoresOnline	\$	4,956	\$	2,491	\$	6,018
Total other income, net Income (loss) before income taxes:	\$	4,956	\$	2,491	\$	6,018
StoresOnline Crexendo Web Services Crexendo Network Services Unallocated corporate items	\$	10,465 (1,827) (1,429) (8,827)	\$	7,946 (904) (210) (4,864)	\$	9,700 (253) (199) (11,109)
Income (loss) before income tax provision	<u>\$</u>	(1,618)	\$	1,968	<u>s</u>	(1,861)

Crexendo Network Services is a development stage segment. Since the inception of Crexendo Network Services in March 2009 through December 31, 2010, this segment has incurred \$1,838,000 in expenses.

15. **Related Party**

Revenues

Cost of revenue

On April 7, 2010, Steven G. Mihaylo, our Chief Executive Officer, purchased property we held for sale for \$210,000, which represented management's best estimate of the fair market value of the property. There was no gain or loss recorded on the transaction.

16. Quarterly Financial Information (unaudited)

_		F	or the thre	e mo	nths ended		
M	arch 31, 2010	J	une 30, 2010	Sep	tember 30, 2010		ember 31, 2010
		n tho		cept	per share d	_	
\$	17,094	\$	17,448	\$	14,284	\$	16,967
	5,097		5,228		4,707		6,742

Year ended December 31, 2010

8,874	8,913	7,232	7,887
3,466	3,634	3,295	4,202
538	715	957	880
(881)	(1,042)	(1,907)	(2,744)
1,129	1,169	1,452	1,206
248	127	(455)	(1,538)
(125)	(76)	376	(867)
\$ 123 \$	51 \$	(79) \$	(2,405)
\$ 0.01 \$	0.00 \$	(0.01) \$	(0.21)
\$ 0.01 \$	0.00 \$	(0.01) \$	(0.21)
\$	3,466 538 (881) 1,129 248 (125) \$ 123 \$	3,466 3,634 538 715 (881) (1,042) 1,129 1,169 248 127 (125) (76) \$ 123 \$ 51 \$	3,466 3,634 3,295 538 715 957 (881) (1,042) (1,907) 1,129 1,169 1,452 248 127 (455) (125) (76) 376 \$ 123 \$ 51 \$ (79) \$ \$ 0.01 \$ 0.00 \$ (0.01) \$

\$

Six months ended December 31, 2009 For the three months ended

	Septemb 20	•	December 31, 2009
Revenues	(In thous	ands, except	per share data)
	\$	17,378 \$	18,338
Cost of revenue		5,583	6,025
Selling and marketing		7,904	8,487
General and administrative		3,601	3,595
Research and development		503	541
Loss from operations		(213)	(310)
Total other income		1,313	1,178
Income before income taxes		1,100	868
Income tax provision		(382)	(255)
Net income	\$	718 \$	613
Basic net income per common share	\$	0.06 \$	0.06
Diluted net income per common share	\$	0.06 \$	0.06

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 For the three months ended

(0.89) \$

0.14 \$

0.74

September 30, December 31, March 31, June 30, 2008 2008 2009 2009 (In thousands, except per share data) 27,266 \$ Revenues 26,854 \$ 20,921 \$ 19,370 5,533 Cost of revenue 8,367 9,436 5,802 17,066 17,580 9,336 8,452 Selling and marketing General and administrative 4,512 6,267 4,051 3,711 Research and development 583 497 515 582 Income (loss) from operations (3,262)(6,926)1,217 1,092 Total other income 1,644 1,561 1,567 1,246 2,778 2,659 Income (loss) before income taxes (1,618)(5,680)Income tax benefit (provision) (1,226)5,876 (5,881)(4,450)\$ (7,499) \$ Net income (loss) (10,130)\$ 1,552 \$ 8,535 Basic net income (loss) per common share \$ (0.66) \$ (0.89) \$ 0.14 \$ 0.75

Net income (loss) per common share is computed independently for each of the quarters presented. Therefore, the sums of quarterly net income (loss) per common share amounts do not necessarily equal the total for the six month and twelve month periods presented due to rounding.

Diluted net income (loss) per common share

\$

(0.66) \$

IMERGENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Schedule II- Valuation and Qualifying Accounts Year Ended December 31, 2010, Six Months Ended December 31, 2009, and Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Be	lance at ginning Period	 dditions thousands)	_ <u>D</u>	eductions	E	ance at ad of eriod
Year ended December 31, 2010							
Allowance for doubtful accounts receivable	\$	17,709	\$ 19,923	\$	(19,211)	\$	18,421
Deferred income tax asset valuation allowance		546	291				837
Six Months ended December 31, 2009							
Allowance for doubtful accounts receivable		14,107	17,616		(14,014)		17,709
Deferred income tax asset valuation allowance		5,670	·		(5,124)		546
Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2009		·			(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Allowance for doubtful accounts receivable		18,583	24,448		(28,924)		14,107
Deferred income tax asset valuation allowance		_	5,670				5,670

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, we recognize that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and we are required to apply our judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

As required by Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(b), we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the fiscal quarter covered by this report. Based on the foregoing, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

There has been no change in our internal controls over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Internal control over financial reporting refers to the process designed by, or under the supervision of, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, and effected by our Board of Directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and includes those policies and procedures that:

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of our assets;
- Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of our management and directors; and
- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Internal control over financial reporting cannot provide absolute assurance of achieving financial reporting objectives because of its inherent limitations. Internal control over financial reporting is a process that involves human diligence and compliance and is subject to lapses in judgment and breakdowns resulting from human failures. Internal control over financial reporting also can be circumvented by collusion or improper management override. Because of such limitations, there is a risk that material misstatements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by internal control over financial reporting. However, these inherent limitations are known features of the financial reporting process. Therefore, it is possible to design into the process safeguards to reduce, though not eliminate, the risk. Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over our financial reporting.

Management has used the framework set forth in the report entitled "Internal Control-Integrated Framework" published by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission to evaluate the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting. Management has concluded that its internal control over financial reporting was effective as of the end of the most recent fiscal year.

This Annual Report does not include an attestation report of our independent registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by the Company's independent registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit us to provide only management's report in this Annual Report.

The foregoing has been approved by our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, who have been involved with the assessment and analysis of our internal controls over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Information with respect to this item will be set forth in the definitive proxy statement to be delivered to stockholders in connection with the 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the "Proxy Statement"). Such information is incorporated herein by reference.

We have adopted a code of ethics that applies to all employees, including employees of our subsidiaries, as well as each member of our Board of Directors. The code of ethics is available at our website at www.imergentinc.com.

We intend to satisfy any disclosure requirement under Item 5.05 of Form 8-K regarding an amendment to, or waiver from, a provision of this code of ethics by posting such information on our website, at the address specified above.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Information with respect to this item will be set forth in the Proxy Statement under the heading "Executive Compensation and Other Matters," and is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDERS MATTERS

Information with respect to this item will be set forth in the Proxy Statement under the heading "Beneficial Ownership of Shares," and is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

Information with respect to this item will be set forth in the Proxy Statement under the heading "Corporate Governance" and is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

Information with respect to this item will be set forth in the Proxy Statement under the headings "Fees of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" and "Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures," and is incorporated herein by reference.

PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

Documents filed as part of this Report:

- 1. Financial Statements consolidated financial statements of iMergent, Inc. and subsidiaries as set forth under Item 8 of this Report.
- 2. The Financial Statement Schedule on page 83 of this Annual Report.
- 3. Exhibit Index as seen below.

EXHIBIT INDEX

		Incorporated By Reference			
ExhibitNo.	Exhibit Description	Form	Date	Number	FiledHerewith
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger dated March 10, 2000 by and among Netgateway, Inc., Galaxy Acquisition Corp. and GalaxyEnterprises, Inc.	8-K	3/21/00	10.1	
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation	S-1	6/1/99	3.1	
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation	S-1	9/7/00	3.1	
3.3	Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation	10-K	10/15/02	3.3	
3.4	Amended and Restated Bylaws	10-Q	11/20/01	3.2	
3.5	Certificate of Ownership and Merger (4)	S-1/A	11/12/99	3.3	
3.6	Articles of Merger	S-1/A	11/12/99	3.4	
4.1	Form of Common Stock Certificate	10-K	10/15/02	4.1	
4.2*	Form of Representatives' Warrant	S-1	6/1/99	4.1	
10.1*	1998 Stock Compensation Program	S-1	6/1/99	10.6	
10.2*	Amended and Restated 1998 Stock Option Plan for Senior Executives	10-K	9/29/03	10.2	
10.3*	Amended and Restated 1999 Stock Option Plan for Non-Executives	10-K	9/29/03	10.3	
10.5*	2003 Equity Incentive Plan	10-K	9/10/04	10.11	
10.6	Lease Agreement dated as of March 18, 2008 by and between iMergent, Inc. and Canyon Park Management Company	10-Q	5/6/08	10.1	
21.1	Subsidiaries of iMergent, Inc.				X
23.1	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (Deloitte & Touche LLP)				x
23.2	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (Tanner LLC)				x
31.1	Certification Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended				x
31.2	Certification Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended				x
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350				x
32.2	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350				x

^{*} Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

IMERGENT, INC.

Date: March 2, 2011

By: /s/ Steven G Mihaylo

Steven G Mihaylo

Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Date: March 2, 2011	Ву:	Is Steven G Mihaylo Steven G Mihaylo Chief Executive Officer, Chairman of the Board of Directors
Date: March 2, 2011	Ву:	/s/ Jonathan R. Erickson Jonathan R. Erickson Chief Financial Officer
Date: March 2, 2011	Ву:	/s/ Jeffrey t. Jarvie Jeffrey T. Jarvie Corporate Controller/Vice President of Finance
Date: March 2, 2011	Ву:	/s/ Todd Goergen Todd Goergen Director
Date: March 2, 2011	Ву:	/s/ Craig Rauchle Craig Rauchle Director
Date: March 2, 2011	By:	/s/ Robert Kamm Robert Kamm Director
Date: March 2, 2011	Ву:	/s/ David Williams David Williams Director
Date: March 2, 2011	Ву:	/s/ Anil Puri Anil Puri Director

EXHIBIT D MANAGEMENT BIOGRAPHIES

Steven G. Mihaylo, Chief Executive Officer and Director



Steve was appointed as Chief Executive Officer in 2008. He is the retired chairman and chief executive officer of Inter-Tel. Incorporated, which he founded in 1969. Steve led the Inter-Tel evolution from providing business telephone systems to offering complete managed services and software that help businesses facilitate communication and increase customer service and productivity. Before selling Inter-Tel to Mitel for \$720 million in 2007. Steve grew the business to nearly \$500 million in annual sales.

Steve earned an honorary PhD from California State University - Fullerton and received a Bachelor of Arts in Business Administration in Accounting & Finance from the university in 1969. He has served on boards of numerous community organizations including the Arizona Heart Foundation, Junior Achievement of Arizona Arizona Museum of Science and Technology and the Arizona State University College of Business Dean's Council of 100. Committed to education. Steve is involved with the Karl Eller College of Management at the University of Arizona and has served on the advisory board of Junior Achievement of Central Arizona for over 25 years, as a member of the board of directors of the Big Bear High School Education Foundation and on the Dean's Advisory Board of CSU-Fullerton.

Clint Sanderson, Senior Vice President



Mr. Sanderson joined StoresOnline in 2002 and has served as SVP and President of our StoresOnline and Crexendo divisions since February 2009. Since joining iMergent. Sanderson has held positions of increasing responsibility, including Senior Vice President of Sales of our StoresOnline Division. Sales Manager and vice president of operations. Prior to joining StoresOnline, Mr. Sanderson served as director of sales for two enterprise software companies. Mr. Sanderson also serves on the Board of Directors of the American Lung Association of Utah. Mr. Sanderson received a Bachelor of Science Degree from Brigham Young University

David Krietzberg, Chief Administrative Officer



Mr. Krietzberg has served as the Chief Administrative Officer since 2009. Prior to joining iMergent. Inc. Krietzberg held positions with Mifel Networks. Inc. Inter-Tel Technologies. Inc. and Executone Information Systems. Inc. including Chief Financial Officer. Vice President of Finance and Treasurer. Krietzberg has extensive experience in operations management, strategic planning, financial management. building organizations and developing high performance teams. Mr. Krietzberg has both an MBA in finance and a BBA in accounting from Pace University.

Jonathan R. Erickson, Chief Financial Officer



Mr. Erickson has served as iMergent's Chief Financial Officer since February 2009. Prior to his that he served as a controller since 2006. Prior to joining. Mergent Mr. Erickson held various positions of increasing responsibility at Detoitte & Touche LLP, which he joined in May 2003. culminating with the position of Audit Senior specializing primarily in international manufacturing operations. Mr. Erickson received a Bachelor of Science degree in Accounting from Brigham Young University in 2002 and a Master of Accountancy from Brigham Young University in 2003. Mr. Erickson is also a certified public accountant.

David L. Rosenvall, Chief Technology Officer



Mr. Rosenvall was appointed as our Chief Technology Officer in February 2001. Prior thereto, he served as our Chief Architect from Septen ber 1999. He initially joined us in November 1998 in connection with our acquisition of StoresOnline.com From September 1997 to December 1998. Mr. Rosenvall was president of Spartan Multimedia in Calgary. Alberta, Canada, and from January 1995 to August 1997, he was Vice. President for Research and Development at Xentel, another Calgary company. Mr. Rosenvall holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Mechanical Engineering from the University of Calgary and an M.B.A. from Brigham Young University.

Jeffrey Korn, Chief Legal Officer



Mr. Korn has served as Chief Legal Officer since February 2009. Prior to that he served as the General Counsel of iMergent since 2002. Prior to joining iMergent. Mr. Korn had a private consulting practice, before that, he had served as general counsel of ProsoftTraining (previously a NASDAQ company), and prior to that Mr. Korn was a partner in a Jacksonville. Florida, law firm with his practice, specializing in corporate matters and litigation. Mr. Korn has been an advisor to private venture firms, as well as a lecturer and a college instructor. Mr. Korn currently serves on the board of directors of Flanders Corporation and on several charitable and education boards. Mr. Korn has a BA from the State University of New York at New Paltz and a JD from Stetson University College.

EXHIBIT E PROPOSED TARIFF

TITLE SHEET

SOUTH CAROLINA TARIFF NO. 1 APPLICABLE TO LOCAL AND INTEREXCHANGE IP VOICE SERVICES OF CREXENDO BUSINESS SOLUTIONS, INC.

This tariff contains the descriptions, regulations, and rates applicable to the furnishing of services and facilities for Internet Protocol voice services provided by Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc. with principal offices at 1615 South 52nd Street, Tempe, Arizona 85281. This tariff applies for services furnished within the State of South Carolina. This tariff is on file with the Public Service Commission of South Carolina and copies may be inspected, during normal business hours, at the Company's principal place of business.

Issued: Issued By:

CHECK SHEET

The sheets listed below, which are inclusive of this tariff, are effective as of the date shown at the bottom of the respective sheet(s). Original and revised sheets as named below comprise all changes from the original tariff and are currently in effect as of the date on the bottom of this page.

Sheet	Revision	Sh	<u>reet</u>	Revision
1	Original	2	26	Original
2	Original	2	27	Original
3	Original	2	28	Original
4	Original	2	29	Original
5	Original	3	30	Original
6	Original	3	31	Original
7	Original	3	32	Original
8	Original	3	33	Original
9	Original	3	34	Original
10	Original	3	35	Original
11	Original	3	36	Original
12	Original			_
13	Original			
14	Original			
15	Original			
16	Original			
17	Original			
18	Original			
19	Original			
20	Original			
21	Original			
22	Original			
23	Original			
24	Original			
25	Original			

^{*} New or Revised

Issued:
Issued By:

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SYMBOLS SHEET

The following symbols shall be used in this tariff for the purpose indicated below:

- C To Signify a Change in Rate Schedule or Term or Condition
- D To Signify a Deleted Discontinued Rate or Term or Condition
- I To Signify an Increased Rate
- M To Signify Text Moved from Another Tariff Location
- N To Signify a New Rate or Term or Condition
- R To Signify a Reduced Rate
- T To Signify a Change in Text or Regulation; But No Change in Rate or Term or Condition
- Z To Signify a Correction

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TARIFF FORMAT

- A. Sheet Numbering Sheet numbers appear in the upper right corner of the page. Sheets are numbered sequentially. However, new sheets are occasionally added to the tariff. When a new sheet is added between sheets already in effect, a decimal is added. For example, a new sheet added between sheets 14 and 15 would be 14.1.
- B. Sheet Revision Numbers Revision numbers also appear in the upper right corner of each page where applicable. These numbers are used to determine the most current sheet version on file with the Commission. For example, the 4th revised Sheet 14 cancels the 3rd revised Sheet 14. Because of various suspension periods, deferrals, etc. that the Commission follows in their tariff approval process, the most current sheet number on file with the Commission is not always the tariff page in effect. Consult the Check Sheet for the sheet currently in effect.
- C. Paragraph Numbering Sequence There are nine levels of paragraph coding. Each level of coding is subservient to its next higher level:
- 2.
- 2.1.
- 2.1.1.
- 2.1.1.A.
- 2.1.1.A.1.
- 2.1.1.A.1.(a). 2.1.1.A.1.(a).I.
- 2.1.1.A.1.(a).I.(i).
- 2.1.1.A.1.(a).I.(i).(1).
- D. Check Sheets When a tariff filing is made with the Commission, an updated check sheet accompanies the tariff filing. The check sheet lists the sheets contained in the tariff, with a cross reference to the current revision number. When new pages are added, the check sheet is changed to reflect the revision. All revisions made in a given filing are designated by the symbols given on the symbols sheet. There will be no other symbols used on this page if these are the only changes made to it (i.e., the format, etc. remains the same, just revised revision levels on some pages). The tariff user should refer to the latest check sheet to find out if a particular sheet is the most current on file with the Commission.

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NOTICE CONCERNING ALL TERMS AND CONDITIONS AND RATES

The Public Service Commission of South Carolina ("Commission" or "SCPSC") requires that each telephone company's Terms and Conditions comply with and not conflict with regulations and requirements of South Carolina Statutes, S.C. Code Sections 58-9-10 et seq. and the regulations found in South Carolina Code Binder 26, Chapter 103, Article 6. Any provision in these Terms and Conditions or rate schedules that conflicts with a South Carolina statute or SCPSC rule is inapplicable and will not be enforceable. The following regulations apply to telephone utilities and contain provisions that affect matters that commonly appear in telephone utility Terms and Conditions:

Subarticle 1 – General

Subarticle 2 - Records and Reports including Complaints, Accidents, Interruption of Service, and Service Reports

Subarticle 3 – Customer Relations including Standards for Customer Deposits, Billing, Denial or Discontinuance of Service, Directories and Termination of Service

Subarticle 4 - Engineering

Subarticle 5 - Inspection and Tests

Subarticle 6 - Standards and Quality of Service

Subarticle 7 - Safety

Subarticle 8 - Telecommunication Relay Service Advisory Committee

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NOTICE CONCERNING ALL TERMS AND CONDITIONS AND RATES

In addition, the following provisions regarding use of 911 services are part of this Company's Terms and Conditions:

Crexendo 911 service is different from traditional 911 and cellular/wireless 911 service. Dialing 911 may differ depending on where Customers are located, and the device used, when using Crexendo service. Please see the full terms of the Crexendo 911 policy at http://www.crexendotelecom.com/e911-policy.

When dialing 911, Customers' Crexendo phone number and registered address are sent to the local emergency center serving that location, and emergency operators have access to this information in order to send help and call you back if necessary. When dialing 911 local emergency operators answering the call may not see the Crexendo telephone number or registered address. The emergency center may not be equipped to receive, capture or retain the Customer's Crexendo telephone number and registered address, so Customers must be prepared to give them this information. Until Customers give the operator their phone number, he/she may not be able to call back or dispatch help if the call is disconnected, dropped or otherwise terminated.

Crexendo requires Customers to provide the physical address where they will be using Crexendo service for 911 purposes. This address is used to route 911 calls to Customers' local emergency center. When Customers initially provide a physical address, it can take up to 24 hours to verify the address and activate 911 services. It is advisable to have alternate 911 service until 911 service has been activated. If a device is moved to another location, Customers must update the address. The location must be in an area served by Crexendo. Only one location can be registered at a time. If the address is not updated, 911 calls may be sent to an emergency center near the old address. There may be an additional delay of up to 24 hours after notifying Crexendo of the device having been moved.

If a selected service enables utilizing the same telephone number for two different devices Customers may be required to use an alternate service to contact local 911 service. 911 will only work at the location where the device is located. Please note that Crexendo 911 Dialing service will not function in the event of a broadband or power outage or if Customers' broadband, Internet Service Provider (ISP), or Crexendo phone service is terminated.

This Company agrees that it is responsible for complying with all applicable rules, regulations, and orders of the Public Service Commission of South Carolina and with the South Carolina Code. It understands that if it applies or enforces any provision of these Terms and Conditions that is in conflict with a rule, regulation or order of the SCPSC or the South Carolina Code, the rule, regulation, order or statute will govern. Full Terms of Service are available on the Company's website at www.crexendotelecom.com.

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Effective:

Jeffrey Korn Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc. 1615 South 52nd Street Tempe, Arizona 85281 801-227-0004

SECTION 1 - TECHNICAL TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

1.1 Explanation of Abbreviations and Acronyms

Commission or SCPSC - Public Service Commission of South Carolina

IXC - Interexchange Carrier

ICO - Independent Company

ICE - Independent Company Exchange

LATA - Local Access and Transport Area

LEC - Local Exchange Company

MTS - Message Telecommunication Service

NPA - Numbering Plan Area

PIC - Primary Interexchange Carrier

TDD - Telephone Device for the Deaf

TRS - Telecommunications Relay Service

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SECTION 1 – TECHNICAL TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

1.2 Definition of Terms

Commission (SCPSC) - The Public Service Commission of South Carolina

Company - Refers to Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc.

Completed – A call which the Company's network has determined has been answered by a person, answering machine, fax machine, computer modem device, or other mechanical answering device.

Customer – The person, firm, corporation, or other entity which orders Service and is responsible for payment of charges due and compliance with the Company's tariff regulations. This term also includes a person who was a Customer of the Company within the past 30 days and who requests Service at the same or different location.

Customer-Provided Equipment (CPE) – Equipment provided by the Customer for use with the Company's Services. CPE can include a station set, facsimile machine, key system, PBX, or other communication system.

End User – Any Customer that is not a carrier, except that a carrier (other than a telephone company) shall be deemed to be an "End User" when such carrier uses the Company's Service for administrative purposes.

IP Voice Service – The provision to the Customer of access to the Company's Internet Protocol voice network and the public switched telephone network for the purpose of sending and receiving calls.

Nonrecurring Charge – A one-time charge made under certain conditions to recover all or a portion of the cost of installing facilities or providing Service.

Recurring Charge – The monthly charge to the Customer for Services, facilities and equipment, which continue for the agreed upon duration of the Service.

Service – Any IP Voice Service(s) provided by the Company under this tariff.

Termination of Service – Discontinuance of both incoming and outgoing Service.

User – A Customer, or any other person authorized by a Customer to use Service provided under this tariff.

Voice Line – A network path capable of transmitting signals within the range of the service offering, e.g., a Voiceband transmission path is capable of transmitting voice frequencies within the approximate range of 300 to 3000 Hz. A transmission path is comprised of physical or derived channels consisting of any form or configuration of facilities typically used in the communications industry.

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SECTION 2 - RULES AND REGULATIONS

2.1 Undertaking of the Company

2.1.1 Application of Tariff

- A. This tariff sets forth terms and conditions applicable to the furnishing of the IP Voice Service defined herein offered by the Company within the State of South Carolina. IP Voice Service is furnished for the use of End Users in placing and receiving calls within the State of South Carolina.
- B. When Services and facilities are provided in part by the Company and in part by other companies, the regulations of the Company apply only to that portion of the service or facilities furnished by it.
- C. When Services and facilities provided by the Company are used to obtain access to the regulated or unregulated services provided by another company, or are used by another company as part of the regulated or unregulated services offered by that company, the regulations of the Company apply only to the use of the Company's Services and facilities.
- D. This tariff applies only for the use of the Company's Services within the State of South Carolina. This includes the use of the Company's network to complete an end-to-end call within the State of South Carolina and to obtain access to the intrastate and interstate Toll Call services offered by the Company.
- E. The provision of IP Voice Service defined herein is subject to regulations specified in this tariff and may be revised, added to, or supplemented by superseding issues.

2.1.2 Shortage of Equipment or Facilities

The furnishing of Service under this tariff is subject to the availability on a continuing basis of all the necessary facilities and technical capabilities and is limited to the capacity of the Company's facilities as well as facilities the Company may obtain from carriers to furnish Service from time to time as required at the sole discretion of the Company.

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2.1.3 Terms and Conditions

- A. IP Voice service requires a high speed broadband connection which the Company does not provide. Events beyond the Company's control may affect Service, such as power outages, fluctuations in the Internet, underlying Internet Service Provider (ISP) or broadband service, or maintenance. Crexendo will act in good faith to minimize disruptions to use of and access to Service.
- B. IP Voice Service is dependent upon electrical power and, even with a Customer premises back up power source, if the electrical provider and/or Company's cable network or facilities are not operating, the IP Voice Service, including the ability to access emergency 911 services, may not be available. The Company accepts no responsibility for Service outages due to the non-availability at the Customer's premises of electrical power.
- C. Customers may be required to enter into written service orders which shall contain or reference a specific description of the service ordered, the rates to be charged, the duration of the services, and the terms and conditions in this tariff. Customers will also be required to execute any other documents as may be reasonably requested by the Company.
- D. In any action between the parties to enforce any provision of this tariff, the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover its legal fees and court costs from the non-prevailing party in addition to other relief a court may award.
- E. Service may be terminated to the Customer pursuant to 26 S.C. Regs. 103-625.
- F. This tariff shall be interpreted and governed by the laws of the State of South Carolina without regard for its choice of laws provision.
- G. Application for Service, billing, payment, deposit, disconnection, dispute resolution and other credit and collect procedures are governed by Chapter 103, Article 6, Subarticle 3 of the Regulations of the SCPSC or any successor provisions.
- H. These provisions do not constitute all of the Company's Terms of Service. Full Terms of Service are available on the Company's website at www.crexendotelecom.com.

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2.2 Limitations

2.2.1 Indemnification

- A. The Company shall not be liable for any claims for loss or damages involving:
 - 1. Any act or omission of: (a) the Customer, (b) any other entity furnishing service, equipment or facilities for use in conjunction with Services or facilities provided by the Company, or (c) common carriers or warehousemen;
 - 2. Any delay or failure of performance or equipment due to causes beyond the Company's control, including, but not limited to, acts of God, fires, floods, earthquakes, hurricanes, or other natural catastrophes; national emergencies, insurrections, riots, wars or other civil commotions; strikes, lockouts, work stoppages or other labor difficulties; criminal actions taken against the Company; unavailability, failure or malfunction of equipment or facilities provided by the Customer or third parties; and any law, order, regulation or other action of any governing authority or agency thereof;
 - 3. Any unlawful or unauthorized use of the Company's facilities and Services;
 - 4. Libel, slander, invasion of privacy or infringement of patents, trade secrets, or copyrights arising from or in connection with the transmission of communications by means of Company-provided facilities or Services, or by means of the combination of Company provided facilities or Services with Customer-provided facilities or services;
 - 5. Breach in the privacy or security of communications transmitted over the Company's facilities;
 - 6. Changes in any of the facilities, operations or procedures of the Company that render any equipment, facilities or services provided by the Customer obsolete, or require modification or alteration of such equipment, facilities or services, or otherwise affect their use or performance, except where reasonable notice is required by the Company and is not provided to the Customer, in which event the Company's liability is limited as set forth in this Section 2.2;
 - 7. Defacement of or damage to Customer premises resulting from the furnishing of Services or equipment on such premises or the installation or removal thereof;

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- 8. Injury to property or injury or death to persons, including claims for payments made under Workers' Compensation law or under any plan for employee disability or death benefits, arising out of, or caused by, any act or omission of the Customer, or the construction, installation, maintenance, presence, use or removal of the Customer's facilities or equipment connected, or to be connected, to the Company's facilities;
- Any intentional, wrongful act of a Company employee when such act is not within the scope of the employee's responsibilities for the Company and/or is not authorized by the Company;
- 10. Any representations made by Company employees that do not comport, or that are inconsistent, with the provisions of this tariff;
- 11. Any act, omission or network condition resulting in the non-availability of 911, E911, or similar services for any reason including, without limitation and by way of example only, due to any failure of the Company's system, interruption of Crexendo cable modem service or interruption of electric service to Customer's premises (IP Voice Service is not supported by an in-home back-up power source);
- 12. Any non-completion of calls due to network busy conditions or network failures;
- 13. Any calls not actually attempted to be completed during any period that Service is unavailable;
- 14. Blockages by other providers of services on the public switched network.
- B. The Company shall be indemnified, defended and held harmless by the Customer or End User from and against any and all claims, loss, demands, suits, expense, or other action or any liability whatsoever, including attorney fees, whether suffered, made, insinuated, or asserted by the Customer or by any other party, for any personal injury to or death of any person or persons, and for any loss, damage or destruction of any property, including environmental contamination, whether owned by the Customer or by any other party, caused or claimed to have been caused directly or indirectly by the installation, operation, failure to operate, maintenance, presence, condition, location, use, or removal of any Company or Customer equipment or facilities or Service provided by the Company.
- C. The Company does not guarantee nor make any warranty with respect to installations provided by it for use in an explosive atmosphere.

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- D. The Company assumes no responsibility for the availability or performance of any cable or satellite systems or related facilities under the control of other entities, whether or not affiliated with the Company, or for other facilities provided by other entities used for Service to the Customer, even if the Company has acted as the Customer's agent in arranging for such facilities or services. Such facilities are provided subject to such degree of protection or non-preemptibility as may be provided by the other entities
- E. Except as otherwise stated in this tariff, any claim of whatever nature against the Company shall be deemed conclusively to have been waived unless presented in writing to the Company within thirty (30) days after the date of the occurrence that gave rise to the claim.
- F. The Company is not liable for any errors and omissions in local directories. In cases where a specific charge has been made for a directory listing, the Company shall not be liable for any such error or omission beyond the amount of such charge.
- G. The Company makes no warranties or representations, express or implied either in fact or by operation of law, statutory or otherwise, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular use, except those expressly set forth herein.
- H. The Company will not be liable for any charge incurred when any long distance (Toll Call) carrier or alternative operator service provider accepts third-number billed or collect calls.
- I. Any provisions that limit liability for damages do not apply to the extent they conflict with Chapter 103, Article 6, of the regulations of the SCPSC.

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2.3 Liability of the Company

2.3.1 General

- A. No Warranties on Service. Crexendo makes no warranties, express or implied, including but not limited to, any implied warranties of merchantability, fitness of the service or device for a particular purpose, title or non-infringement or any warranty arising by usage of trade, course of dealing or course of performance. In addition, Crexendo does not warrant that the service or device will be without failure, delay, interruption, error, omission, degradation of voice quality or loss of content, data, or information. Neither Crexendo nor its officers, directors, employees, affiliates or agents, or any other service provider or vendor who furnishes services, devices, or products to the customer for Crexendo's service will be liable for unauthorized access to transmission facilities or premises or equipment or for unauthorized access to, or alteration, theft, or destruction of, customer's data files, programs, procedures, or information through accident, fraudulent means, devices, or any other method, regardless of whether such damage occurs as a result of Crexendo's or its service providers' or vendors' negligence. Statements and descriptions concerning Crexendo's service or device(s), if any, by Crexendo or Crexendo 's agents or installers are informational and are not given as a warranty of any kind. Crexendo will not give credit for any interruption of Crexendo service, including international calling services.
- B. Disclaimer of Liability for Damages. In no event will Crexendo, its officers, directors, employees, affiliates or agents or any other service provider who furnishes services or devices in connection with Crexendo's service be liable for any damages, including but not limited to, personal injury, wrongful death, property damage, loss of data, loss of revenue or profits, or damages arising out of or in connection with the use or inability to use a device or the service, including inability to access emergency service personnel through the 911 dialing service or to obtain emergency help. These limitations apply to claims founded in breach of contract, breach of warranty, product liability, tort, and any and all other theories of liability. These limitations apply whether or not Crexendo was informed of the likelihood of any particular type of damages.
- C. Disclaimer of 911 Liability. Crexendo disclaims all responsibility for the conduct of local emergency response centers and the national emergency calling center. Crexendo does not have any control over any local emergency response center. Therefore, Crexendo is not responsible for whether they answer calls using Crexendo's 911 dialing service, how they answer these calls, or how they handle them. Crexendo relies on third parties to assist us in routing 911 dialing calls to local emergency response centers and to a national emergency calling center. Crexendo is neither liable nor responsible if the data used by a third party to route calls is incorrect or produces an erroneous result. Neither Crexendo nor its officers or employees may be held liable for any claim, damage, or loss, fine, penalty, cost, and expense (including, without limitation, attorney's fees) by, or on behalf of, Customers or any third party or user of Crexendo's service, relating to Crexendo's service, including, without limitation, 911 Dialing, or Customers' device(s).

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D. Limit on total liability. Crexendo's total liability under this agreement will not exceed the service charges for the affected time period. Crexendo will not be responsible for third party fees or charges, including but not limited to, banking fees, overdraft fees, cellular phone or other wireline charges, technician charges, or other similar charges.

2.4 Service Availability

2.4.1 Notification of Service-Affecting Activities

The Company will provide the Customer reasonable notification of Service-affecting activities that may occur in normal operation of its business. Such activities may include, but are not limited to, equipment or facilities additions, removals or rearrangements and routine preventative maintenance. Generally, such activities are not specific to an individual Customer but affect many Customers' Services. No specific advance notification period is applicable to all Service activities. The Company will work cooperatively with the Customer to determine the reasonable notification requirements. With some emergency or unplanned Service-affecting conditions, such as an outage resulting from a loss of power or cable damage, notification to the Customer may not be possible.

2.4.2 Provision of Equipment and Facilities

- A. The Company shall use reasonable efforts to make available Services to a Customer on or before a particular date, subject to the provisions of and compliance by the Customer with the regulations contained in this tariff. The Company does not guarantee availability by any such date and shall not be liable for any delays in commencing Service to any Customer.
- B. The Company shall use reasonable efforts to maintain only the facilities and equipment that it furnishes to the Customer. The Customer may not, nor may the Customer permit others to, rearrange, disconnect, remove, attempt to repair, or otherwise interfere with any of the facilities or equipment installed by the Company, except upon the written consent of the Company.
- C. The Company may substitute, change or rearrange any equipment or facility at any time and from time to time, but shall not thereby alter the technical parameters of the Service provided to the Customer.
- D. Equipment the Company provides or installs at the Customer's premises for use in connection with the Services the Company offers shall not be used for any purpose other than that for which the Company provided it.

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- E. The Customer shall be responsible for the payment of Service charges as set forth herein for visits by the Company's agents or employees to the premises of the Customer or User when the Service difficulty or trouble reported results from the use of equipment or facilities provided by any party other than the Company, including, but not limited to, the Customer or User.
- F. The Company shall not be responsible for the installation, operation, or maintenance of any Customer- or User-provided communications equipment. Where such equipment is connected to the facilities furnished pursuant to this tariff, the responsibility of the Company shall be limited to the furnishing of facilities offered under this tariff and to the maintenance and operation of such facilities. Subject to this responsibility, the Company shall not be responsible for:
 - 1. the transmission of signals by Customer-Provided Equipment or for the quality of, or defects in, such transmission; or
 - 2. the reception of signals by Customer-Provided Equipment.

2.4.3 Ownership of Facilities

Title to all facilities provided in accordance with this tariff remains in the Company, its affiliates, agents or contractors.

2.5 Obligations of the Customer

2.5.1 General

- A. The Customer shall be responsible for:
 - 1. the payment of all applicable charges;
 - damage to or loss of the Company's facilities or equipment caused by the acts or omissions of the Customer or of any User, or by the noncompliance by the Customer or any User with these regulations, or by fire or theft or other casualty on the Customer's or any User's premises, unless caused by the negligence or willful misconduct of the employees or agents of the Company;
 - 3. obtaining, maintaining, and otherwise having full responsibility for all rights-of-way and conduit necessary for installation of lines, facilities and associated equipment used to provide IP Voice Service to the Customer from the Customer's property line to the location of the equipment space described above. Any and all costs associated with obtaining and maintaining the rights-of-way described herein, including the costs of altering the structure to permit installation of Company-provided facilities, shall be borne entirely by, or may be charged by the Company to, the Customer.

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- 4. not creating or allowing to be placed any liens or other encumbrances on the Company's equipment or facilities; and
- 5. making the Company's facilities and equipment available periodically for maintenance purposes at a time agreeable to both the Company and the Customer. No allowance will be made for the period during which Service is interrupted for such purposes.

2.5.2 Prohibited Activities and Uses

- A. Customers may use Crexendo's service and device(s) only for lawful, proper and appropriate purposes. Customers may not use Crexendo's service or device(s) in any way that is illegal, improper or inappropriate. Crexendo in its sole discretion may determine what improper and inappropriate activities are.
- B. Crexendo may monitor the use of its Service for violations of this agreement. Crexendo may remove or block all communications if a violation of this agreement is suspected, or if the Company believes in good faith it is necessary in order to protect the Service, or Crexendo, its parent, affiliates, directors, officers, agents, and employees from liability or other harm. If Crexendo believes that Customers have used the Company's Service or device(s) for an unlawful purpose, Crexendo may forward the relevant communication and other information, including Customer identity, to the appropriate law enforcement or other for investigations and prosecution. Customers consent to forwarding of any such communications and information to law enforcement or other. In addition Crexendo will respond to any subpoena or court order or law enforcement or other governmental agency requests.
- C. Use of Service and Device by Customers outside the United States. Crexendo services are only offered and supported in the United States. Service is designed to work generally with unencumbered high-speed Internet connections. However, if the high-speed Internet connection the Customer is using is not within a Crexendo service area or the Customer's ISP or broadband provider places restrictions on using VoIP services, Crexendo does not claim that they will allow Customers to use the Company's service. Customers are solely responsible for any violations of federal, state or local laws and regulations or violations of ISP and broadband provider terms of service because of Customer use of the Company's service. If Customers ship a device outside the United States for use in another country, such Customer is solely responsible for determining and adhering to compliance with all applicable customs, regulatory and other laws regarding the transport, distribution and use of such device and the service as well as the ability to use the service in that location.

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- D. No Transfer of Service. Customers are the sole account holder for the service for all purposes and are solely responsible for all charges incurred on the account, regardless of changes to the account, including billing information. Customers may not resell or transfer service, account or device(s) or provide a telephone service to anyone else without first getting the Company's written consent. In no event may a Customer account be assigned to a non-U.S. resident.
- E. No Alterations or Tampering. If a Customer copies or alters or has someone else copy or alter the program, hardware or software of the device in any way that facilitates a compromise of Service, such Customer is responsible for any charges that result. Customers may not attempt to hack or otherwise alter or disrupt Crexendo's service or make any use of Crexendo's service that is inconsistent with its intended purpose.
- F. Theft of Service. Customers may not use or obtain Service in any manner that avoids Crexendo policies and procedures, including using the service in an illegal or improper manner. Customers will notify the Company immediately if a device is stolen or if the Customer believes that Service is being stolen, fraudulently used, or otherwise being used in an unauthorized, improper, or illegal manner.
- G. Unauthorized Usage of Device; Firmware or Software. Customers have not been granted any license to use the firmware or software Crexendo uses to provide Service or that Crexendo provides to Customers in providing Service, or that is embedded in Customers' device(s), other than a nontransferable, revocable license to use the firmware or software in object code form (without making any modification to it) strictly according to the terms and conditions of this agreement. Customers also agree that they will use the device exclusively for the Company's service.

2.5.3 Claims

- A. Customers shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless Crexendo, its officers, directors, employees, affiliates and agents, and any other service provider who furnishes services to the Customer for Service, from any and all claims, losses, damages, fines, penalties, costs, and expenses (including, without limitation, attorneys' fees) by, or on behalf of, Customer or any third party or user of Crexendo's service, relating to Crexendo's service, including, without limitation, 911 Dialing, or device(s), or use of Crexendo's service by Customer or others using Customer's account (whether or not such usage is expressly authorized by the Customer).
- B. Customers waive all claims or causes of action arising from or relating to 911 dialing service unless the claims or causes of action arise from the Company's gross negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct.

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- C. Customers are liable for all liability that may arise from the content transmitted to any person, whether or not Customers authorize it, using the Customer's service or device(s). Customers promise that Customer and anyone who uses Customer's service comply at all times with all laws, regulations, and written and electronic instructions for using Crexendo's service and the device(s).
- D. Customers are liable for any and all liability that may arise from failure to provide true, accurate, current and complete information and to maintain and promptly update such information.

2.6 Device / Equipment

2.6.1 General

- A. Except as set forth in the Terms of Service, all Company-provided devices include a limited warranty from another person (such as the manufacturer). Customers should read the separate limited warranty document received with the device for information on the limitation and disclaimer of certain warranties. Unless specifically otherwise notified all equipment is manufactured by another party. Crexendo will provide a limited warranty on the device only for manufacturing defects for the entire term of Customers' subscription so long as Customers are current on all payments due. Repair or replacement is the sole remedy for any breach of any limited warranty or other breach of any duty regarding a device. For a repaired or replacement device, follow the instructions of Company Customer Service representatives who may be contacted at 1.855.211.CALL (2255). This limited warranty applies in place of the limited warranty included with the device if the included limited warranty is less favorable than this warranty.
- B. If a Customer receives cartons or devices that are visibly damaged, the Customer must note the damage on the carrier's freight bill or receipt and keep a copy. Customers must also keep the original carton, all packing materials, and parts in the same condition in which it was received them from the carrier. Customers must then contact the Company Customer Service Department immediately at 1.855.211.CALL (2255). If Crexendo installs equipment or otherwise provide services, Crexendo will provide a limited warranty on those services for a period of one (1) year from the execution of the subscription agreement. This warranty applies only to work completed by Crexendo and not altered by the Customer or the Customer's agents. The sole remedy will be repair of improper installation or workmanship.
- C. Customers bear all the risk of loss, theft, or damage. This risk is from the time of shipment until the time of return shipment according to the Company's Terms of Service and the Customer's specific agreement, if any.

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- D. Customers may not change the electronic serial number or equipment identifier or encryption keys or other authentication or technical data of any device(s) or perform a factory reset of any device(s) without first getting the Company's written consent or unless directed by a Company Customer Support representative.
- E. Other than express warranties for the device in the documentation that comes with the device and the retail customer limited warranty in the Terms of Service, following the term of the limited warranty, Crexendo makes no warranties of any kind, express or implied, and specifically disclaim, following the term of the limited warranty, any warranty of merchantability, fitness of the device for a particular purpose, title or non-infringement, or any warranty arising by usage of trade, course of dealing, or course of performance, or any warranty that the device or any firmware or software is "error free" or will meet Customer's requirements. This section does not limit any disclaimer or limitation of warranty in the documentation provided with the device.

2.7 Billing Payment and Dispute

2.7.1 Payment

- A. The Customer is responsible for the payment of all charges for facilities and Services furnished by the Company to the Customer and to all Users authorized by the Customer. Customers will be charged for the monthly service in advance at the beginning of each billing period. Any overages are charged after the month completes along with the next monthly service. Fax overage charges for 800 Fax Service may lag by as much as 90 days.
- B. By subscribing to the Company's Service, Customers authorize Crexendo to collect payment from the Customer's chosen payment method, including disconnection fees, late fees, check return fees, rebate or device recovery fees and any other outstanding charges. This authorization will remain valid until 30 days after the Customer terminates Crexendo's authority to charge the payment method.

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2.7.2 Billing and Collection of Charges

- Crexendo will charge the Customer's chosen method of payment in advance for each A. monthly service plan fee, associated taxes and surcharges; in arrears for any usage and calls not covered; and immediately on disconnection for any unbilled amounts and any disconnection, and other fees that are due. If subscribed to a prepaid annual plan, Crexendo will bill the Customer in advance for the service plan fee due for the entire year, plus any associated taxes, fees and surcharges, and in arrears on a monthly basis. Late payments will be subject to late payment fees and returned electronic check payments will be subject to returned check fees, each of which are further detailed as part of the Company's fees structure which may be found at www.crexendotelecom.com the terms of which are incorporated herein by reference. Failure to provide payment within 15 days of the billing date could result in termination of service. Customers must provide a valid email address and a payment method upon subscribing. Crexendo reserves the right to stop accepting Customers' payment methods or payments. Customers must notify Crexendo at once if the Customer's payment method expires, the Customer closes the account, billing address changes, email address changes, or if payment method is cancelled and replaced on account of loss or theft. Failure to do so may be deemed to be a default of this agreement and subject the Customer to immediate cancellation.
- B. As provided in S.C. Code Section 34-11-70 the Company may charge a service for each check returned for nonpayment by a bank. The Company will furnish proof of the bank charge upon request.

2.7.3 Disputed Bills

- A. Customers must promptly update their account information whenever personal or billing information changes (including, for example, name, address, e-mail address, telephone number, and credit/debit card number, CVV, and expiration date). Customers acknowledge and agree that Crexendo will send information regarding Service, including via e-mail, over the Internet. If notices are sent to the last email address provided by the Customer, then sufficient email notice has been given and the Customer waives any rights to assert failure of notice. For any dispute of Crexendo charges, Customers must notify Crexendo within 7 calendar days after receiving their statement from their bank or credit card issuer. If charges are not disputed within 7 calendar days, Customers waive any right to contest the charges.
- B. If the Customer has a complaint, has a question about, or seeks to dispute charges, on the bill, the Customer should contact the Company at the address, telephone number, or email address provided on the bill. If the Customer is not satisfied with the Company's response, the Customer may contact Office of Regulatory Staff, P.O. Box 11263, Columbia, SC 29203, (803) 737-5230, (800) 922-1531, www.regulatorystaff.sc.gov.

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2.8 Charges, Taxes, and Additional Fees

2.8.1 Current Fees and Charges

Current fees and charges are located on the Company's website (www.crexendotelecom.com). These fees and charges may change from time to time. New products and services may be introduced at special introductory pricing. At the Company's discretion, Crexendo may change pricing. Where required by law, the Company will send notification of invoices to Customers' email addresses on file. No credit will be given for any interruption of Crexendo service, including international calling services. Crexendo bills usage charges in full minute increments, rounding partial minutes up to the next full minute, unless stated otherwise in the rate schedules on the Company's website. Crexendo bills fractional US Federal Universal Service Fund charges in full cents, rounding up cents.

2.8.2 Taxes

Federal, State and local governments assess taxes, surcharges, or fees, or all of these, on use of Service. Charges include but are not limited to Federal Universal Service Fund and local use taxes. These charges may be a flat fee or a percentage of Customers' Crexendo charges and may change without notice. These charges are based on the rates applicable to the Customers' address provided. Customers are responsible for all applicable taxes, fees, or charges for subscription, use, or payment for Service or device(s). These amounts are in addition to the monthly payment for Service or devices. Crexendo will bill these charges to the provided payment method according to the terms in the Customer's agreement.

2.8.3 Toll Free Charges

Crexendo may recover charges imposed from the use of the "Toll Free" feature of the Company's Service, either directly or indirectly for toll free calls made to Customers' number(s). Crexendo may recover these amounts by means of a per call charge, rounded up to the next cent, or in any other way the Company decides is appropriate for the recovery of those costs.

2.9 Use of Customer's Service by Others

2.9.1 General

Services provided hereunder are provided solely for the use of the Customer and End Users authorized by the Customer. Customers may not resell such Service to a third party for any form of compensation.

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2.9.2 Transfers and Assignments

- A. Neither the Company nor the Customer may assign or transfer its rights or duties in connection with the Services and facilities provided by the Company without the written consent of the other party, except that the Company may assign its rights and duties (a) to any subsidiary, parent company or affiliate of the Company, (b) pursuant to any sale or transfer of substantially all the assets of the Company; or (c) pursuant to any financing, merger or reorganization of the Company.
- B. Customers may not be able to take, or "port," current telephone number to another service provider. If Customers ask their new service provider to port a number from the Company, the Company reserves the right to terminate Service for that number promptly after receiving notification from the underlying local exchange carrier that the porting of Customer's number to the new service provider has been completed successfully. Crexendo will terminate Service in this fashion even if the Customer does not independently call to request disconnection. Once Service is terminated in this manner, Customers will remain responsible for all charges and fees including any unbilled charges, as well as for any disconnection or recovery fees that may be due.

2.10 Cancellation of Service

2.10.1 Disconnection of Service

- A. Crexendo provides Service to Customers indefinitely. Customer terms for billing (i.e. monthly, annually or otherwise) are detailed in order confirmations. The service term is the term agreed to upon signing up for Crexendo Service. Customers will be billed the first month of service in advance upon execution of the subscription agreement together with any instillation fees if applicable. Customers' first service term begins on the date either (a) the order was placed if the Company is not providing installation services, or (b) the date the contract is signed. Subsequent billings will occur monthly thereafter. Service will continue during the term of the agreement or until canceled. Please note that the obligations of Customer agreements begin on execution of the subscription agreement and are indefinite. Subscription will automatically renew at the end of subscription agreements for a period of one year at the then current rates unless Customers notify Crexendo thirty (30) days prior to the scheduled termination of subscription.
- B. If Customers attempt to disconnect service for one or more lines before the end of their current service term, such Customer will be subject to local tariffs responsible for all the REMAINING (MONTHLY) charges for the current (SERVICE) term that are applicable to the disconnected lines(s), including unbilled charges, plus a disconnect fee the price for which is detailed on the Company's website at www.crexendotelecom.com, the additional terms of which are incorporated by reference herein.

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C. If Crexendo disconnects service for any of the reasons detailed in this tariff, (including but not limited to nonpayment or use of service in violation of applicable law or company policy, or outside the parameters of your plan) Customers will be responsible for all charges through the end of the current service term, including unbilled charges, plus any disconnection fees and any recovery fees.

2.10.2 Termination of Service

In order to terminate Service, Customers must contact the Company's Customer Support Department at 1.855.211.CALL (2255). For a list of current service hours please see www.crexendotelecom.com.

2.11 Notices and Communications

All notices or other communications except notice of termination of service which required to be given pursuant to this tariff will be delivered via e-mail and first-class mail. Pursuant to 26 S.C. Regs. 103-624.3, a Customer may request service termination by contacting the Company. The Company or the Customer shall advise the other party of any changes to the addresses designated for notices, other communications or billing, by following the procedures for giving notice set forth herein.

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SECTION 3 - SERVICE DESCRIPTION

3.1 IP Voice Service

3.1.1 General

A. Description

- 1. Crexendo's Cloud IP Voice Service works with Customers' high speed internet broadband and provides a connection to the Company's IP voice network which enables the Customer to:
 - a. place and receive calls (including incoming facsimile transmissions) to and from other subscribers to the Company's IP Voice Service and on the public switched telephone network;
 - b. access the Company's intrastate, interstate and international IP Voice Service;
 - c. access the operator service and business office for Service related assistance, access toll-free telecommunications services such as 800 toll-free calling, and access E-911 service for emergency calling; and
 - d. originate calls to the Telecommunications Relay Service (TRS) that enables hearing or speech-impaired persons using Telephone Devices for the Deaf (TDDs) or similar devices to communicate with the hearing population not using TDDs and vice versa. A Customer will be able to access the state provider to complete such calls.
- 2. IP Voice Service is not supported by a Customer premises back-up power source, and if electrical power and/or Crexendo's cable modem and/or cable television service are not operating, the IP Voice Service, including the ability to access emergency 911 services, will not be available.
- B. [Reserved for future use]
- C. The provision of IP Voice Service at the rates and charges and terms and conditions shown is subject to the provisions of other sections of this tariff

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3.1.2 Service

A. Service Plan Descriptions

1. Crexendo 800 Plan

Provides a business communication client for managing inbound calls, email, and voicemail messages, plus an inbound toll-free number for small office and home office businesses. Customers subscribe on an annual subscription.

2. Crexendo 200 Plan

Provides unlimited local and long distance calling in the United States and Canada. Customers subscribe on an annual subscription. Fair usage limits, defined as 5,000 minutes per device based on inbound and outbound usage, apply on this plan. Includes Crexendo 200 Internet Phone.

3. Crexendo 300 Plan

Provides unlimited local and long distance calling in the United States and Canada. Customers subscribe on an annual subscription. Fair usage limits, defined as 5,000 minutes per device based on inbound and outbound usage, apply on this plan. Includes Crexendo 300 Internet Phone.

Crexendo DTA Plan

Provides unlimited local and long distance calling in the United States and Canada. Customers subscribe on an annual subscription. Fair usage limits, defined as 5,000 minutes per device based on inbound and outbound usage, apply on this plan. Includes Crexendo Digital Telecom Adapter (DTA).

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B. Service Plans By Feature

	Crexendo 800	Crexendo 200	Crexendo 300 Plan*	Crexendo DTA Plan*
	Plan*	Plan*		
Crexendo 200	Not Included	Free Phone &	N/A	Optional Add-On
Internet Phone		Shipping**	E 51 0	0 1110
Crexendo 300	Not Included	N/A	Free Phone &	Optional Add-On
Internet Phone			Shipping**	7 77 6
Crexendo DTA	Not Included	Optional Add-On	Optional Add-On	Free DTA &
				Shipping**
Calling Plan	3.9 cents per	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited
	minute for	Minutes: Local	Minutes: Local	Minutes: Local
	Inbound Toll-	and Long	and Long	and Long
	Free	Distance***	Distance***	Distance***
		(US/CAN)	(US/CAN)	(US/CAN)
Local # Portability	Not Included	Included	Included	Included
Toll-Free #	Included	Optional	Optional	Optional
		\$3.99/month	\$3.99/month	\$3.99/month
		(plus 3.9 cents	(plus 3.9 cents	(plus 3.9 cents
		per minute)	per minute)	per minute)
DID#	Not Included	One # Included	One # Included	One # Included
Audio Conferencing	Not Included	One # Included	One # Included	One # Included
Inbound Fax	Included	Included	Included	Included
Set-up Fee	\$34.95	Included	Included	Included
Find/Follow Me	Included	Included	Included	Included
Call	Not Included	Included	Included	Included
Transfer/Pickup/Park				
Hunt Groups	Included	Included	Included	Included
Auto Attendant	Included	Included	Included	Included
Voicemail	Included	Included	Included	Included
Outbound Fax	Not Included	Not Included	Not Included	Included
Single Line	Not Included	Not Included	Not Included	Included
Cordless/Wireless				
Dect Adapter				
Fax Machine Support	Not Included	Not Included	Not Included	Included
Single-Line Phone	Not Included	Not Included	Not Included	Included
Adapter				
1 GB Storage	Included	Included	Included	Included

^{*}All services provided by Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc.

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Jeffrey Korn Crexendo Business Solutions, Inc. 1615 South 52nd Street Tempe, Arizona 85281 801-227-0004

^{**}Deactivation fees will apply for early termination of 200, 300, or DTA plans.

^{***}Fair usage limits apply. Fair usage is defined as 5,000 minutes per device based on inbound and outbound usage. Usage that exceeds 5,000 minutes per use over a 30-day period will be billed at 3.9 cents per minute. Additional taxes and fees apply to per minute and monthly plan usage. Not all numbers may be portable.

C. Cloud VoIP Features

Crexendo's Cloud VoIP features available to customers who purchase a Crexendo 200 or Crexendo 300 plan. The Crexendo DTA plan is limited.

- 1. Auto Attendant or Multiple Auto Attendants. Auto Attendants can provide call routing based on a company directory, user-defined greetings or business hours, and provide an overall professional appearance.
- 2. Caller ID Block/Call Return. The caller ID may be blocked for both outgoing and returning calls.
- 3. Call Forwarding. Customers can access their personal Web User Portal to enable automatic call forwarding to an internal extension or an external number.
- 4. Call Hold. Press the Hold button on the phone and callers are treated to Customers' music on hold.
- 5. Call Log. View call logs for all extensions with search and filter functionality.
- 6. Call Park and Call Pickup or System Hold. Call Park feature lets users put a call on hold at one telephone and continue the conversation from any other telephone. Activate the "call park" feature by pressing a preprogrammed button. This transfers the current telephone conversation to an unused extension and immediately puts the conversation on hold. This is called parking the call; and the call is said to have parked onto a certain extension. The telephone system will when display the extension number of the parked call so that the call can later be retrieved, which is referred to as Call Pickup.
- 7. Call Screening. This feature forces callers to identify themselves so that Customers can decide to take the call or send them to voicemail.
- 8. Call Transfer. Route calls with ease whether internally (extension to extension) or externally to a cell phone.
- 9. Call Transfer Consultative Transfer. Route a call to another party, and announce transferring the call to the intended destination. An active call may be transferred to another extension or number after consulting with the transferred to party. The transferor waits for the transferred-to party to answer, consults with him/her about the call being transferred and then hangs up. On hang-up, the transferee gets connected to the transferred-to party. Music on hold is available to the transferee until the transfer is complete.

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- 10. Call Transfer Blind Transfer. Blind Transfer where callers may transfer the call to another party without waiting for the party to answer. With ring back tone, the transferrer can hang up and the call will be established between the transferee and the transferred to party when the transferred-to party answers. On the hangup the transferee gets connected to the transferred-to party. Music on hold is available to the transferee until the transfer is complete.
- 11. Call Waiting. Take another incoming call if needed.
- 12. Call Waiting Number. View the Caller Number (if available) of all incoming calls on the display of your phone.
- 13. Conference Bridge. A single extension provides a virtual conference room where callers (internal as well as external) can connect via a full-feature conference bridge. The conference bridge allows up to 10 parties to join the call and is activated using a conference number with an optional PIN.
- 14. Crexendo Jumpstart Program. Crexendo Jumpstart Program is a 30-day program designed to ensure seamless activation of Service; this 3-step program includes deployment, configuration of system, and training for key personnel. Crexendo provides 24-hour emergency support and 7a.m.-9 p.m. (Mountain Time) technical support via email and phone.
- 15. Call Queues or Advanced Call Distribution. Incoming calls are "stacked" and delivered to eligible employees in a Call Queue as they become available. Create multiple Call Queues, each with its own set of assigned employees. (Employees can be members of several Queues.)

Each Queue can be customized with a variety of options:

- Record custom Welcome and Queue "Full" announcements.
- Hold music and/or "Chimes" (personalized audio announcements).
- Chime Frequency "Hold Time" announcement frequency customization.
- Hold timeout Limit the time callers remain on hold in a queue.
- Agent ring timeout Caller limits for keeping queue call volume to a manageable level.
- Agent Wrap-up Length of time after fielding a call before the same agent is called again.
- Final destination After an agent completes a call, you may direct the call to a survey or final destination for a wrap-up message.
- 16. Dedicated Phone Number. Each Crexendo phone that is issued with a base user license comes with its own dedicated phone number (DID). Any DID can be repointed to the Auto Attendant if needed. Crexendo also comes with a second (DID) for conferencing, which can be allocated to conferencing or for another purpose.

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- 17. Do Not Disturb. Have calls automatically forwarded to voicemail.
- 18. E911. Crexendo provides E911 services to all its business customers as mandated by the FCC. This allows the emergency respondent to pinpoint the exact dialing location of the phone.
- 19. FindMe. Find Me/Follow Me functionality lets users specify the best way to reach them. User-defined rules route each call as directed. Separate Find Me/Follow Me rules may be created for each status. Receive calls on whichever phone is most convenient.
- 20. Forward. Specify the extension or outside phone number to which calls are routed when not answered in a pre-defined amount of time. Calls may forward when the user is busy, or they can be routed unconditionally. Incoming calls may be rejected and forwarded to voicemail.
- 21. Hunt Groups. Incoming calls sent to a predefined group/list, always starting with the first member of the list and working down the list until a free member is reached. Timers may be used to determine how long the call will go to each Hunt Group member to await answer before transferring to the next member on the list.
- 22. Inbound Fax. Faxes are formatted as PDF documents and sent to the user's inbox. Manage inbound and outbound fax in the Crexendo Web interface screen.
- 23. Intercom. Ad-hoc communications tool that can quickly improve internal company efficiencies. The benefit of Crexendo intercom calling is that the calls are free.
- 24. Mobile Integration. Ability to forward calls to mobile phone, or transfer calls back to any office extension. Crexendo Mobile Client allows extension to desktop interface to mobile phone. Pick up calls, make calls, one-touch transfer, check voicemail and more through Crexendo Mobile client, which operates over cell phone data plan.
- 25. Multiple Receptionist. Crexendo's solution allows for multiple receptionists.
- 26. Music on Hold/Company Messaging. Crexendo comes with music-on-hold and the option to select from play lists. Record your own data and advertising to upload and play for customers on hold.
- 27. Name Directory/ Dial by first or last name of the person. Or dial by extension.

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- 28. Night Mode. Night mode is a feature for companies that want to manually "turn on" their phone system in the morning and manually turn it to night mode at the end of the day.
- 29. Phone Number Porting. Local Number Portability (LNP) enables US customers to transfer their existing telephone number (traditional, Internetbased, or cellular) from one phone service provider to another. With Crexendo Customers can request that numbers be ported free of charge. Not all numbers are portable. And if a number is ported, one (DID) temporary number will be replaced by the ported number.
- 30. Outbound Caller-ID Number. Change outbound Caller-ID number on a perextension basis. This allows Customers to block, reveal, or change the Caller-ID of every extension in the office.
- 31. Outbound Fax. Supported when users purchase the Crexendo DTA Plan. The Business Fax is ideal for outbound faxing. The Fax plan is for adding one or two single-line devices including a fax machine or single line phone, or cordless phone to digital phone plan.
- 32. Skills-Based Routing. Assign each agent a priority and the queue will distribute calls to them accordingly.
- 33. Telecommuters. Employees can travel outside the office or between offices and keep their same extension numbers.
- 34. Transfer to Voicemail. Transfer an incoming call directly to voicemail.
- 35. Unlimited Inbound Calling. Crexendo Cloud VOIP customers receive unlimited inbound calls, free extension-to-extension, as well as calling to and from any other Crexendo subscriber. Toll Free numbers can be added on for \$3.99 per month and 3.9¢ per minute.
- 36. Unlimited Outbound Calling. Unlimited outbound calling to any residential or business telephone number in the United States and Canada. Calls to cell phones are also included for the United States and Canada.
- 37. Upload Voice Prompts. Ability to upload highly professional pre-recorded voice prompts.
- 38. Voicemail. Crexendo includes 1GB voicemail storage for voicemail or fax, per user. Check your voicemail from your extension, from a coworker's extension, or remotely from any phone. Also access voicemail online via the web management portal.

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- 39. Voicemail to Email Notification. Voicemail messages can be sent to email as notifications with attached audio (.wav files).
- 40. Web Admin/User Portal. A web-based admin portal can be accessed anywhere so that the phone system can be easily controlled at any time.

3.2 Miscellaneous IP Voice Services

3.2.1 General

The features in this section are included in the Company's IP Voice Service offering. All features are provided subject to availability. Features may not be available with all classes of Service. Transmission levels may not be sufficient in all cases.

3.2.2 Directory Assistance (DA)

- A. Local and National Directory Assistance Service (411) is furnished upon Customer request for assistance in determining telephone numbers. Customers will be charged for all requests, including requests for listings that are not found and requests for numbers not listed or published.
- B. Directory Assistance Call Completion Service provides a Customer calling Directory Assistance with the option of having the call to the last requested number completed. A service message will inform the Customer that he or she may be connected to the requested number automatically for a specified additional charge.

3.2.3 Directory Listing Services

The phone numbers obtained from Crexendo, unless otherwise required by tariff, will not be listed in any telephone directories. However, if able to transfer a number it may be listed. Listing of telephone numbers in published directories is the responsibility of the directory publishers and Crexendo bears no responsibility for directory listings.

3.3 Trial Services

The Company may offer new services, not otherwise tariffed, from time to time on a trial basis subject to Commission approval. Such trials are limited to a maximum of six months at which time the trial offering must be either withdrawn or made available on a permanent basis.

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SECTION 4 - RATES

4.1 Service Connection and Related Charges

4.1.1 General

- A. Any of all charges in this section may change from time to time. Please see the Company's website (www.crexendotelecom.com) for the most current charges.
- B. Nonrecurring charges may apply to Customer purchases and/or requests for connecting, moving, or changing Service. These charges will be determined on an Individual Case Basis (ICB) and will apply in addition to any other scheduled rates and charges that otherwise apply under this tariff.
- C. Charges for the connection, move, or change of Service may apply for work being performed during the Company's normal business hours. If the Customer requests that overtime labor be performed at a premises on the day or days of the week other than normal work hours or on holidays, or interrupts work once it has begun, an additional charge may apply based on the additional costs involved.
- D. Changes in location of the Customer's Service from one premises to another may be treated as new Service connections with the appropriate Service Charges applying.
- E. Connections, moves, or changes of Service that are incidental to connections, moves, or changes of Crexendo high-speed modem data service and/or its cable television service will not be subject to charges under this Schedule of Rates, but may be subject to charges imposed by Crexendo pursuant to the cable modem subscriber agreement and/or the cable television subscriber agreement.
- F. A Service Connection Charge will apply when a party already subscribing to Crexendo high-speed cable modem data service requests establishment of IP Voice Service. No Service Connection Charge will apply in the case of a party requesting the initial simultaneous establishment of both Crexendo high-speed cable modem data service and IP Voice Service.

4.1.2 Rates and Charges

Crexendo 200 Phone Purchase	\$109.95
Crexendo 300 POE Phone Purchase	\$204.95
DSS Purchase	\$179.95
Crexendo DTA Adaptor Device Purchase	\$99.95
Third Party Equipment – Router	\$500.00
On Site Installation	\$1,490.00

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4.2 IP Voice Service Monthly Charges

4.2.1 General

Any or all charges in this section may change from time to time. Please see the Company's website (www.crexendotelecom.com) for the most current charges.

4.2.2 Crexendo 800 Plan

Provides a business communication client for managing inbound calls, email, and voicemail messages, plus an inbound toll-free number for small office and home office businesses. Customers subscribe on an annual subscription.

Monthly Recurring Charge \$12.95

4.2.3 Crexendo 200 Plan

Provides unlimited local and long distance calling in the United States and Canada. Customers subscribe on an annual subscription. Fair usage limits, defined as 5,000 minutes per device based on inbound and outbound usage, apply on this plan. Includes Crexendo 200 Internet Phone.

Monthly Recurring Charge \$39.95

4.2.4 Crexendo 300 Plan

Provides unlimited local and long distance calling in the United States and Canada. Customers subscribe on an annual subscription. Fair usage limits, defined as 5,000 minutes per device based on inbound and outbound usage, apply on this plan. Includes Crexendo 300 Internet Phone

Monthly Recurring Charge \$49.95

4.2.5 Crexendo DTA Plan

Provides unlimited local and long distance calling in the United States and Canada. Customers subscribe on an annual subscription. Fair usage limits, defined as 5,000 minutes per device based on inbound and outbound usage, apply on this plan. Includes Crexendo Digital Telecom Adapter (DTA).

Monthly Recurring Charge \$29.95

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4.2.6 Other Charges

Item	Quantity	Unit Price	Total Monthly Price
Crexendo 200 Phone Rental	1	\$7.75	\$7.75
Crexendo 300 Phone Rental	1	\$13.50	\$13.50
DSS Rental	1	\$8.95	\$8.95
Crexendo DTA Adaptor Device Rental	1	\$7.50	\$7.50
Concurrent Call Connections	4	\$29.95	\$119.80
Unlimited Call Bursting	1	\$17.97	\$17.97
Unlimited Extension	6	\$4.95	\$29.70
Toll Free Lines	1	\$3.99	\$3.99
Extra DIDs	1	\$3.99	\$3.99
International Minute Usage	1	\$0.03	
Toll Free Minute Usage	1	\$0.03	

4.3 Promotional Offerings

From time to time, the Company may elect to offer promotional programs. A promotional program may not waive any surcharge the Company is required to assess by Rule adopted by a State Agency or by statute. Promotional programs offered shall not alter any term or condition of any service except with regard to the rate charged for the service.

4.4 Marketing

As a telephone utility under the regulation of the Public Service Commission of South Carolina, Company hereby asserts and affirms that as a provider of intrastate telecommunications service, Company will not indulge or participate in deceptive or misleading telecommunications marketing practices to the detriment of consumers in South Carolina, and Company will comply with those marketing procedures, if any, set forth by the Commission. Additionally, Company will be responsible for the marketing practices of its contracted telemarketers for compliance with this provision. Company understands that violation of this provision could result in a rule to Show Cause as to the withdrawal of its certification to complete intrastate telecommunications traffic within the state of South Carolina.

4.5 Individual Case Basis (ICB) Charges

ICB pricing will be developed and used for special circumstances and Services that are not listed in this Tariff or as part of the Company's normal service offerings. ICB rates for similarly situated Customers shall be offered on a fair, equitable and nondiscriminatory basis.

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EXHIBIT F NETWORK DIAGRAM

CONFIDENTIAL AND PROPRIETARY